# MERKUR CATALOGUE 2018

GENERAL CATALOGUE OF WIRE MESH CABLE TRAYS SYSTEM

# **ARKY**

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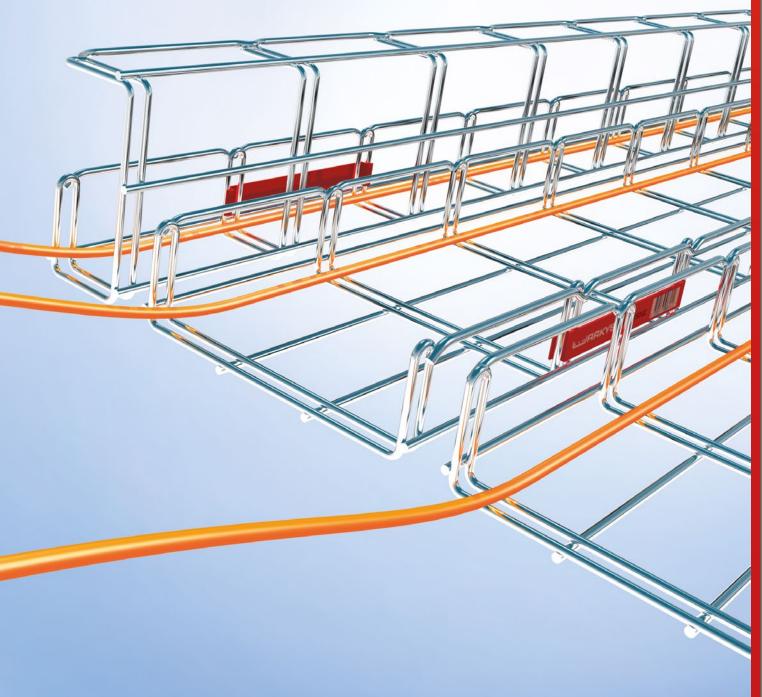
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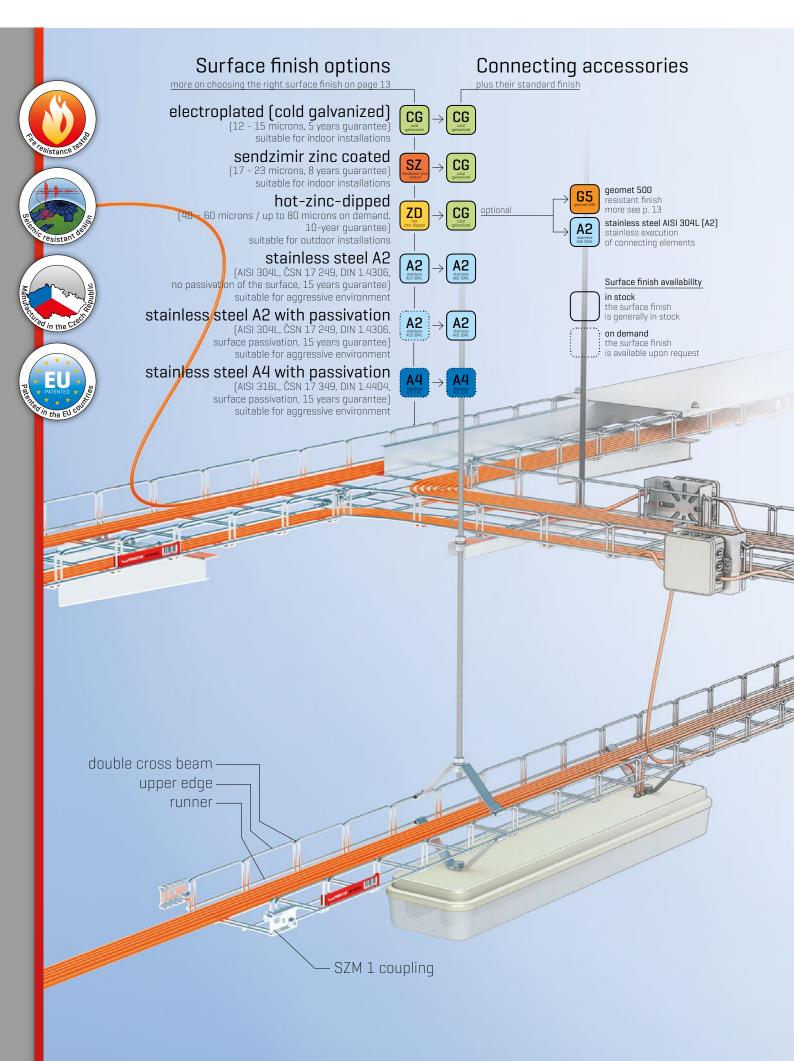


# M2 CABLE MESH TRAYS BASIC INFORMATION ASSEMBLY AND LOAD

GENERAL INFORMATION AND BENEFITS
CHOOSING SUITABLE MESH TRAY SIZE
CABLE TRACK LOAD CHECK
SURFACE FINISH FOR PARTICULAR ENVIRONMENT
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#### Modern cable mesh trays

MERKUR 2 Cable mesh trays are designed for the assembly of high current cable routes for light circuits and motive current distribution, low current circuits, measuring and control systems as well as other media. The parts of the MERKUR 2 Cable mesh tray system are made of steel wire with galvanic zinc coat or dipped zinc finish, or of stainless steel wire AISI 304. Thanks to their simple construction and ease of assembling the MERKUR 2 mesh trays are suitable both for indoor and outdoor applications. Their finish should be chosen in accordance with the environment and the purpose of the given mesh tray system.

The MERKUR 2 cable mesh tray system has been developed upon the basis of the successful MERKUR system. With its well over 16 years of operation it has gathered ample service experience for various purposes under diversified conditions. MERKUR 2 has brought the design of cable mesh tray solutions to a new level, increasing the potential of its implementation and enhancing the functionality of the whole cable distribution system.

#### Very easy and fast assembly

Thanks to the low weight of the M2 mesh tray, its high variability and flexibility, its efficient route branching and crossing options, the installation is very easy and fast. All this is supported by the novel SZM 1 coupling that makes the connection of tray parts sturdy and reliable.

#### Higher loading capacity

By using the patented technology of double cross beams in combination with the optimised distribution of the bearing wires the new M2 type mesh tray improves the loading capacity of

its forerunner M1 by full 40%.

This feature makes the M2 mesh trays more rigid and resistant, broadening the scope of their application.

#### Cable friendly

The rounded-off design of the mesh tray (double cross beam and upper edge) contributes to the ease of assembly, while reducing the risk of cable damage during the installation.

#### High electric load

The "open" wire construction of the M2 mesh tray with its excellent passage of air enables more effective cable cooling than the "closed" mesh trays that are made of sheet metal. It is possible to achieve higher current capacity of the routes with such improved cooling.

#### Simple cable branching

The M2 mesh tray allows cable branching without using any bushings, which results in both labor and cost reduction.

#### Next to no maintenance

The open concept of the M2 mesh tray eliminates the accumulation of dust particles and the proliferation of microbes, reducing the upkeep of the cable pathway to minimum. This feature makes the M2 tray highly popular, among others, in the food processing industries.

#### Excellent fire resistance

Due to its natural solidity and rigidity, the M2 mesh tray has surprisingly good results even in areas requiring the installation of fireproof routes, achieving up to 120 minute resistance.

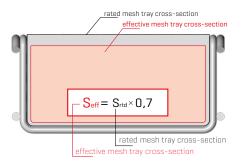
#### Compatible with the M1 system

The new M2 type mesh tray can be used to expand the existing M1 type cable routes, both systems being fully compatible.

	UT I	
	and the	
	wire diameter	44
	runner	— double cross beam
reinfo	standard mesh trays ø <b>4,0 mm</b> orced mesh trays (R) ø <b>4,5 mm</b>	M2 50-200/50 ø <b>3,5 mm</b> M2 250-500/50 ø <b>4,0 mm</b>
reinfo	upper edge standard mesh trays ø <b>4,0 mm</b> orced mesh trays (R) ø <b>4,5 mm</b>	M2 100/100 ø <b>3,5 mm</b> M2 150-500/100 ø <b>4,0 mm</b>
mesh tray length 2000 mm	)	
mesh tray M2 150/100	110 mm	
height M2 150/50		
		Î Î Î
mesh tray M2 150/50 trade mark		11 11 11
		<del>п п</del>
120 mm		

#### Utilisable mesh tray cross-section

The utilisable mesh tray section is a value defining the sum of sections of all cables that can be carried by a given mesh tray, plus a certain safety reserve. The safety reserve is intended, e.g., to cope with the increased need for space at the points of route bending, with less efficient utilization of the existing room if quite a number of cables are carried in one single track, and it also accounts for possible further needs to add some new cabling to the cable route, and similar issues.

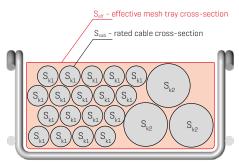


# Determination of appropriate mesh tray size

The effective cross-section  $\rm S_{eff}$  is defined for each cable mesh tray. This value can be used for rating the cable track with respect to the anticipated number of cables. At the same time, the purpose of the route and cooling system requirements should be taken into account and, accordingly, it is recommended to choose wider cable trays with some vacant space, i.e. lower filling rate. For better cooling it is also recommended to reduce the number of layers in which the cables are deposited.

# 1| necessary cross-section $S_{tot}^{}$ The section is defined as the total sum of nominal sections of

The section is defined as the total sum of nominal sections of all cables to be placed in a cable route. Our orientation tables containing sections of the most frequented cables are meant as a help for determining the section of individual mesh trays. They are merely informative; for accurate data that you may need for your calculations please consult the manufacturer of the cabling you intend to use.



#### 2| establishing the mesh tray size

Compare the calculated value of the required mesh tray section with the values of the effective mesh tray sections and find an appropriate one with the same or higher value than the one you have identified.



#### Parameters of most frequented cables

	Cable type	Weight [kg/m]	Diameter [mm]	Section [mm <sup>2</sup> ]
	2x1,5	0,102	8,1	51,50
-	3x1,5	0,119	8,6	58,06
	4x1,5	0,147	9,3	67,89
	5x1,5	0,173	10,1	80,08
	7x1,5	0,222	11,0	94,99
	12x1,5	0,386	14,6	167,33
	2x2,5 3x2,5	0,139 0,167	8,9 9,5	62,18 70,85
	4x2,5	0,210	10,3	83,28
	5x2,5	0,257	11,2	98,47
	7x2,5	0,337	12,2	116,84
	12x2,5	0,568	16,3	208,57
	2x4	0,213	10,6	88,20
	3x4	0,253	11,2	98,47
	4x4	0,314	12,2	116,84
	5x4	0,376	13,8	149,50
	7x4	0,485	15,0	176,63
	12x4	0,870	20,0	314,00
	2x6	0,260	11,6	105,63
_	3x6	0,325	12,3	118,76
core	4x6	0,405	13,8	149,50
per	5x6	0,500	15,1	178,99
(cob	4x10	0,642	16,1	203,48
les	5x10	0,770	18,0	254,34
CYKY cables (copper core)	4x16	0,921	18,6	271,58
ž	5x16 4x25	1,138 1,341	20,4 22,4	326,69 393,88
5	4x25 5x25	1,622	22,4	471,20
	3x35+25	1,646	22,4	393,88
	4x35	1,769	24,8	482,81
	5x35	2,148	27,1	576,51
	3x50+35	2,164	30,4	725,47
	4x50	2,581	31,3	769,06
	3x70+50	2,799	33,6	886,23
	4x70	3,503	35,8	1006,09
	3x95+50	3,599	37,5	1103,91
	3x95+70	3,937	39,3	1212,42
	4x95	4,724	41,3	1338,97
	3x120+50	4,264	40,0	1256,00
	3x120+70	4,427	43,0	1451,47
	4x120	5,243	43,0	1451,47
	3x150+70	5,347	46,8	1719,34
	4x150	6,611	46,8	1719,34
	3x185+95	6,771	49,8	1946,83
	4x185	8,021	49,8	1946,83
	3x240+120	8,563	56,4	2497,05
	4x240	9,685	56,4	2497,05
	4x10	0,375	17,4	237,67
	5x10	0,433	18,8	277,45
	4x16	0,580	19,7	304,65
	5x16 4x25	0,600 0,750	21,3 22,4	356,15
	5x25	0,880	24,4	393,88 467,36
	3x35+25	0,909	24,4	478,92
	4x35	0,939	24,7	478,92
AYKY cables (aluminium core)	5x35	1,108	27,1	576,51
Ĕ	3x50+35	1,219	28,9	655,64
ini	4x50	1,275	28,9	655,64
alui	3x70+50	1,559	32,2	813,92
sa	4x70	1,814	35,4	983,73
lab	3x95+70	1,743	39,3	1212,42
ЗI	4x95	1,836	39,3	1212,42
¥k	3x120+70	2,000	40,6	1293,96
	4x120	2,225	43,0	1451,47
	3x150+70	2,415	45,6	1632,30
	4x150	2,734	46,8	1719,34
	3x185+95	2,950	48,4	1838,91
	4x185	3,364	49,8	1946,83
	3x240+120	3,728	54,8	2357,39
	4x240	4,217	56,4	2497,05
5	2x2x0,5	0,027	5,0	19,63
tion	3x2x0,5	0,033	5,5	23,75
nica	4x2x0,5	0,040	6,0	28,26
E I	5x2x0,5	0,052	7,0	38,47
SYKFY cables [telecommunications]	10x2x0,5	0,091	9,0	63,59
tele	15x2x0,5	0,110	10,5	86,55
	20x2x0,5	0,138	12,0	113,04
lab	25x2x0,5	0,174	13,0	132,67
2	30x2x0,5	0,201	14,0	153,86
XKI	50x2x0,5	0,306	17,0	226,87
S	100x2x0,5	0,583	23,0 at www.arkys.czloform	415,27

#### Impact of joint location upon the loading capacity and stiffness of the cable route

In terms of functionality and rigidity of a cable route, the ideal connecting point of particular mesh trays ought to be located at 1/5 of the support points span. In such case the loading capacity and the rigidity of the cable route achieve the best values.

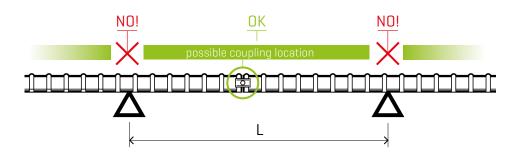
On the contrary, locating the connecting point directly above the support point severely decreases the mesh tray loading capacity. Consequently, the mesh tray joints must not be placed directly above the mesh tray support point in any type of installation. In the light of field experience in assembling cable routes it is obvious that it is not always possible to achieve the ideal position of the joints. Hence we test our cable routes for installations with arbitrary location of the joint and proven load parameters of a cable route installed in such way (meaning when SZM 1 connectors are placed anywhere else except for directly above the support points of the route) are available. In order to set the maximum load capacity of a cable route, there are two types of installation – see the following schemes.



#### Standard assembly

#### (connection anywhere except for the support points)

This type of installation is considered to be standard as almost no requirements on joint location arise except for being placed directly above the support point. Hence there is no need to shorten the mesh trays and the installation waste is minimized. This type of installation is suitable for standard cable routes. With usual span of support points, it provides higher maximum loading capacities than the utilizable loading capacity - see the following chapters and loading capacity charts below.

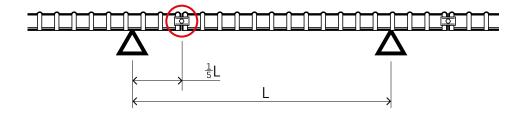




#### Higher load capacity assembly

(connection located at 1/5 of the support points span)

This type of installation is rather demanding, as the condition of placing the joints precisely leads to shortening of each mesh tray, thus to larger waste quantity and to lower economical effectivity. Consequently, this type of installation is suitable especially for very loaded cable routes or for technically challenging sections where a larger span of supports is needed. However, **it provides considerably higher loading capacity, up to twice the value of the standard installation.** 



#### Mesh tray load control

The overall load of the route is the sum of the mass of all cables carried by the route, including all accessories suspended on the cable mesh trays. In other words, dividers and covers of cable routes, junction boxes, suspended lamps etc. should be comprised in this total. However, the cabling usually prevails.

To calculate the load with cables, the indicative weight of individual cable types and sizes can be used, as stated in the table of characteristics of common cables (p. 8). The calculated load capacity of a mesh tray must be compared to the maximum admissible figures according to the certificate valid for particular mesh tray dimension. When examining the load capacity of the cable route, it is also necessary to consider the type of installation, especially the position of connecting points.

If the DZM 3/100, DZM 3/150, DZM 4 and DZM 6 holders are used to carry the mesh tray, it should be considered that the assembly provides no supports from the bottom, but the suspension of the mesh tray using the upper edge wire. In such case the safety coefficient of 0.7 should be used for all values indicated in the tables and graphics on p. 11.

#### Criteria for determining the cable route loading capacity

In addition to the load capacity also the rigidity of the cable route is decisive for its design. It is assessed according to the maximum deflection of a loaded route.

The MERKUR 2 mesh trays have been tested for compliance with the ČSN EN 61 537 ed. 2 standard. Samples of mesh tray routes were loaded gradually [in steps] up to the SWL load, which is the maximum load value for which the mesh tray deflection measured at the middle between the support points does not exceed 1/100 of the span. At the same time, the transverse deflection at each span must not exceed 1/20 of the sample width. The tested mesh tray samples were further loaded gradually to 1.7 times the SWL load whilst, according to the standard, the mesh tray construction shall not get distorted. If both these conditions are met, the tested cable mesh tray will be issued the certificate.

The MERKUR 2 cable trays are designed with higher reserve and even under the maximum allowed load (see tables of recommended and maximum admissible loading capacity on following pages) their deflection does not exceed the value of 1/150 of the span between the support points. This means that, for example, if the span is 2,000 mm, the absolute deflection value does not exceed 13 mm [whilst, according to the standard requirements, the allowed deflection is permitted to reach 20 mm].

#### Real loading capacity of mesh trays

The previous paragraphs were dealing with weight and loading capacity of cable constructions in general, with regard to general load of the cable route with continuous weight distribution. However, the installed cabling situation is specific - the electric cables are practically the only effective load of the cable route. The exception is represented only by special types of installation like self-supporting cable routes with directly installed lighting elements etc.

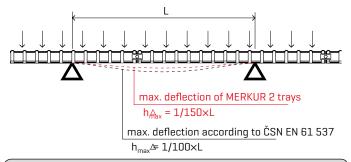
Usually almost 100% of the mesh trays load consists solely of the installed cabling. If we take into consideration the available cross-section of the mesh trays and the usual specific weight, we obtain the following results:

#### Table of specific weight for selected cables

Cable type		Weight [kg/m]	Diameter [mm]	Cross-section [mm²]	Specific weight [kg/m/mm²]
	3x1,5	0,119	8,6	58,06	0,00205
	5x1,5	0,173	10,1	80,08	0,00216
	3x2,5	0,167	9,5	70,85	0,00236
СҮКҮ	5x2,5	0,257	11,2	98,47	0,00261
LIKI	5x4	0,376	13,8	149,5	0,00252
	5x6	0,5	15,1	178,99	0,00279
	5x16	1,138	20,4	326,69	0,00348
	3x35+25	1,646	22,4	393,88	0,00418
AYKY	5x16	0,6	21,3	356,15	0,00168
	3x35+25	0,909	24,7	478,92	0,00190
	3x95+70	1,743	39,3	1212,42	0,00144
	3x240+120	3,728	54,8	2357,39	0,00158

The previous table shows that the specific weight of cables does not exceed the value of 0,0028 kg/m/mm<sup>2</sup>. Only cables of large diameter and of low flexibility (hence of higher degree of self-support) reach higher values of specific weight. This is also reached by larger diamener with lower coefficient of filling the available cross-section of the mesh tray. This information has actual influence on construction load, as the previous chapters tell us that we only can place an appropriate number of cables into a particular rated mesh tray cross-section, the weight of cables will then load down the cable route.

When we apply this knowledge on effective mesh tray cross-section, we obtain the following table showing the maximum possible load of a mesh tray, loaded with cabling. Stiff mesh trays offer, among others, better conditions for the cabling function, namely under extreme conditions. This became evident e.g. during the fire resistance testing where M2 trays achieved excellent resistance values [see more on this topic in chapter Routes installation requiring functional integrity in fire on pages 56-78].



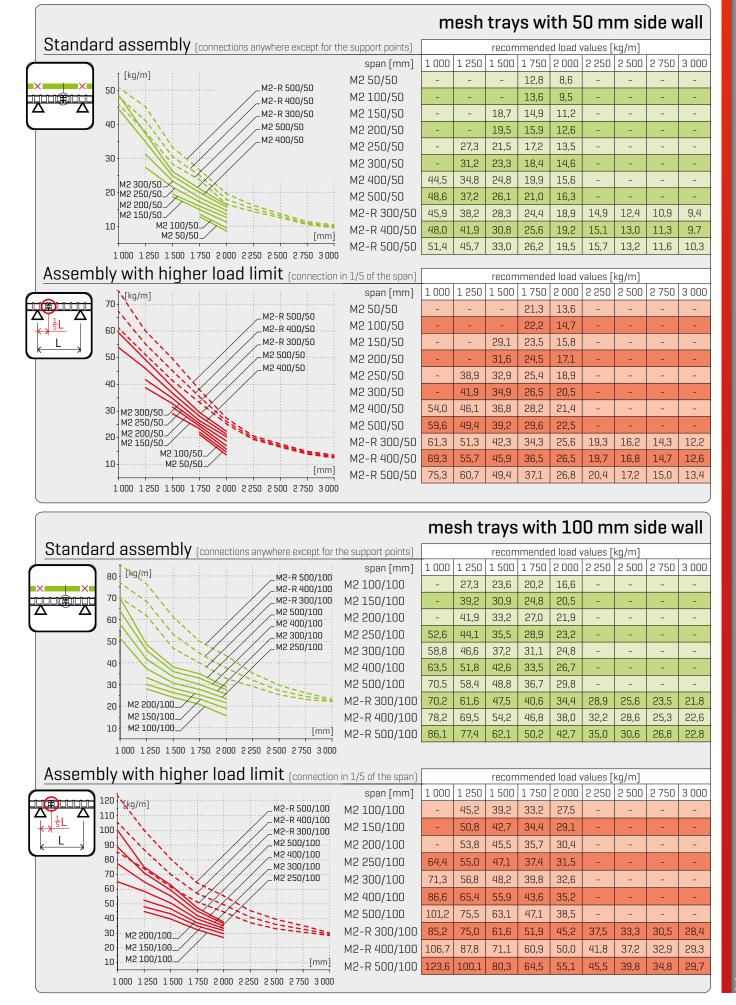
Considering the situation on the market, where the loading capacity figures presented by the majority of manufacturers and distributors are in reality the limit values of their mesh trays loading capacity, we present our standard recommended loading capacity with higher safety margin together with maximum admissible loading capacity of M2 mesh trays to allow comparison of both values. See more details in tables on following pages of this catalogue.

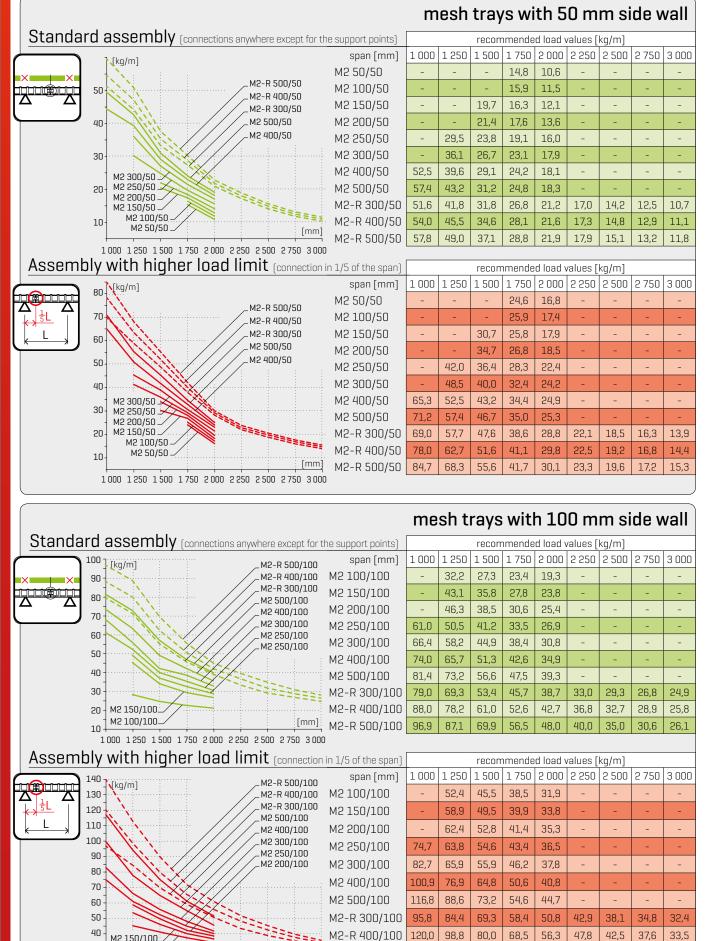
Cabling load with specific weight <b>0,0028 kg/m/mm</b> <sup>2</sup>				
Tray size	Effective cross-section [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Possible/ Practical cabling load [kg/m]		
M2 50/50	1 320	3,7		
M2 100/50	2 900	8,1		
M2 150/50	4 470	12,5		
M2 200/50	6 050	16,9		
M2 250/50	7 620	21,3		
M2 300/50	9 200	25,8		
M2 400/50	12 350	34,6		
M2 500/50	15 500	43,4		
M2 100/100	61 20	17,1		
M2 150/100	9 440	26,4		
M2 200/100	12 770	35,8		
M2 250/100	16 090	45,1		
M2 300/100	19 420	54,4		
M2 400/100	26 070	73,0		
M2 500/100	32 740	91,7		
M2-R 300/50	9 200	25,8		
M2-R 400/50	12 350	34,6		
M2-R 500/50	15 500	43,4		
M2-R 300/100	19 420	54,4		
M2-R 400/100	26 070	73,0		
M2-R 500/100	32 740	91,7		
M2-G 50/100	1 320	3,7		
M2-G 100/100	6 120	17,1		

The previous table proves that the real values of mesh tray load with cables are relatively low and that high values are reached only with the largest mesh trays dimensions. Typical dimensions of mesh trays up to 300mm wide reach the load values of max. 25 kg/m [with the 50 mm side wall], or 55 kg/m [with the 100 mm side wall]. The only exception is represented by the largest mesh tray dimensions, where it is more convenient to use the reinforced M2-R mesh trays, which permits to keep larger span between the anchorage points on the route, despite high specific load of the route.

All this information brings us to conclustion that in standard realizations of cable routes it is not possible to load the mesh trays by the cabling in such way to achieve the limit values of their load capacity.

#### **Recommended load values** | values according to standard methodology of M2 mesh trays tests





[mm]

M2-R 500/100

139,0

112,6

90,3

72,60

62,0

52,0

45,5

39,8

33,9

M2 150/100

M2 100/100\_

1000 1250 1500 1750 2000 2250 2500 2750 3000

30

A2

The long life functioning of installed cable routes is substantially affected by the surface finish of all its parts. The MERKUR 2 cable mesh tray system can be delivered with the following alternatives:

### Cold galvanizing (electroplating)

This zinc plating technology forms coats of zinc deposited by electrolytic process of 12 – 15 micron thickness. The coatings deposited by this technology are glossy and resemble chromium plating. To enhance the corrosion resistance of zinc a chromium agent in blue shade is used. However, neither colour nor gloss can affect the quality of the zinc layer. Upon order the parts can be provided with Aquares sealing varnish improving the resistance to corrosion and wear.

#### Sendzimir zinc plating

This method is a surface treatment of cold-rolled steel sheets passing through a zinc dipping bath. This technology forms a continuous zinc layer on the steel plate by aplying 235 – 275 g/m<sup>2</sup>, which means 17 – 23 micron of zinc layer.

#### Hot-zinc-dipping



SZ

CG

This special technology provides zinc coating by immersion. Zinc creates a solid and impermeable coat with long service life, ensuring also electrochemical protection of steel. Unlike other surface treatments, it not only covers steel with a zinc coat, but it also forms an inter-metallic phase of iron and zinc with high hardness and wear resistance. The thickness of the zinc layer may be increased to 80 microns on request.

The trays treated with hot-zinc-dipping will progressively display a natural oxidation process, the surface will become matt. This effect does not represent any surface defect nor any reason for warranty claim.

Despite significant durability and resitance of the surface finish protected by hot-zinc-dipping, a natural decrease of the zinc occurs, depending on the environment influence. Therefore it is necessary to consider the envorinment and the expected durability of the cable route when choosing the surface treatment.

Natural zinc losses due to environmental impact

Outdoor environment	0.8 - 1.0 µm/year
Industrial environment	1.5 - 3.5 µm/year
Medium corrosive and aggressive environment	2.0 - 5.0 µm/year
Extreme corrosive and aggressive environment	5.0 - 10.0 µm/year

#### Geomet 500

This finish is characterised with its silvery grey surface. It has been developed for anticorrosion protection of connecting accessories. Even a very thin layer [5 - 7 micron] has a very high resistance to corrosion. The surfaces treated in this way withstand more than 600 hours in a salt chamber, which is 3 times better than the result of gal-

vanic zinc plating. Geomet has broad applications, e.g. in the automotive industries, where it complies with their demanding technical requirements.

### Stainless A2

Austenitic chromium-nickel stainless steel with low carbon content according to AISI 304L (ČSN 17 249, DIN 1.4306) is of higher corrosion-resistance. It can be exposed to temperatures up to 350 °C. Standard delivery is without passivation or other surface finishings. An increased passivization protection is available upon request.

#### Stainless A4

Austenitic chromium-nickel-molybdenum stainless steel according to AISI 316L (ČSN 17 349, DIN 1.4404) is of higher corrosionresistance in chemical aggressive environment. It is also resistant to intercrystalline corrosion, even when exposed to temperatures up to 350 °C over a long period. This option is available only upon request and only with passivation.

#### Staining and passivation

Staining and the subsequent passivation increase the anticorrosive resitance of austenitic steel up to 4 times. At first, the chemical staining will remove the grease and mechanical impurities from the surface, whilst the surface is becoming matt and unified. The subsequent passivation, executed chemically in oxidation acid and followed by a drying process, increases the resistance of stainless steel components.

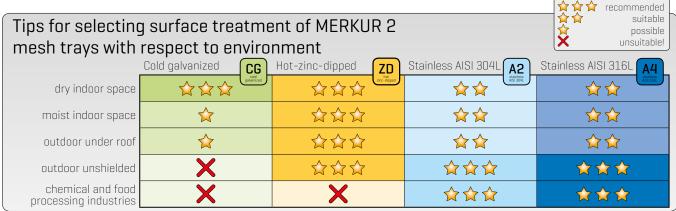
#### Surface finish guarantee

The 2-year guarantee for M2 trays relates to anticorrosive surface, weld joints and material. The warranty applies exclusively to installations of the MERKUR 2 mesh trays in appropriate environment.

Cold galvanized	CG Galarited	5 years
Sendzimir zinc plated	SZ	8 years
Geomet 500	G5	10 years
Hot-zinc-dipped	ZD National	10 years
AISI 304L stainess steel	A2	)15 years
AISI 316L stainless steel + passivation	A4 stainless Add 2182	15 years

#### Storage conditions

M2 cable mesh trays and their accessories must be stored in dry, non-aggressive environment and protected against mechanical damage. The maximum stocking height of M2 mesh trays of the same dimension can be 2.5 meters, provided the crossing of the layers is maintained. When taking the components out of stock, the ones that are stored for the longest time should be taken out first, considering the quarantee and durability.



G5

The table is intended for informative purposes only. When choosing a suitable surface treatment of MERKUR 2 cable mesh trays, the respective report on environmental effects should be considered. Such report forms an integral part of the project documentation for particular implementation.

#### MERKUR 2 - design with functionality

In 2006, after almost 10 years of successful marketing of the MER-KUR system, the first idea of developing a brand new type of wire mesh tray was born, namely a system complying with modern trends, in particular strength, safety, as well as aesthetics.

Soon our development department commenced extensive work upon that task. At the beginning it was not easy to develop a mesh tray design integrating the attributes of high rigidity and strength, while still remaining the type of product meeting the basic favourable features of this bearing structure system – namely the very fast and easy assembly thanks to the low weight of single components. In the course of time this problem was overcome, especially by using a new technical solution, the so-called "double cross beam". As shown by corporate tests and later also during the official testing of the strength characteristics by the TZUS Brno testing institute, the new M2 mesh trays achieved load capacity values up to 40% higher, as compared with the older type.

MERKUR 2 trays passed another test with unexpectedly good result during testing of resistance in fire. Thanks to very effective construction of the trays in combination with cabling from the company Prakab, NKT and ELKOND (SK), high values of tested parameters were achieved. During the test exposure to conditions of a simulated fire, the functionality of the entire system was preserved up to 171 minutes at 1006 °C maximum temperature [see p. 47 – 56 of this catalogue for more details concerning the test and fire resistant assembly].

The test provided us with the final assurance that the direction we had chosen to follow was the right one, and that the new M2 mesh trays would bring high utility value, conforming to our primary and most important objective from the very first moment.



#### New design requires new technologies

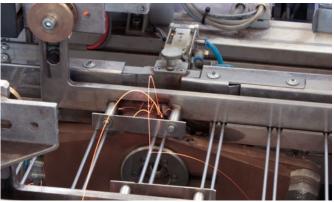
In early 2008 the construction of the new LKZ 750 assembly line was launched. It integrated, among others, the very sophisticated technology of medium-frequency welding, used largely by automotive industries. In order to meet the spatial demands of the new assembly line, a new manufacturing hall was erected. Maximum handing over and transfer efficiency during the manufacturing process was achieved by placing the new hall site in the proximity of the renovated zinc plating shop. This helped to boost the efficiency of transfer and material transport.



#### The technology of manufacturing M2 by using medium-frequency resistance welding

Medium-frequency resistance welding is used at all stages of the manufacturing process of the MERKUR 2 mesh trays. Recently it has become a standard requirement, especially in automotive industries. This modern and sophisticated welding method needs no added material, unlike the "classic" low-frequency welding. Also another features make this method superior to the classic one.

The welding transformer supplied over a medium-frequency converter provides direct current without any induction losses, thus delivering fast and precisely defined amounts of energy to the point of the weld joint. Enabling a very dynamic regulation of the welding process, it also affects the final quality of the weld joint. This is a very fast method (the duration of the welding cycle is in order of milliseconds). Thus the surrounding material does not warm up, which significantly reduces the losses, additional tensions and material distortion during the cooling period.



The production of MERKUR 2 cable mesh trays is fully implemented by means of instrumentation and control software by Bosch Rexroth Electric Drives and Controls GmbH.

# CERTIFICATION **GUARANTEE OF QUALITY** OF THE FUNCTIONAL AND TECHNICAL **PARAMETERS OF THE SYSTEM**

Fire classification certificates of the MERKUR 2 system

PAVUS	PAVUS, a.s		FIRES The Experis on Fire Safety
Číslo zakázky : 513088/Z220130213	POŽÁRNĚ KLASIFIKAČNÍ OSVĚDČENÍ POŽÁRNÍ ODOLNOSTI	STAN	OVISKO K FUNKČNOSTI PRI POŽIARI S KLASIFIKÁCIOU
	č. PKO-13-029		FIRES-JR-076-09-NURS
	pro výrobek		
	Nosné kabelové konstrukce – drátěné kabelové žlaby	Názov výrobku:	Drůtené káblové žfaby MERKUR 2
	MERKUR 2	Objednávateľ:	K.B.K., fire, s.r.o.
	provedené na základě: Protokolu o zkoušce FIRES-FR-004-13-AUNS	Objednavater:	Rucha 1117/30a 703 00 Ostrava - Vitkovice Česká republika
	Stanovisa trukcinosti při požíru skatikaci FIRES-JR-009-13-NURS	Výrobca:	ARKYS, s.r.o. Podstránská 1 627 00 Brno
	Objednatel: ARKYS, s.r.o. Podstránská 1		Česká republika
	627 00 Brno	Vypracoval:	FIRES, s.r.o.
	Výrobce: ARKYS, s.r.o., Podstránská 1, 627 00 Brno (výrobce nosného systému)		Autorizovaná osoba MVRR SR SK01 Osloboditeľov 282 059 35 Batizovce Slovenská republika
	PRAKAB PRAŽSKÁ KABELOVNA, s.r.o., Ke Kablu 278, 102 09 Praha 15 (výrobce kabelů)		
	nkt cables Velké Meziřičí s.r.o., člen skupiny NKT,	Čislo projektu: Dátum vydania:	PR-09-0446 02. 02. 2010
	Průmyslová 1130, 272 01 Kladno (výrobce kabelů)	-	
	ELKOND HHK a.s., Oravická 1218, 028 01 Trstená, Slovenská republika (výrobce kabelů)	Počet výtlačkov: Výtlačok číslo:	3 3
	Normativní podklady:	Rozdeľovník výtlač Výtlačok číslo 1	FIRES, s. r. o., Osloboditeľov 282, 059 35 Batizovce, Slovenská republika
	Zkušební předpis ZP 27/2008 PAVUS, a.s. »Pro stanovení třídy funkčnosti kabelů a kabelových nosných konstrukcí –	Výtlačok číslo 2	(elektronická verzia) K.B.K., fire, s.r.o., Rudná 1117/30a, 703 00 Ostrava - Vitkovice,
	kabelových tras v případě požáruk	Výtlačok číslo 3	Česká republika (elektronická verzia) K.B.K., fire, s.r.o., Rudná 1117/30a, 703 00 Ostrava - Vitkovice,
	Požárně klasifikační osvědčení obsahuje 14 stran textu (z toho 1 stranu přilohy)		Česká republika
	Počet výtisků: 3	Toto stanovisko poz	tostáva z 12 strán a smie sa použiť či reprodukovať len ako celok.
	Výtisk číslo: 1		
	PRIOSECKA 412/14, 190 00, PRAHA 9 – PRIOSEX, e-mail <u>mail@patos.cz</u> 190 // <u>even.patos.cz</u> C. 60193174, DIC C280193174 v OR volument Mitolatym soudem v Praze oddł B. któba 200		

Compliance certificate GOST R authorizing imports and installations of the M2 system on the territory of the Russian Federation.

			1	of MERKUR 2 system
	ЕМА СЕРТИФИКАЦИИ ГО гво по техническому регулирова		7US Technica	ký a zkušební ústav s I and Test Institute for I-Notflevana cecte 1523 - Zualetní technik - Centification Notfled Body 1923 - Test Laboratory - Centification Bod
	ЕРТИФИКАТ СООТЕ № росс сz.ав51.н01622	ЕТСТВИЯ		Pobočka:
**Prinduenalis	Срок действия с 08.05.2015 по	07.05.2018 № 0053253		
ОРГАН ПО СЕРТИФИКА	ЦИИ per. № POCC RU.0001.11AB51			Protokol o zkoušc
Фактический адрес: РФ, 10959	ССПЕРТСЕРВИС" 99, г. Москва, ул. Краснодарская д. 74, корп. 2, по 9, г. Москва, ул. Краснодарская д. 74, корп. 2, пом 9, г. Москва, ул. Краснодарская д. 74, корп. 2, пом	M. XII	Protokol číslo:	060-031848
тел. (495) 991-45-42, факс: (499 ПРОДУКЦИЯ	372-01-67		Zakázka číslo:	Z 060100041
	и т.м. MERKUR 2, в т.ч. несущие и монтажные эле	менть¥94 ОК 005 (ОКП): 34 4965		
			Výrobek: Typ/varianta:	Kabelové žlaby MERKUR 2
СООТВЕТСТВУЕТ ТРЕБО По спецификации изготовител	ВАНИЯМ НОРМАТИВНЫХ ДОКУМЕНТО	разна пред развития пред р	Žadatel / zákaznik:	ARKYS s.r.o.
ю споднуткадни изготовите.		7326 90 600 0	Adresa:	Podstránská 1, 627 00 Brno, Česká
			Evidenční číslo vzorku:	100/10/1-33
ИЗГОТОВИТЕЛЬ			Osoba odpoušdoá za obsab tobo	to protokoluvedoucí zkušební laboratoře:
"ARKYS s.r.o.", Podstránská 1, 627 00 Brno, Cer	ska republika, Hencsast PecityGmsta.			
СЕРТИФИКАТ ВЫДАН				ani On
"ARKYS s.r.o.", Podstrinská 1, 627 00 Вепо, Се Тел: +420 517541222, Фикс: +4 НА ОСНОВАНИИ	ska republika, Чешская Республика. 20 517541220			AS A DISCOUNT OF
	5-15 от 08.05.2015 года, выданный Испытательной мо "ГОСТЭКСПЕРТСЕРВИС", аггестат аккредит лимя до 07.09.2016 года.			and the second
дополнительная ин	MODMAIING			
Маркировка продукции знако	м соответствия производнется по ГОСТ Р 50460-9; сопроводятельной документации.		dokumentaci v TZÜS. Tento protokol může být reprodukc	lvou výtiscích. První originál náleži zákazní vván jedině celý, jinak s písemným souhlase ná v tomto protokolu se týkají jen zkoušenýc
м.н.	одитель органа	B.E. Mcmannon		1/40
Экспе	рт 5	Д.В. Баскаков	Technický a zkutební ústav stavební Praha, s. Pobočka Brno Halvikovského 77 617 00 Beno - Konsistov Česka republica	p. Technical and Test Institute for Construction Pray Branch Broo High-korskelbo 77 637 00 Broo - Kornátov Creech Republic



FIRES, s.r.o., Osloboditefov 282, 059 35 Batizovoe, Slovenská republika tel. 00421 52 775 22 98, fax. 00421 52 788 14 12, mmm freta sk filozofi kadola 1 5104, A dostravaná osniha reg. 6, SKOL Čen EGOLF

VOP 026 s certifika	P-026 Šternberk, s.p. lokalita Vyškov ovaným systémem jakosti dle ČSN EN 1SO 9001	Číslo úkolu/ zakázky: AZ160726 Číslo protokolu: 7250-122/2011
	ieni techniky- zkušebni laboratoř č.1103 aná ČIA dle ČSN EN ISO/IEC 17025 ZKUŠEBNA EB	Výtisk číslo: 1 Počet listů: 3 Počet příloh: 0
PROT	OKOL O ZKOUŠCE trické kontinuity	
Jméno a adresa zadavatele (zákazní	ka):	
Arkys, s.r.o., Podstránská 1, 627 00 Bi Identifikace zkoušeného předmětu: Výrobní číslo: - Výrobce: Arkys, s.r.o., Podstránská 1. Technická dokumentace: -	Kabelové žlaby MERKUR 2, LINEÁR	1, LINEÁR 2
Datum přijetí do zkoušky: 10. 11. 2011	Metoda zkoušení: ČSN EN 61537 ed. 2: 2007	
Datum a místo provedení zkoušky: 10. 11. 2011 Zkušebna elektrické bezpečnosti	Vedoucí zkoušky: Ing. František Dostál	
zaustonia tradicate orządziana	Zkoušku provedi: Ing. František Dostál Ing. Jiří Vlček	
Datum vydání protokolu:	Kontroloval a schválil vedoucí zkuš	ebny:
11. 11. 2011	fing. František Dostil	
Výsledky zkoušky:	- All	
	y na dálších stranách tohoto protokolu. Poznámky:	
ADRESA: VOP-026 Šternberk, s.p. Odbor zkoušeni techniky V. Nejedlého 691 682 03 VYŠKOV	Populanky:	
Telefon: 517 303 601 Fax: 517 303 605 E-mail: prikryU@vop.cz		
Výsledky zkoušky se týkaji jen zkuše se nesmi protokol reprodukovat jinak	I sbního předmětu. Bez písemného souhlas , než celý.	su zkušební labora

Electric continuity protocol (measuring transition resistance)

MERKUR 2 surface finish resistance protocol

	P-026 Šternberk, s.p. lokalita Vyškov stémem jakosti dle ČSN EN ISO 9001	Číslo úkolu/zakázky AZ160632 Číslo protokolu: 7240-541/2011
Odbor zkouš	ení techniky – zkušební laboratoř č.1103 ZKUŠEBNA EMC	Výtisk číslo: 1 Počet listů: 16 Počet příloh:
	OKOL O ZKOUŠCE	
ELEKTR	OMAGNETICKÉHO ÚTLUMU	
Jméno a adresa zadavatele:	Arkys, s.r.o.	
	Podstránecká 1	
	627 00 Bmo	
Identifikace zkoušeného předmětu:	Kabelový žlab Merkur 2 (500/100) Kabelový žlab Merkur 2 (500/50)	
	Kabelový žlab Linear 1 (500/100)	
	Kabelový žlab Linear 2 (500/100)	
Výrobní číslo:	Vzorky	
Výrobce:	Arkys, s.r.o.	
	Podstránecká 1; 627 00 Brno	
Technická dokumentace:	Nedodána	
Metoda zkoušení:		-
	netického útlumu dle požadavků zákaz	nika
(pe	oměrová metoda, viz kap. 4)	
Datum přijetí do zkoušky:	Vedoucí zkoušky:	
30.09.2011	Ing. Milan Rýd	a What he
Datum a místo provedení zkoušky:	Zkoušku provedl:	
30.09.2011	Ing. Jaroslav Ter	at Juni
Semianechoická hala EMI, Vyškov	ing. Parcourt 14	
Datum vydání protokolu:	Kontroloval a schválil vedoucí vku	VCP 026 Scerrber
13.10.2011	Ing, Vladimir Vi	An Office zkauleni ted
		<ul> <li>A second constant of constant</li></ul>
Výsledky zkoušky:		
Výsledky zkoušky:		
Výsledky zkoušky	jsou uvedeny na dalších stranách proto	
Výsledky zkoušky Uvedená rozšířená nejistota měření j	e součinem standardni nejistoty měření	
Výsledky zkoušky Uvedená rozšířená nejistota měření j K-2, což pro normální rozdělení odpo	e součinem standardni nejistoty měření vídá pravděpodobnosti pokryti asi 95%.	
Výsledky zkoušky Uvedená rozšířená nejistota měření j K-2, což pro normální rozdělení odpo Adresa: VOP-026 Šternberk,	e součinem standardni nejistoty měření vídá pravděpodobnosti pokryti asi 95%.	
Výsledky zkoušky Uvedená rozšířená nejistota měření j K-2, což pro normální rozdělení odpo Adresa: VOP-026 Šternberk, OZT – ZL & 1103	e součinem standardni nejistoty měření vídá pravděpodobnosti pokryti asi 95%.	
Výsledky zkoušky Uvedená rozšířená nejistota měření j K-2, což pro normální rozdělení odpo Adresa: VOP-026 Šternberk, OZT – ZL č. 1103 V. Nejedlěbo 691	e součinem standardni nejistoty měření vídá pravděpodobnosti pokryti asi 95%.	
Výsledky zkoušky Uvedená rozšířená nejistota měření j K-2, což pro normální rozdělení odpo Adresa: VOP-026 Šternberk, OZT – ZL & 1103	e součinem standardni nejistoty měření vídá pravděpodobnosti pokryti asi 95%.	
Výsledky zkoušky Uvedená rozšířená nejistota měření j K~2. cot pro normálal rozdělení odpo Adresa: VOP-026 Šterna OZT – ZL č. 1103 V. Nejedkho 691 632 03 VYŠKOV Telefon: +420 517 303 564	e součinem standardni nejistoty měření vídá pravděpodobnosti pokryti asi 95%.	
Výsledky zkoušky Uvedená rozšířená nejistota méření j K~2, což pro normální rozdělení odpo Adresa: VOP-026 Šternberk, OZT – ZL & 1103 V, Nejedlého 691 682 03 VVŠKOV	e součinem standardni nejistoty měření vídá pravděpodobnosti pokryti asi 95%.	

MERKUR 2 EMC test protocol

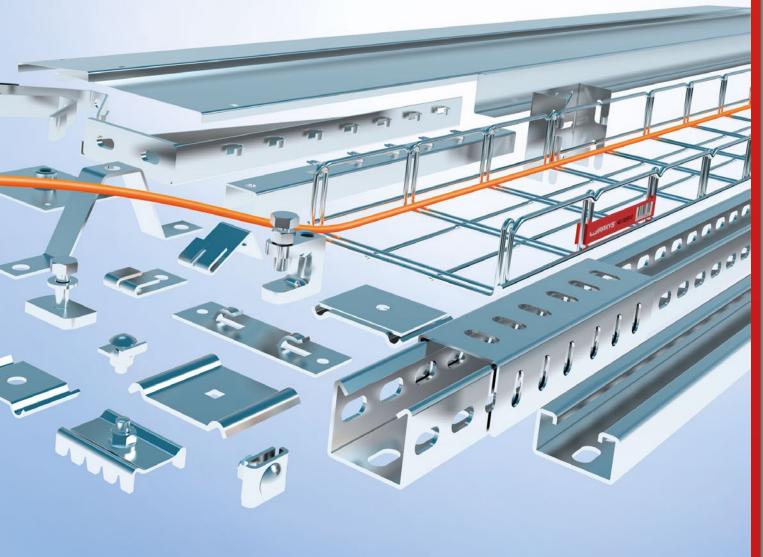
ITC	zkušebni laboratoř Sokolo	/ÁNÎ A CERTIFIKACI, a.s. elektrických výrobků vská 573 rské Hradiště
ZKUŠEBNÍ LAB	ORATOŘ č. 1004.3	Číslo protokolu: 5145/1
akreditovaná Českýn	a institutem pro akreditaci, o. p. s.	Počet výtisků: 2 Číslo výtisku: 2
	ZKUŠEBNÍ PRO	DTOKOL
	o zkoušce odolnosti povrc	
	systémů MERKUR 2,	LINEAR
14		Au
Mötici technik a autor p	antokalu	Vedouci zkušebni laboratoře:
Jakub Procház		Ing. Pavel Vávra
Datum vydání: 2	8. 11. 2011	
	vivize 4 Elektro rkys, s.r.o.	výtisk č. 1 výtisk č. 2
	akys, s.i.o.	.,
		Počet listů:
		Počet příloh:

s certifikov	ojenský technický ústav, s.p. aným systémem jakosti dle ČSN EN ISO 9001 kouleni technějav, zkušební laboratoř č.1103 reditovana ČLA dle ČSN EN ISOREC 17025 KUŠEBNA SPECIÁLNÍCH MĚŘENÍ	Číslo úkolu/ zakázky: 15-19-2-93-3201 Číslo protokolu: 194200-150/2015 Výtisk číslo: / Počet listů: 25 Počet přiloh: -
21103	PROTOKOL O ZKOUŠCE	
s	EIZMICKÉ ZPŮSOBILOSTI	
Jméno a adresa zadavatele (zá)	(aznika):	
ARKYS, s.r.o., Podstránská 1, 62	7 00 Brno, Česká republika	
	ětů: Kabelové nosné systémy MERKUR 2	
Výrobní číslo:	přesná identifikace viz 2–10. strana protok	
Výrobce:	ARKYS, s.r.o., Podstránská 1, 627 00 Brr	o, Česká republika
Technická dokumentace:		
Datum přijeti do zkoušky:	Metoda zkoušeni: ČSN IEC 980: 1993, či	. 0
13.04.2015		
08.07.2015	Madeural skewillow	
Datum a misto provedení zkoušky:	Ing. Jiří Lenikus	
16, 17, 27, 28,04,2015	my un common pro cuccus	
8., 9. a 10.07.2015	Zkoušku provedl:	
Zkušebna speciálních měření	Ing. Jiří Lenikus	
Datum vydání protokolu:	Kontroloval a schválil vedoucí zkušebn Ing. Ivan STUCHAL	Y and WHO CH MAN
	dies	
Výsledky zkoušky:		
Zkoušený předmět byl podroben :	zkoušce seizmické znůsobilosti	
Výsledky zkoušek jsou uvodeny v	/ protokolu.	
	ieni je součinem standardni nejistoty měřeni + odpovídá pravděpodobnosti pokryti asi 95 %.	a kooficientu rozšiře
ADRESA: Vojenský technický odštěpný závod VT Ú2T – ZL č.110 Vita Nejedlého 6 682 01 VYŠKO	ÚPV 3 191	
Telefon: 517 303 623 Fax: 517 303 605 E-mail: ivan.stuchal@vtu	sp.cz	
Výsledky zkoušky se týkaji jen zkušebn reprodukovat jinak, než celý.	iho předmětu. Bez písemného souhlasu zkušební laborat	toře se nesmí protokol

MERKUR 2 earthquake resistance protocol

# PARTS CATALOGUE OF THE M2 SYSTEM LIST OF ELEMENTS AND THEIR USE

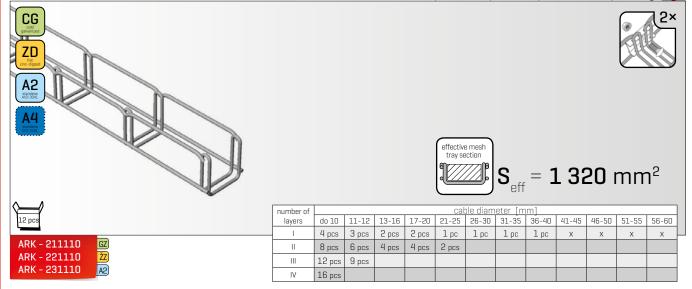
MERKUR 2 CABLE TRAYS	p. 18 – 25
COVERS	p. 26
DIVIDERS	р. 27
COUPLINGS	p. 28 – 32
HOLDERS	p. 33 – 41
CANTILEVERS	p. 42 – 45
SUPPORTS	p. 46 – 47
STRUTS	p. 48 – 49
CONNECTING ELEMENTS	p. 50 – 53
TOOLS AND PROTECTIVE COMPONENTS	p. 54

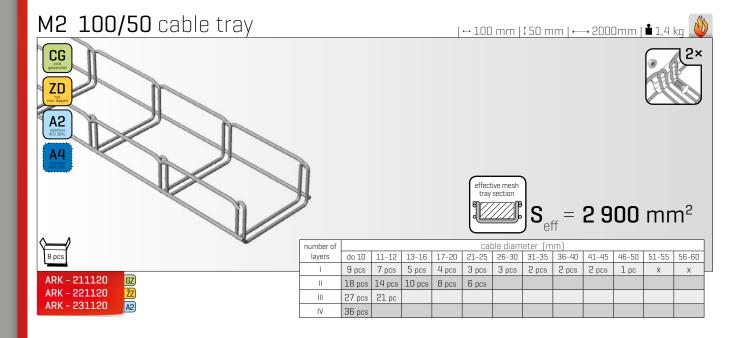


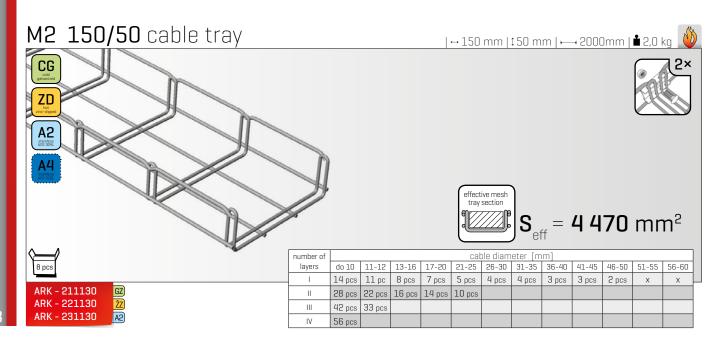
# TRAYS

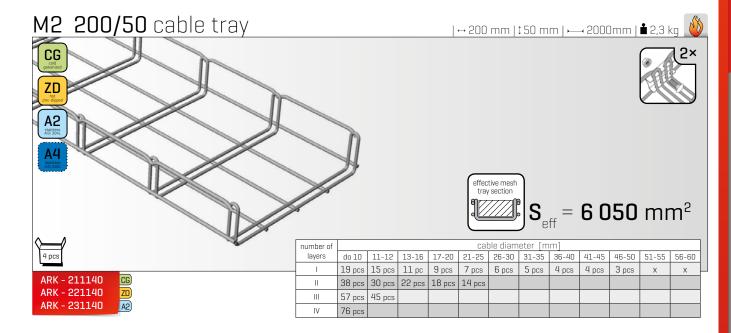
#### M2 50/50 cable tray

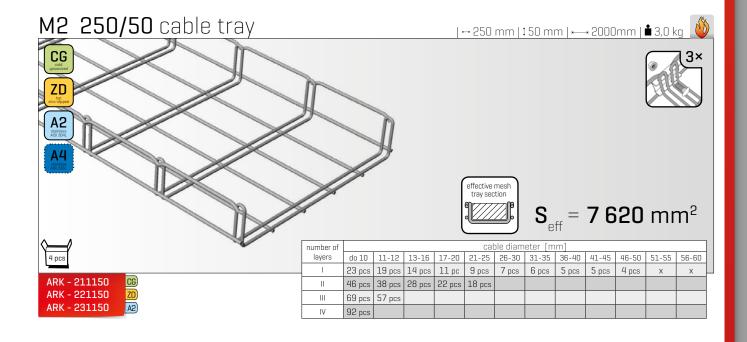
| ↔ 50 mm | ፤ 50 mm | ⊨→ 2000mm | 불 1,2 kg

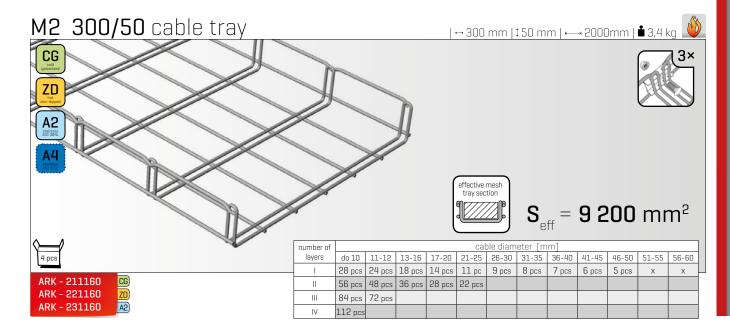






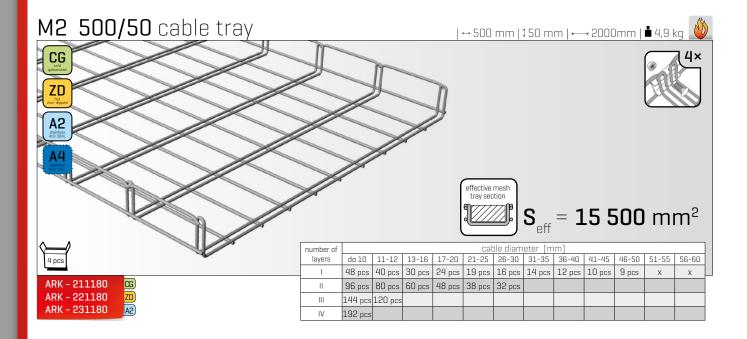


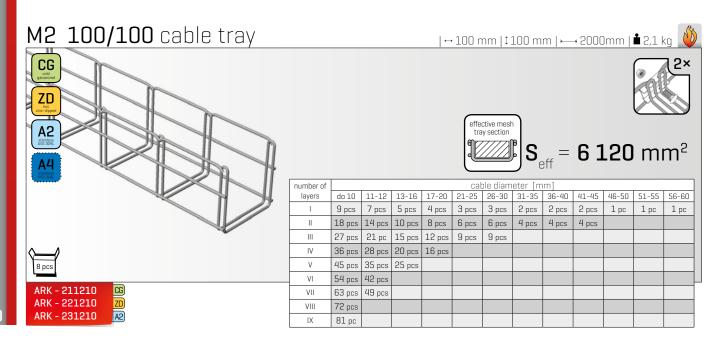




TRAYS

M2 400/50 cable tray						⊷ 400	mm	: 50 m	m ⊷	→ 200(	)mm	∎4,1⊦	kg 🔌
CG ZD A2 MA				D									4×
						effective tray se	ction	<b>S</b> <sub>eff</sub>	= 1	.23	350	mı	m²
	number of					cat	ole diam	eter [m	m]				
4 pcs	layers	do 10	11-12	13-16	17-20	21-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51-55	56-60
ARK - 211170 CG	I			24 pcs			13 pcs	11 pc	9 pcs	8 pcs	7 pcs	Х	× –
ARK - 211170 CG ARK - 221170 ZD ARK - 231170 A2				48 pcs	38 pcs	30 pcs							
ARK - 231170 A2		114 pcs											
	IV	152 pcs											



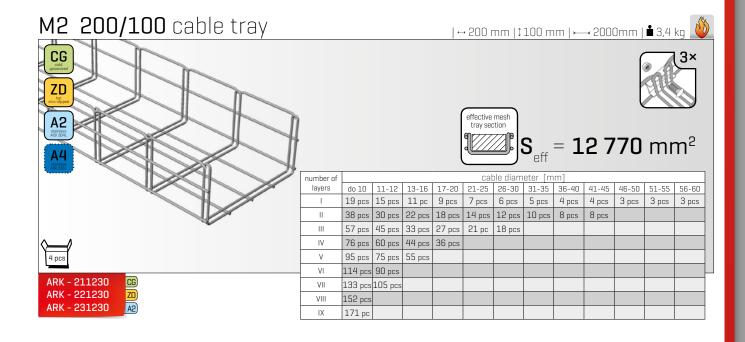


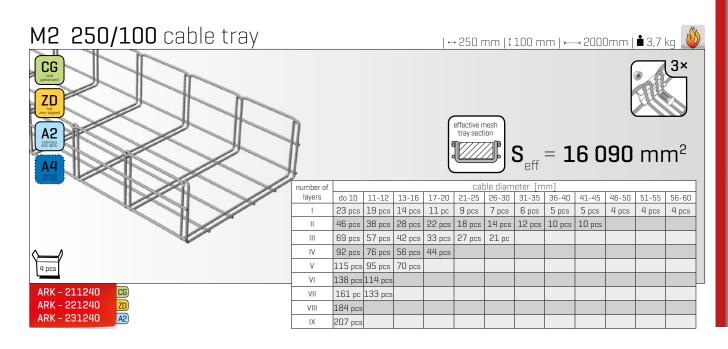
#### M2 150/100 cable tray CG

| ↔ 150 mm | ‡ 100 mm | ⊨→ 2000mm | 🛔 3,0 kg

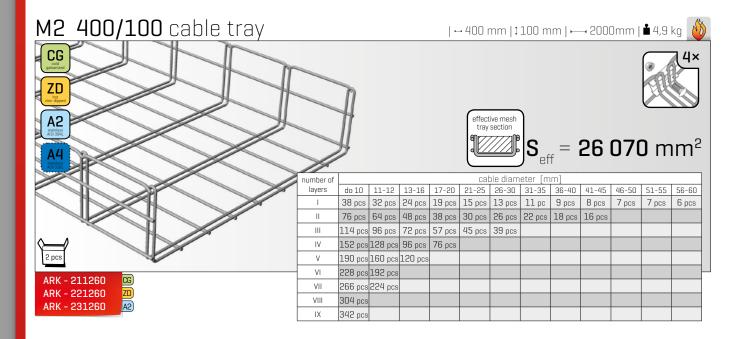


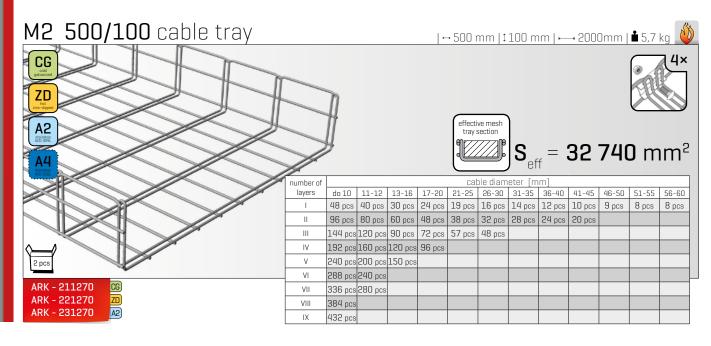
							effective tray sec		<b>S</b> <sub>e</sub>	= ff	9 4	40	mr	n <sup>2</sup>
		number of					cat	ole diam	eter [m	im]				
I 14 pcs 11 pc 8 pcs 7 pcs 5 pcs 4 pcs 3 pcs 3 pcs 2 p		layers	do 10	11-12	13-16	17-20	21-25	26-30	31-35	36-40	41-45	46-50	51-55	56-60
		1	14 pcs	11 рс	8 pcs	7 pcs	5 pcs	4 pcs	4 pcs	3 pcs	3 pcs	2 pcs	2 pcs	2 pcs
II         28 pcs         22 pcs         16 pcs         14 pcs         10 pcs         8 pcs         6 pcs         <			28 pcs	22 pcs	16 pcs	14 pcs	10 pcs	8 pcs	8 pcs	6 pcs	6 pcs			
III         42 pcs         33 pcs         24 pcs         21 pc         15 pcs         12 pcs	*		42 pcs	33 pcs	24 pcs	21 рс	15 pcs	12 pcs						
▶ 1V 56 pcs 44 pcs 32 pcs 28	_/	IV	56 pcs	44 <sub>pcs</sub>	32 pcs	28 pcs								
4 pcs V 70 pcs 55 pcs 40 pcs V	cs	V	70 pcs	55 pcs	40 pcs									
		VI	84 pcs	66 pcs										
ARK - 211220 CG VII 98 pcs 77 pcs 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	к - 211220 📴	VII	98 pcs	77 pcs										
ARK - 211220       CG       VII       98 pcs       77 pcs       Image: Comparison of the compariso	K - 221220 ZD	VIII	112 pcs											
ARK - 231220         A2         IZ         IZ6 pcs         IZ         IZ6 pcs         IZ         IZ6 pcs         IZ         IZ6 pcs         IZ6	K - 231220 A2	IX	126 pcs											





#### M2 300/100 cable tray | ↔ 300 mm | ‡ 100 mm | ⊷→ 2000mm | 🛓 4,1 kg 👋 CG ZD effective mesh tray section A2 **S** = **19 420** mm<sup>2</sup> number of cable diameter [mm] layers do 10 11-12 13-16 17-20 21-25 26-30 31-35 36-40 41-45 46-50 51-55 56-60 28 pcs 24 pcs 18 pcs 14 pcs 11 pc 9 pcs 8 pcs 7 pcs 6 pcs 5 pcs 5 pcs 4 pcs 56 pcs 48 pcs 36 pcs 28 pcs 22 pcs 18 pcs 16 pcs 14 pcs 12 pcs Ш 84 pcs 72 pcs 54 pcs 42 pcs 33 pcs 27 pcs Ш IV 112 pcs 96 pcs 72 pcs 56 pcs ۷ 140 pcs 120 pcs 90 pcs VI 168 pcs 144 pcs CG ZD ARK - 211250 196 pcs 168 pcs VII ARK - 221250 VIII 224 pcs ARK - 231250 A2) IX 252 pcs





22

#### M2-G 50/100 cable tray | ↔ 50 mm | 100 mm | ⊷→ 2000mm | 🕯 2,0 kg CG Cable mesh trays of the G range 2× are intended for simplified assembly in the soffit ZD with DZM holders. A2 44 effective mes tray section **S**<sub>eff</sub> = **1 320** mm<sup>2</sup> number of le diameter [mm] do 10 11-12 13-16 17-20 21-25 26-30 31-35 36-40 41-45 46-50 51-55 56-60 8 pc: layers 1 pc 4 pcs 3 pcs 2 pcs 2 pcs 1 pc 1 pc 1 pc Х х х Х ARK - 211310 CG 8 pcs 4 pcs 2 pcs Ш 6 pcs 4 pcs ARK - 221310 ZD A2 9 pcs Ш 12 pcs ARK - 231310 IV 16 pcs

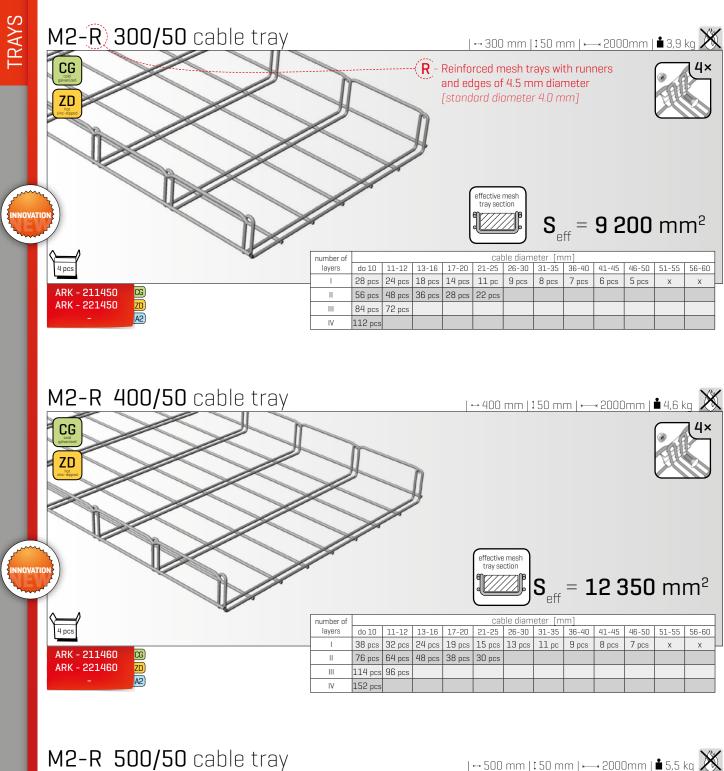
#### M2-G 100/100 cable tray

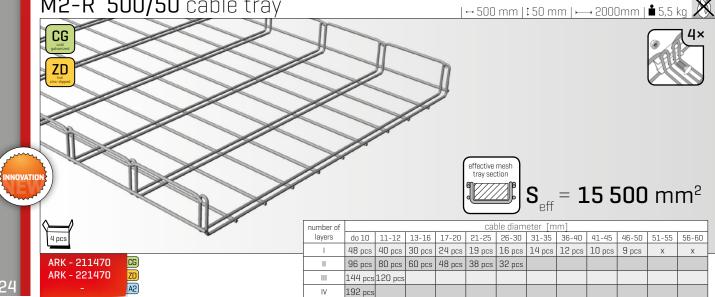
8 | ↔ 100 mm | ‡ 100 mm | ⊨→ 2000mm | **å** 2,3 kg Cable mesh trays of the G range CG 2× are intended for simplified assembly in the soffit ZD with DZM holders. A2 മ effective me tray section **S**<sub>eff</sub> = **6 120** mm<sup>2</sup> cable diameter [mm] 13-16 17-20 21-25 26-30 31-35 36 number of do 10 11-12 36-40 41-45 46-50 51-55 56-60 layers 5 pcs 4 pcs 3 pcs 3 pcs 2 pcs 2 pcs 2 pcs 1 pc 1 pc 1 pc 9 pcs 7 pcs I Ш 18 pcs 14 pcs 10 pcs 8 pcs 6 pcs 6 pcs 4 pcs 4 pcs 4 pcs 27 pcs 21 pc 15 pcs 12 pcs 9 pcs Ш 9 pcs IV 36 pcs 28 pcs 20 pcs 16 pcs 4 pc ۷ 45 pcs 35 pcs 25 pcs VI 54 pcs 42 pcs ARK - 211320 CG 63 pcs 49 pcs VII ZD A2 ARK - 221320 72 pcs VIII ARK - 231320

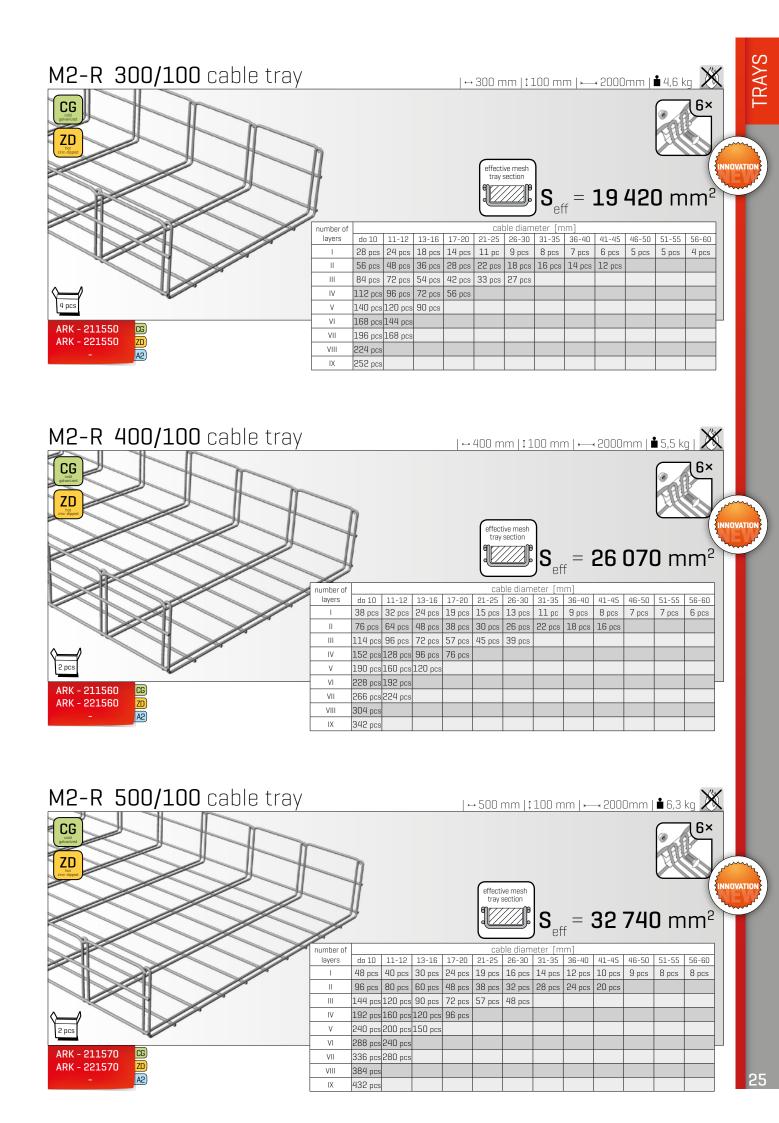
IX

81 pc

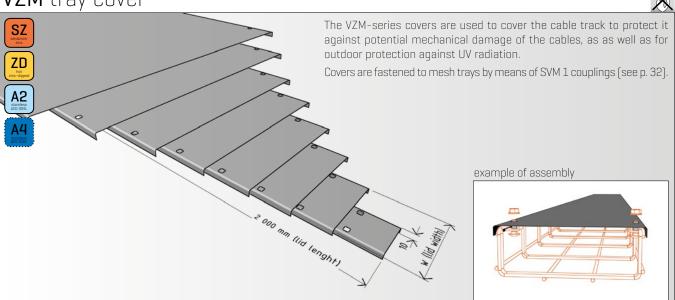
TRAYS





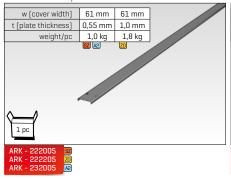


#### VZM tray cover

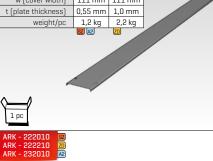


VZM 50 tray cover





w (cover width) 111 mm 111 mm

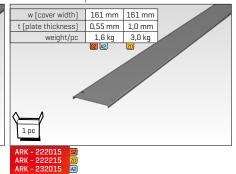


0,8 mm 1,2 mm

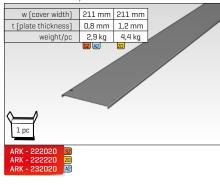
5,3 kg

3,5 kg

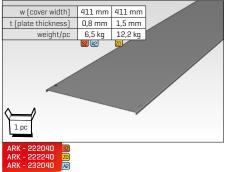
#### VZM 150 tray cover



VZM 200 tray cover



#### VZM 400 tray cover



#### VZM 500 tray cover

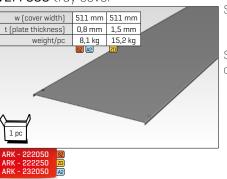
VZM 250 tray cover

weight/pc

t (plate thickness)

1 pc

w (cover width) 261 mm 261 mm

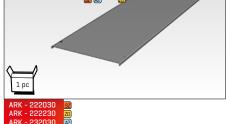


#### weight/pc 4,1 kg SZ A2

w (cover width) 311 mm 311 mm

VZM 300 tray cover

t (plate thickness)



0,8 mm 1,5 mm

7,7 kg

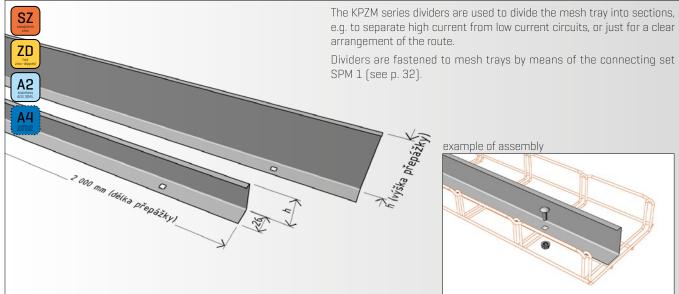
Section of standard tray cover

F

Section of ZD (zinc dipped) tray cover of 250 mm and wider

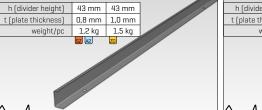
٦

## KPZM tray divider

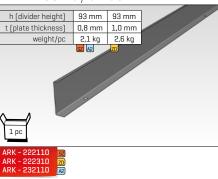


#### KPZM 50 tray divider

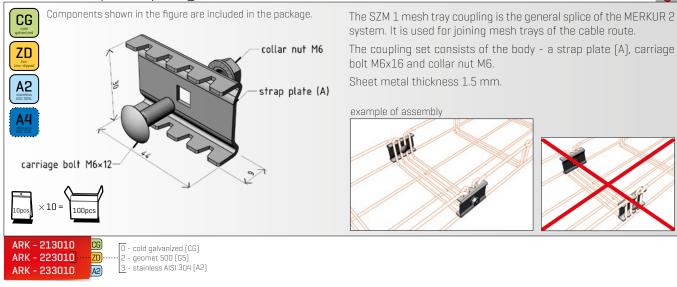
1 p



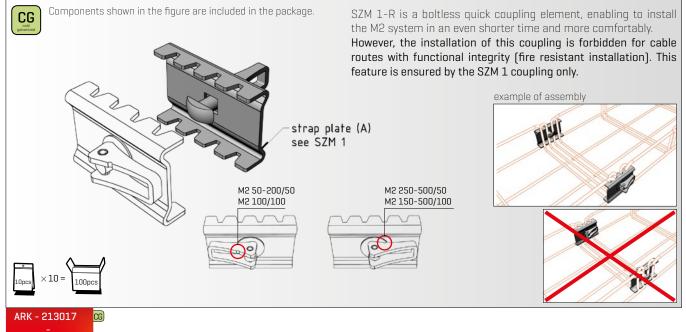
#### KPZM 100 tray divider



# SZM 1 tray coupling



## SZM 1-R tray coupling | boltless coupling for fast assembly



#### Rules for connecting

2×

M2 50/50

M2 100/50

M2 150/50

M2 200/50

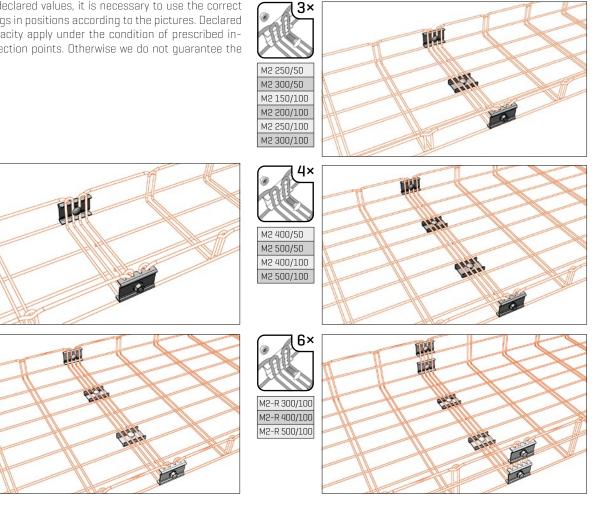
M2 100/100 M2 50/50 G M2 100/100 G

M2-R 300/50

M2-R 400/50 M2-R 500/50

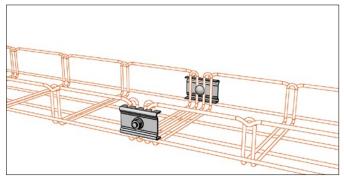
4×

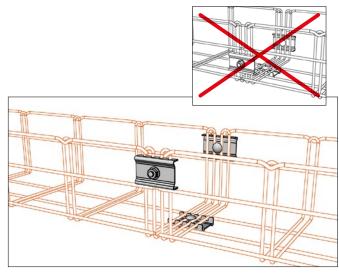
In order to meet declared values, it is necessary to use the correct amount of couplings in positions according to the pictures. Declared values of tray capacity apply under the condition of prescribed installation of connection points. Otherwise we do not quarantee the declared values.



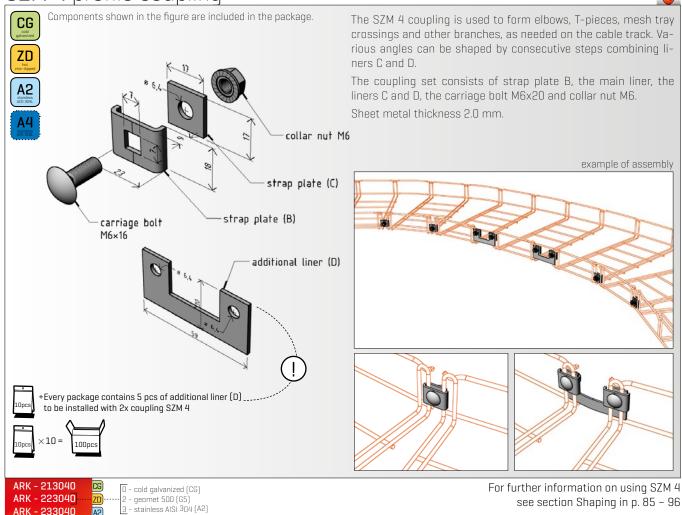
#### Correct location of coupling SZM 1 or SZM 1-R

The correct location of the couplings on the side wall of the mesh tray is important for achieving the declared load capacity as well as the optimum stiffness of the assembled mesh tray, as shown in the figures. It is of essential importance in particular for mesh trays with 100 mm height of the side wall requiring the location of the junction piece directly under the upper margin of the tray.



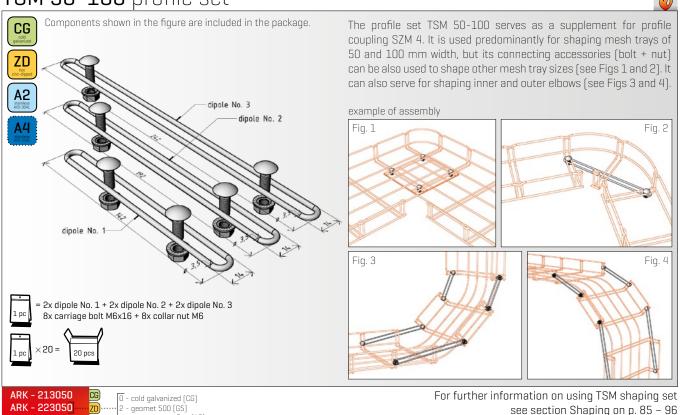


## SZM 4 profile coupling



TSM 50-100 profile set

ARK - 233040



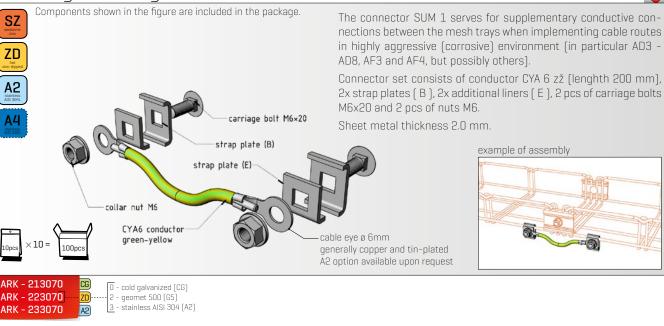
30

ARK - 233050

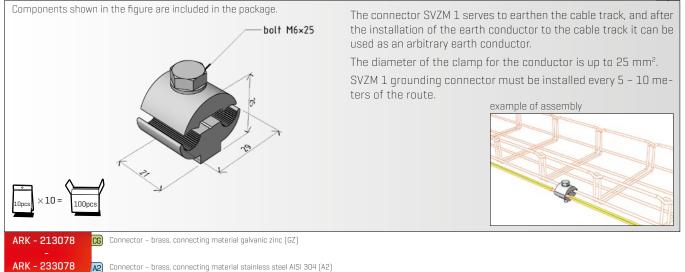
A2

2 - geomet 500 (G5) 3 - stainless AISI 304 (A2)

## SUM 1 grounding connector

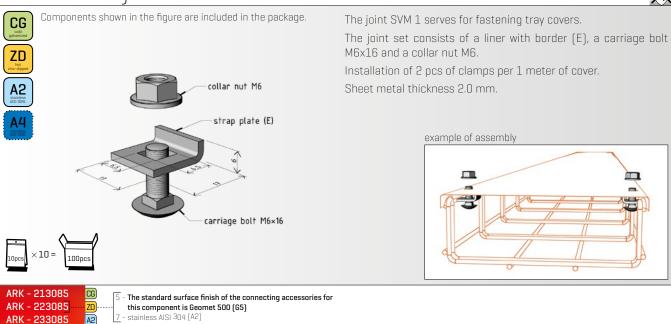


## SVZM 1 grounding connector

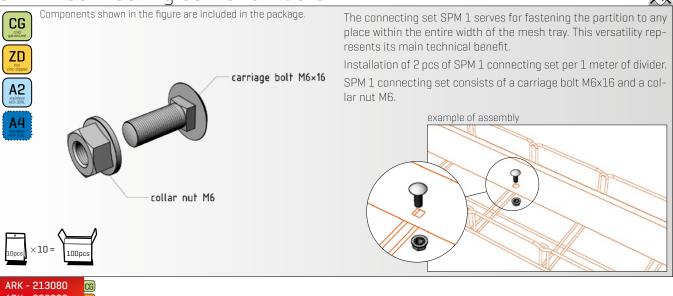


## SVM 1 cover joint

# COUPLINGS



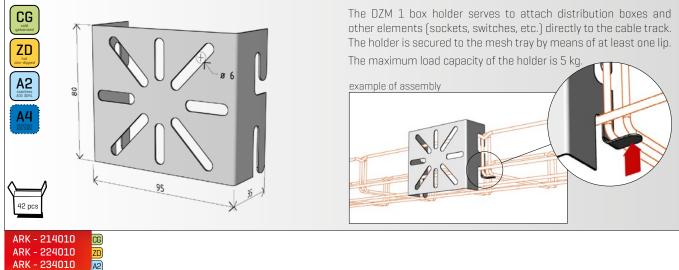
# SPM 1 connecting set for dividers



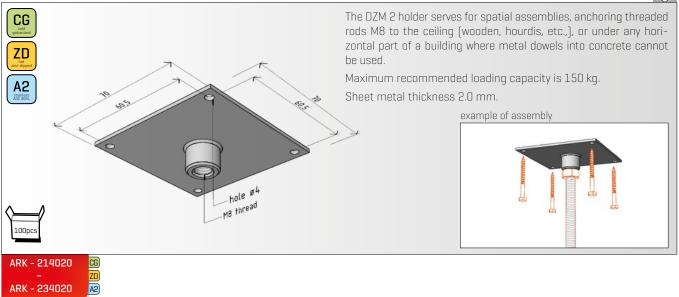
ARK - 223080 65 ARK - 233080 A2

32

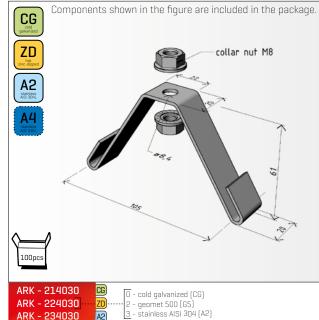
# DZM 1 juction box holder



# DZM 2 holder of threaded rod

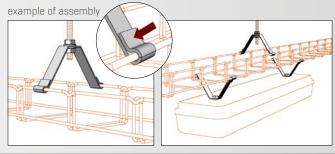


### DZM 3/100 mesh tray holder



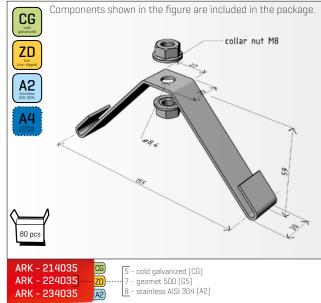
The DZM 3/100 ceiling bracket serves for suspending 100 mm mesh trays from M8 threaded rods. It can also serve as a bearing element for the installation of various types of light fittings. Maximum recommended loading capacity is 50 kg. Sheet metal thickness 2.0 mm.

This type of holder cannot be combined with mesh tray cover. In case of requested installation with cover, it is necessary to use PZM support [see p. 46] or DZM 6 holders [see p. 35]



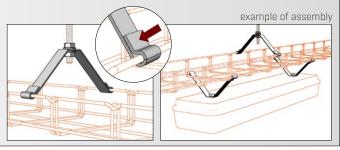
X

# DZM 3/150 mesh tray holder



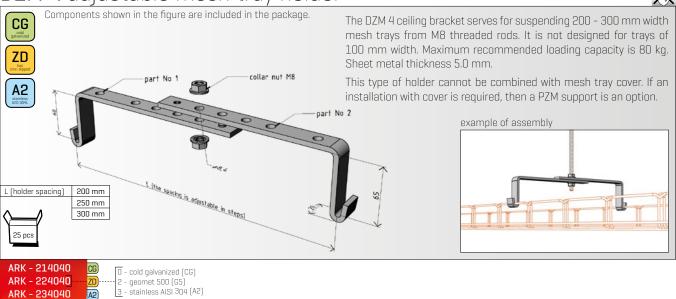
The DZM 3/10 ceiling bracket serves for suspending 150 mm mesh trays from M8 threaded rods. It can also serve as a bearing element for the installation of various types of light fittings. Maximum recommended loading capacity is 50 kg. Sheet metal thickness 2.0 mm.

This type of holder cannot be combined with mesh tray cover. In case of requested installation with cover, it is necessary to use PZM support (see p. 46) or DZM 6 holders (see p. 35)

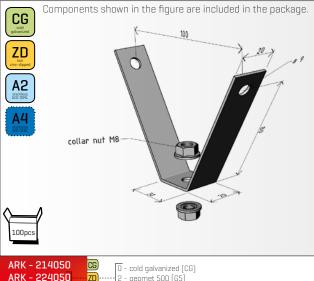


# HOLDERS

## DZM 4 adjustable mesh tray holder



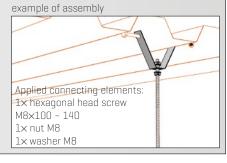
# DZM 5 trapezoidal holder of threaded rod



The DZM 5 holder serves to anchor M8 threaded rods in roofs and in soffits made with trapezoidal sheet metal cladding. Maximum recommended loading capacity - 100 kg.

Sheet metal thickness 2.0 mm.

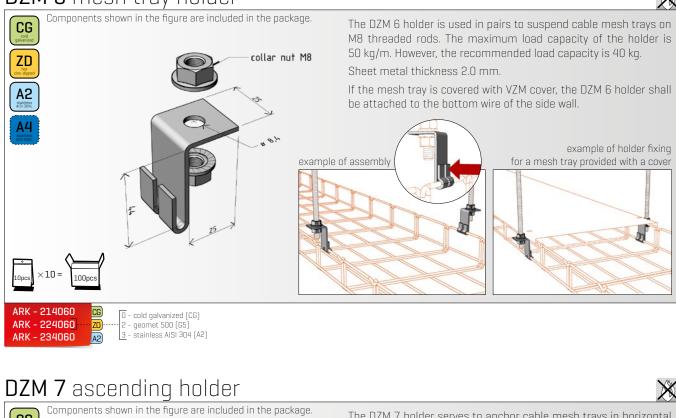
Trapezoid scissors are recommended for cutting the sheet metal cladding (see chapter Tools and accessories).

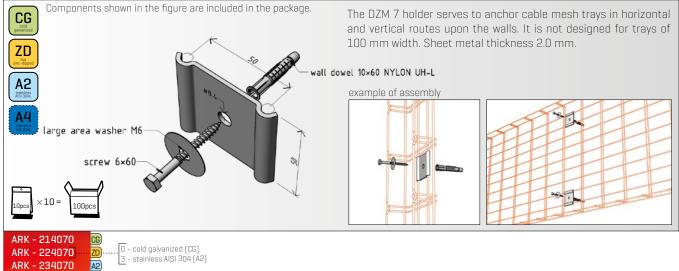


ARK - 234050

geomet 500 (G5) stainless AISI 304 (A2) 3

# DZM 6 mesh tray holder

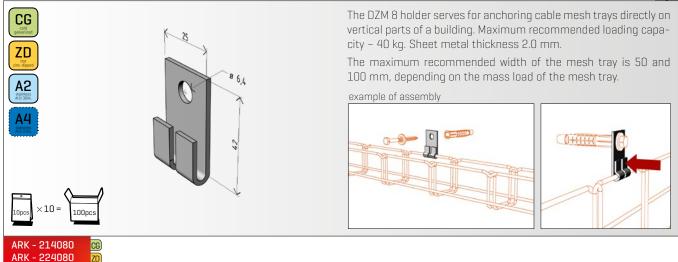




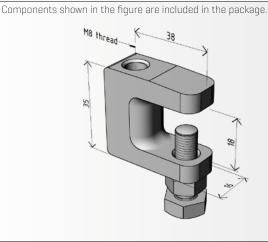
### DZM 8 wall holder of mesh tray

ARK - 234080

A2

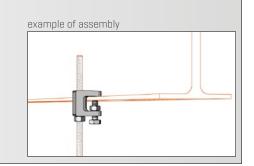


# DZM 9 holder of threaded rod



The DZM 9 holder serves to anchor M8 threaded rods in spatia assembly by suspension on "I" profile.

The maximum recommended load of the holder is 120 kg. Material: tempered cast iron, zinc-plated



CG

ARK - 214090

CG

ZD

A2

CG)

# DZM 10 wall holder of mesh tray

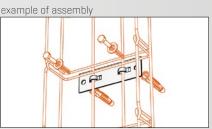


Due to its universality the DZM 10 wall holder can be used in mul tiple installation types for both vertical and horizontal mounting. It is preferred especially with metal structures to which it can be welded or attached by bolts. It is not technically designed for trays

of 100 mm width.

Maximum recommended loading capacity of hooks:

- wall installation shear stress 30 kg • ceiling installation – tensile stress 10 kg
- Sheet metal thickness 1.5 mm.



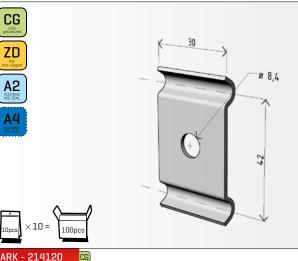
ARK - 214100 CG ARK - 224100 ZD ARK - 234100 A2)

CG

A2

ARK - 224120 ARK - 234120

#### DZM 12 lateral holder of mesh tray



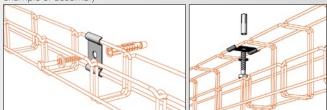
The DZM 12 lateral holder serves for anchoring cable mesh trays of smaller dimensions directly on vertical parts of the construction. The maximum recommended width of the mesh tray is 150 mm, depending on the mass load of the mesh tray.

It is also possible to use DZM 12 holder as anchoring element for "G" type M2 cable trays.

Sheet metal thickness 2.0 mm.

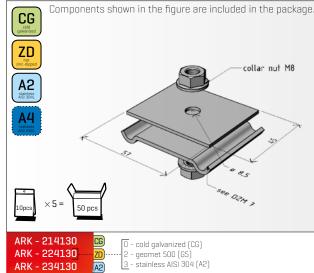
example of assembly

6.3



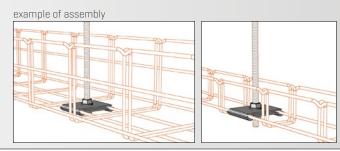


## DZM 13 holder of mesh tray

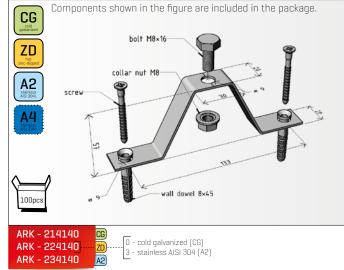


The DZM 13 holder is used for cable mesh trays on M8 threaded rods. This installation is suitable for mesh trays M2 50/50, M2 150/50 and M2 150/100 only. Maximum recommended loading capacity is 50 kg.

Sheet metal thickness 2.0 mm.



## DZM 14 floor holder

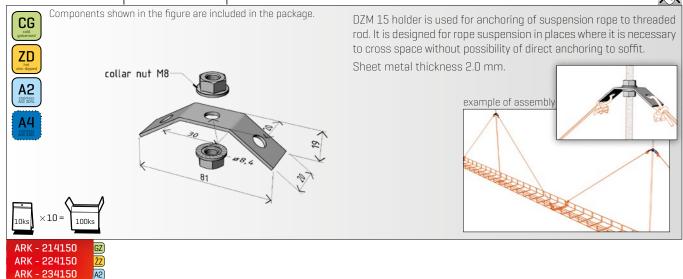


The DZM 14 holder serves in combination with PZM supports for cable track installations in false floors. The height of the pathway can be adjusted to 47 – 57 mm, namely by widening or narrowing down the achoring holes. Maximum recommended loading capacity is 60 kg. Sheet metal thickness 2.0 mm.

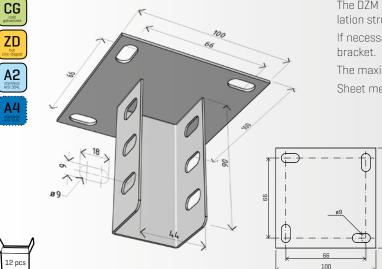
example of assembly



## DZM 15 suspension ropes holder



## DZM STP strut holder



The DZM STP strut holder serves for anchoring STPM spatial installation struts (see p.38) under the horizontal building structures.

If necessary, the holder can be turned by 180° and used as a floor

The maximum pull load capacity of the DZM STP holder is 250 kg. Sheet metal thickness: main plate 2.0 mm

U-profile 1.5 mm

example of assembly

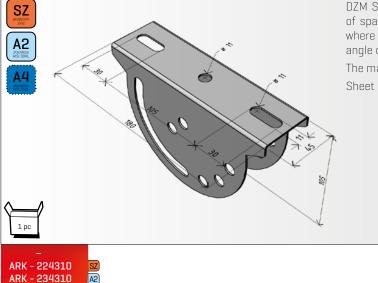
0



ARK - 214300 CG ARK - 224300 ARK - 234300 A2)

ZD

## DZM STPU angular strut holder



DZM STPU holder is used for anchoring STPM struts [see p. 44] of spatial mounting under horizontal constructions in situations where it is necessary to compensate angular difference between angle of soffit with horizontal plain.

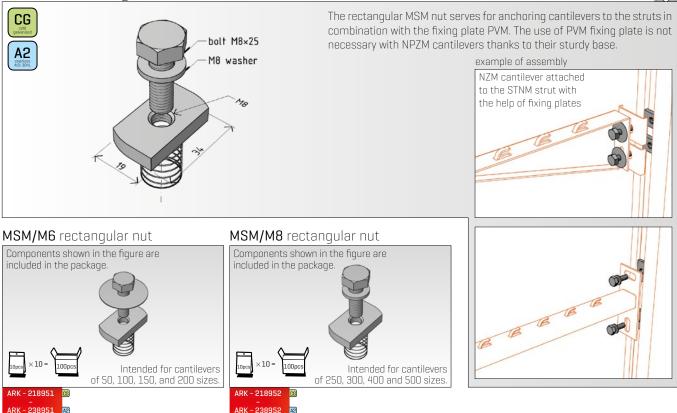
The maximum pull load capacity of the DZM STPU holder is 150 kg. Sheet metal thickness 2.0 mm.

example of assembly

Connecting elements: 4x carriage bolt M8x20 4× washer M10 4× nut M8

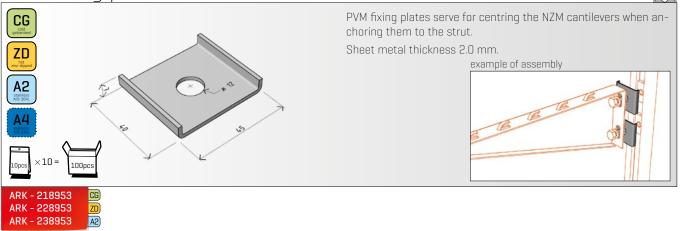


## MSM rectangular nut



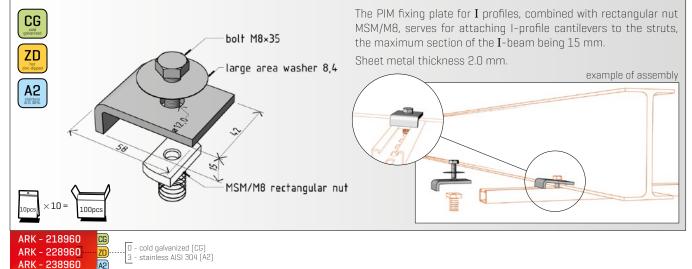
## **PVM** fixing plate

A2

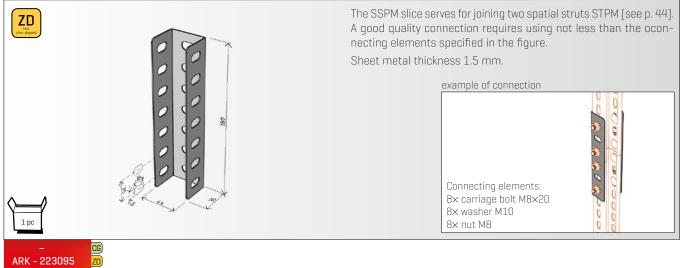


A2

## PIM fixing plate to I profile



## SSPM spatial strut splice



ARK - 223095 A2)

< 10 =

ARK - 218958

A2)

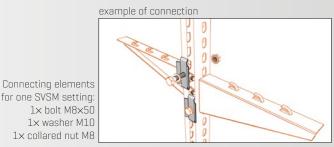
CG cold galvanized

## SVSM stabilizing plate of strut

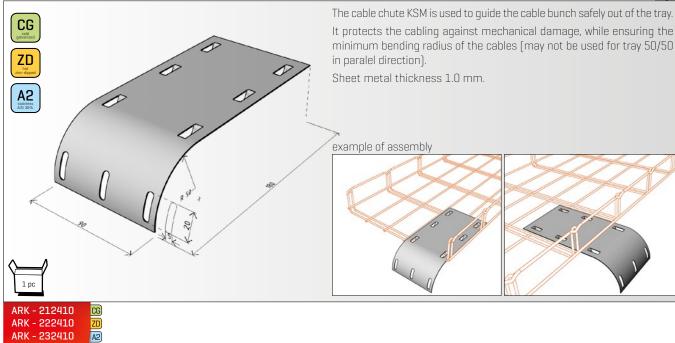


SVSM stabilizing plate of strut is used for reinforcing the open profile of STPM strut in place of anchoring the cantilever in installations with functional integrity. For cantilevers with small base [NZM 50-200] only one piece is required. However, for cantilevers with higher base (NZM 250-500) always use the SVSM plates in pairs. Correctly installed stabilizing setting prevents sides of the strut from deflection under the pressure of loaded cantilever.

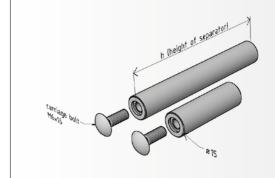
Sheet metal thickness 1.5 mm.



## KSM cable chute



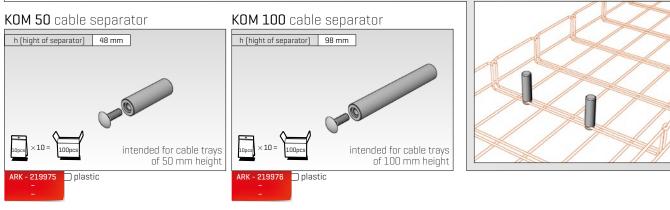
## KOM cable separator



The cable separator KOM is used prior to the insertion of the cables for temporary division of the space (e.g. power circuits/low current) in a plurality of chambers, which makes the following bundling of cables easier.

KOM separators may be fixed in any position of the crossbeam to facilitate the installation and to enhance the transparency of cable layout. When the bundling is ready, the separators KOM can be removed and then used anew.

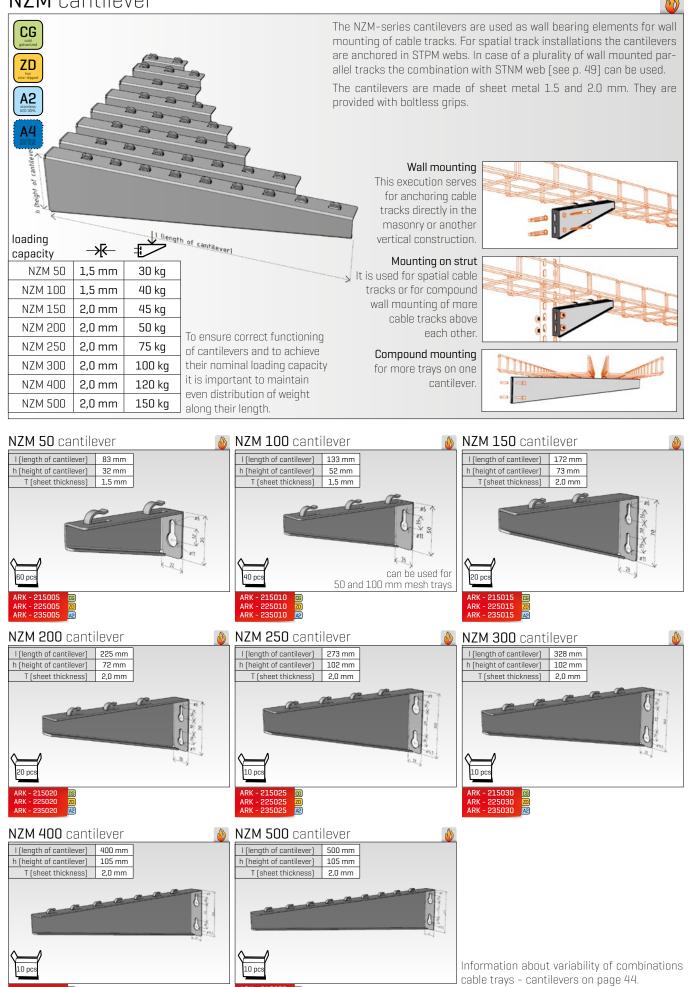
example of assembly



X

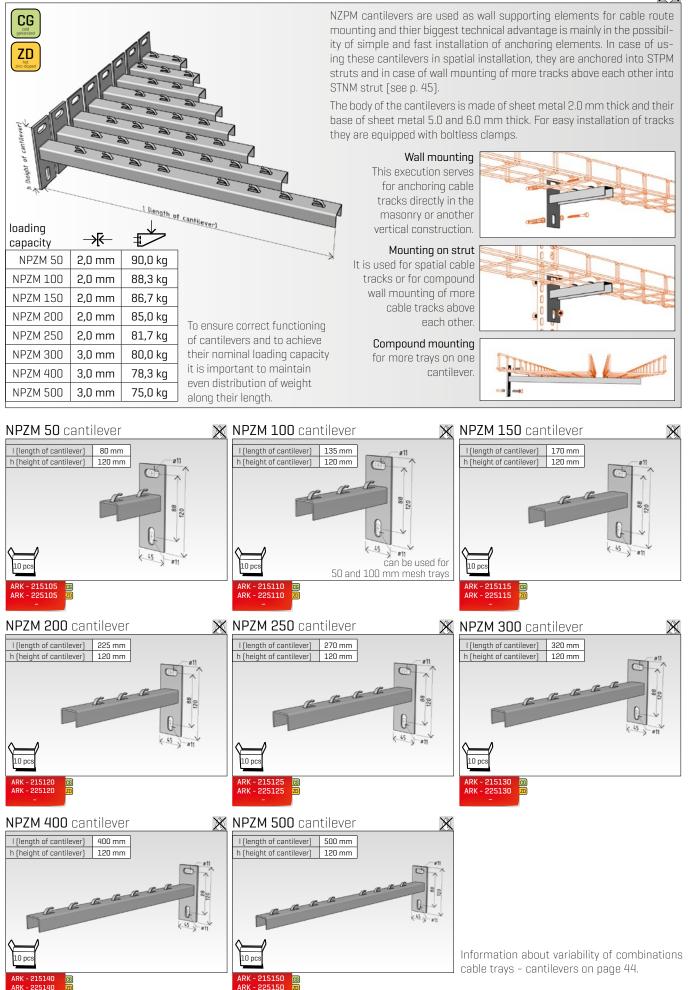
## NZM cantilever





## NPZM cantilever

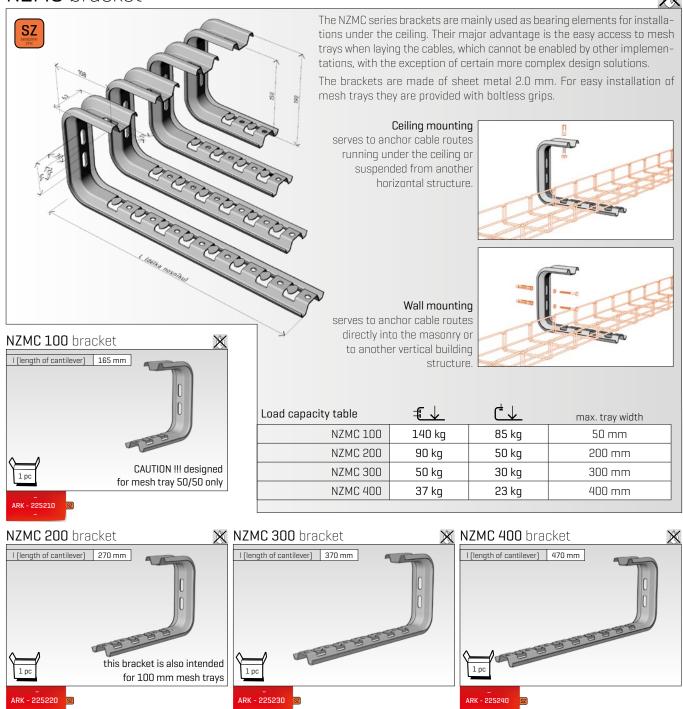




CANTILEVERS

## NZMC bracket





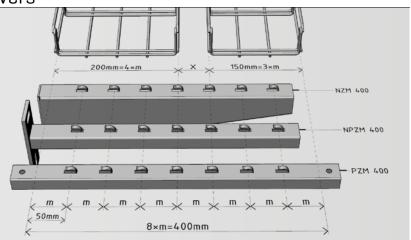
## Trays combinations on cantilevers

Combinations of several trays can be fitted on M2 system cantilevers. The possibilities are determined by the "m" number of 50mm moduls on a cantilever. When combining more trays on one cantilever, one modul must be always skipped between all adjoining trays.

The complete overview of possibilities of tray installation on cantilevers and all available combinations of trays on cantilevers

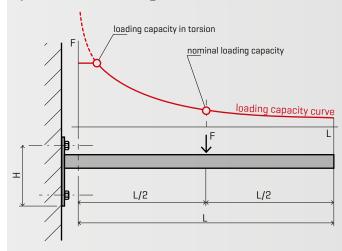
are on www.arkys.cz, chapter Combinations of trays on cantilevers and supports.





## Rules for anchoring and loading of cantilevers

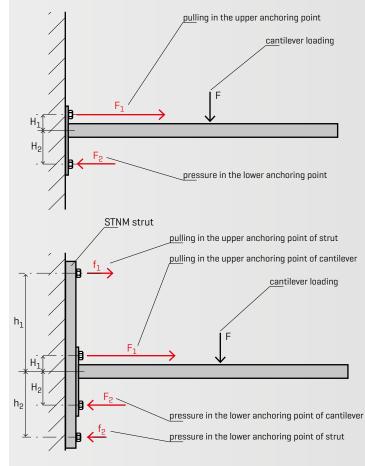
## Optimum loading distribution



In order to meet declared values of loading capacity, it is necessary to follow a few rules during installation and laying cabling into trays.

Loading capacity of a cable track is affected by distribution alongside the cantilever. Declared values at various types of cantilevers apply to even loading distribution. The resultant of forces is placed in the centre and corresponds to sum of weights of the cables. In case it is not possible or suitable to ensure even loading distribution, it is important that cables of higher weight be lain closer to cantilever base. If even this is impossible, it is necessary to keep in mind the reduced load capacity which is reduced according to the extend of load asymmetry [see picture and chart on the left].

## Correctly chosen and installed anchoring



The load capacity of an anchoring point is usually the most crucial limitation for the load ability of the whole cable track. The distribution of forces (see scheme on the left) suggests that the upper anchoring point is more strained then the lower one - the pulling force applies.

Therefore in high loaded cable routes it is necessary to examine the quality and the type of wall material which the cable route is anchored onto. The whole length of installed route must be thoroughly examined. The right choice of anchoring type and its installation method are the key conditions to achieve high load capacities of cable routes.

In case the wall quality does not allow sufficiently solid anchoring or in case the wall material cannot be examine, the installation of cantilevers through STNM strut is recommended. In such case, the load of anchoring points is considerably lower and a higher load capacity of the route is thus achieved. This option is suitable for highly loaded routes, especially if anchored directly to the wall.

## Anchoring technology



We offer a complex selection of anchoring elements from renowned suppliers that cover wide range of demands of building and solve majority of common situations during installations of routes. See more details about anchoring elements on p. 53 or on www.arkys.cz.

## PZM support

CG

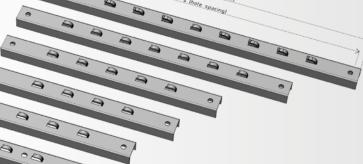
ZD

A2

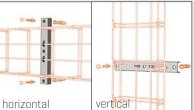


The PZM series supports are used in combination with pairs of M8 threaded rods as bearing elements in vertical cable route installations. However, they can also be used for wall mounting or, in combination with the DZM 14 holder, for floor mounting [see p. 37].

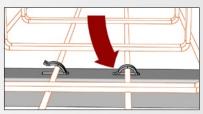
They are made of sheet metal 1mm. Boltless grips are provided for easy installation.



Ж



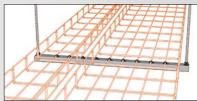
Wall mounting serves for wall mounted cable tracks.



Attaching the mesh trays to the supports Mesh trays placed on supports are attached by bending the grips as shown in the figure.



Mounting on threaded rod pairs serves for suspended cable tracks anchored directly into the ceiling.

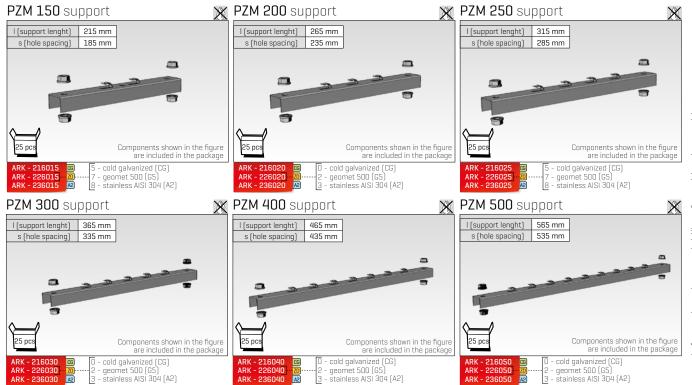


Multiple route assembly Multiple mesh trays can be attached to the supports, up to the full capacity of each support.



#### Floor mounting

serves for horizontal cable tracks anchored directly into the floor.



PZM 100 support

l (support lenght) 130 mm

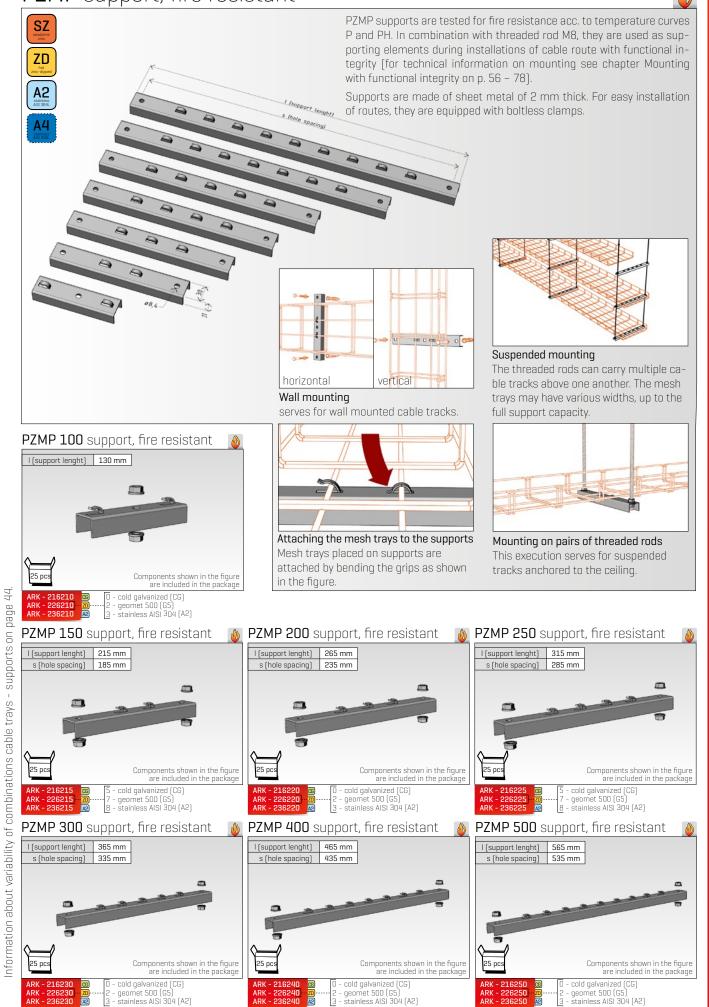
- geomet 500 (G5) - stainless AISI 304 (A2)

Components shown in the figure are included in the package

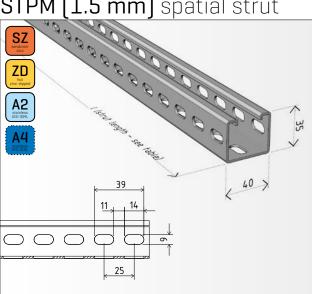
## PZMP support, fire resistant

니니





## STPM (1.5 mm) spatial strut



The spatial struts of the STPM series are used for creating carrying structures for cable tracks.

The anchoring to the horizontal parts of the structure is made in combination with DZM STP or DZM STPU holders. Subsequently NZM and NPZM cantilevers are installed on them if needed. The end of the strut can be closed by cap OK 2 for safety.

	strut length [mm]	mass [kg/pc]	SZ sendzimir zinc (17-23 micron)	Land the second	A2 stainiesc sta
STPM 200 (1,5mm)	200 mm	0,24 kg	ARK - 227020	ARK - 227620	ARK - 237020
STPM 250 (1,5mm)	250 mm	0,30 kg	ARK - 227025	ARK - 227625	ARK - 237025
STPM 300 (1,5mm)	300 mm	0,36 kg	ARK - 227030	ARK - 227630	ARK - 237030
STPM 400 (1,5mm)	400 mm	0,54 kg	ARK - 227040	ARK - 227640	ARK - 237040
STPM 500 (1,5mm)	500 mm	0,61 kg	ARK - 227050	ARK - 227650	ARK - 237050
STPM 600 (1,5mm)	600 mm	0,73 kg	ARK - 227060	ARK - 227660	ARK - 237060
STPM 700 (1,5mm)	700 mm	0,83 kg	ARK - 227070	ARK - 227670	ARK - 237070
STPM 800 (1,5mm)	800 mm	0,97 kg	ARK - 227080	ARK - 227680	ARK - 237080
STPM 900 (1,5mm)	900 mm	1,09 kg	ARK - 227090	ARK - 227690	ARK - 237090
STPM 1000 (1,5mm)	1 000 mm	1,21 kg	ARK - 227100	ARK - 227700	ARK - 237100
STPM 1100 (1,5mm)	1 100 mm	1,35 kg	ARK - 227110	ARK - 227710	ARK - 237110
STPM 3000 (1,5mm)	3 000 mm	3,50 kg	ARK - 227300	ARK - 227900	ARK - 237300

ARK - 227xxx ARK - 227xxx ARK - 237xxx

SZ ZD A2

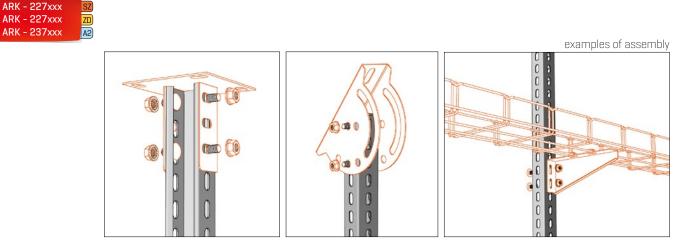
1 pc

1 pc

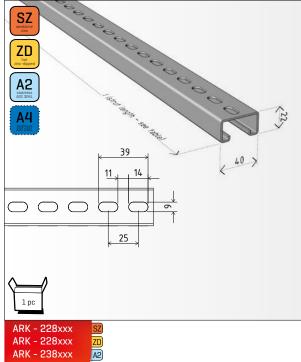
ARK - 227xxx

STPM (2.0 mm) spatial strut			
SZ COOLOGIO COLOCICIONES CONCERCIÓN COLOCICIÓN COLOCICICIÓN COLOCICICIÓN COLOCICICIÓN COLOCICICIÓN COLOCICICIÓN COLOCICICICO COLOCICICO COLOCIC		strut length [mm]	mass [kg/pc]
	STPM 1200 (2,0mm)	1 200 mm	1,96 kg
tar inc-depend	STPM 1300 (2,0mm)	1 300 mm	2,05 kg
	STPM 1400 (2,0mm)	1 400 mm	2,14 kg
	STPM 1500 (2,0mm)	1 500 mm	2,31 kg
	STPM 1600 (2,0mm)	1 600 mm	2,43 kg
	STPM 1700 (2,0mm)	1 700 mm	2,65 kg
e -	STPM 1800 (2,0mm)	1 800 mm	2,78 kg
39 , 40 >	STPM 1900 (2,0mm)	1 900 mm	2,90 kg
11. 14	STPM 2000 (2,0mm)	2 000 mm	3,10 kg
	STPM 2100 (2,0mm)	2 100 mm	3,21 kg
	STPM 2200 (2,0mm)	2 200 mm	3,38 kg
$\square \bigcirc \bigcirc$	STPM 2300 (2,0mm)	2 300 mm	3,52 kg
	STPM 2400 (2,0mm)	2 400 mm	3,66 kg
25	STPM 2500 (2.0mm)	2 500 mm	3 81 km

					<b>1</b>
	strut length [mm]	mass [kg/pc]	SZ sendzimir zinc (17-23 micron)	(80-90 micron)	A2 stainless AISI 3041
STPM 1200 (2,0mm)	1 200 mm	1,96 kg	ARK - 227120	ARK - 227720	ARK - 237120
STPM 1300 (2,0mm)	1 300 mm	2,05 kg	ARK - 227130	ARK - 227730	ARK - 237130
STPM 1400 (2,0mm)	1 400 mm	2,14 kg	ARK - 227140	ARK - 227740	ARK - 237140
STPM 1500 (2,0mm)	1 500 mm	2,31 kg	ARK - 227150	ARK - 227750	ARK - 237150
STPM 1600 (2,0mm)	1 600 mm	2,43 kg	ARK - 227160	ARK - 227760	ARK - 237160
STPM 1700 (2,0mm)	1 700 mm	2,65 kg	ARK - 227170	ARK - 227770	ARK - 237170
STPM 1800 (2,0mm)	1 800 mm	2,78 kg	ARK - 227180	ARK - 227780	ARK - 237180
STPM 1900 (2,0mm)	1 900 mm	2,90 kg	ARK - 227190	ARK - 227790	ARK - 237190
STPM 2000 (2,0mm)	2 000 mm	3,10 kg	ARK - 227200	ARK - 227800	ARK - 237200
STPM 2100 (2,0mm)	2 100 mm	3,21 kg	ARK - 227210	ARK - 227810	ARK - 237210
STPM 2200 (2,0mm)	2 200 mm	3,38 kg	ARK - 227220	ARK - 227820	ARK - 237220
STPM 2300 (2,0mm)	2 300 mm	3,52 kg	ARK - 227230	ARK - 227830	ARK - 237230
STPM 2400 (2,0mm)	2 400 mm	3,66 kg	ARK - 227240	ARK - 227840	ARK - 237240
STPM 2500 (2,0mm)	2 500 mm	3,81 kg	ARK - 227250	ARK - 227850	ARK - 237250
STPM 2600 (2,0mm)	2 600 mm	3,98 kg	ARK - 227260	ARK - 227860	ARK - 237260
STPM 2700 (2,0mm)	2 700 mm	4,09 kg	ARK - 227270	ARK - 227870	ARK - 237270
STPM 2800 (2,0mm)	2 800 mm	4,22 kg	ARK - 227280	ARK - 227880	ARK - 237280
STPM 2900 (2,0mm)	2 900 mm	4,39 kg	ARK - 227290	ARK - 227890	ARK - 237290
STPM 3000 (2,0mm)	3 000 mm	4,50 kg	ARK - 227302	ARK - 227902	ARK - 237302
STPM 6000 (2,0mm)	6 000 mm	9,00 kg	ARK - 227602	-	-

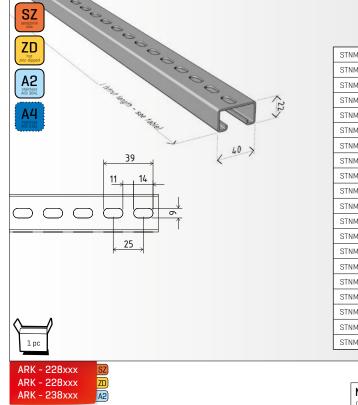


## STNM [1.5 mm] wall strut

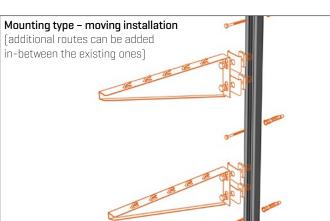


ARK - 228xxx ARK - 238xxx

## STNM (2.0 mm) wall strut



					$\times$
			SZ sendzimir zinc	ZD hat zinc-dipped	A2
	strut length [mm]	mass [kg/pc]	(17-23 micron)	(80-90 micron)	(AISI 304)
STNM 1200 (2,0mm)	1 200 mm	2,04 kg	ARK - 228120	ARK - 228720	ARK - 238120*
STNM 1300 (2,0mm)	1 300 mm	2,14 kg	ARK - 228130	ARK - 228730	ARK - 238130*
STNM 1400 (2,0mm)	1 400 mm	2,24 kg	ARK - 228140	ARK - 228740	ARK - 238140*
STNM 1500 (2,0mm)	1 500 mm	2,41 kg	ARK - 228150	ARK - 228750	ARK - 238150*
STNM 1600 (2,0mm)	1 600 mm	2,54 kg	ARK - 228160	ARK - 228760	ARK - 238160*
STNM 1700 (2,0mm)	1 700 mm	2,77 kg	ARK - 228170	ARK - 228770	ARK - 238170*
STNM 1800 (2,0mm)	1 800 mm	2,90 kg	ARK - 228180	ARK - 228780	ARK - 238180*
STNM 1900 (2,0mm)	1 900 mm	3,03 kg	ARK - 228190	ARK - 228790	ARK - 238190*
STNM 2000 (2,0mm)	2 000 mm	3,24 kg	ARK - 228200	ARK - 228800	ARK - 238200*
STNM 2100 (2,0mm)	2 100 mm	3,36 kg	ARK - 228210	ARK - 228810	-
STNM 2200 (2,0mm)	2 200 mm	3,53 kg	ARK - 228220	ARK - 228820	-
STNM 2300 (2,0mm)	2 300 mm	3,67 kg	ARK - 228230	ARK - 228830	-
STNM 2400 (2,0mm)	2 400 mm	3,82 kg	ARK - 228240	ARK - 228840	-
STNM 2500 (2,0mm)	2 500 mm	3,98 kg	ARK - 228250	ARK - 228850	-
STNM 2600 (2,0mm)	2 600 mm	4,16 kg	ARK - 228260	ARK - 228860	-
STNM 2700 (2,0mm)	2 700 mm	4,27 kg	ARK - 228270	ARK - 228870	-
STNM 2800 (2,0mm)	2 800 mm	4,39 kg	ARK - 228280	ARK - 228880	-
STNM 2900 (2,0mm)	2 900 mm	4,51 kg	ARK - 228290	ARK - 228890	-
STNM 3000 (2,0mm)	3 000 mm	4,70 kg	ARK - 228302	ARK - 228902	-
STNM 6000 (2,0mm)	6 000 mm	9,40 kg	ARK - 228602	-	-

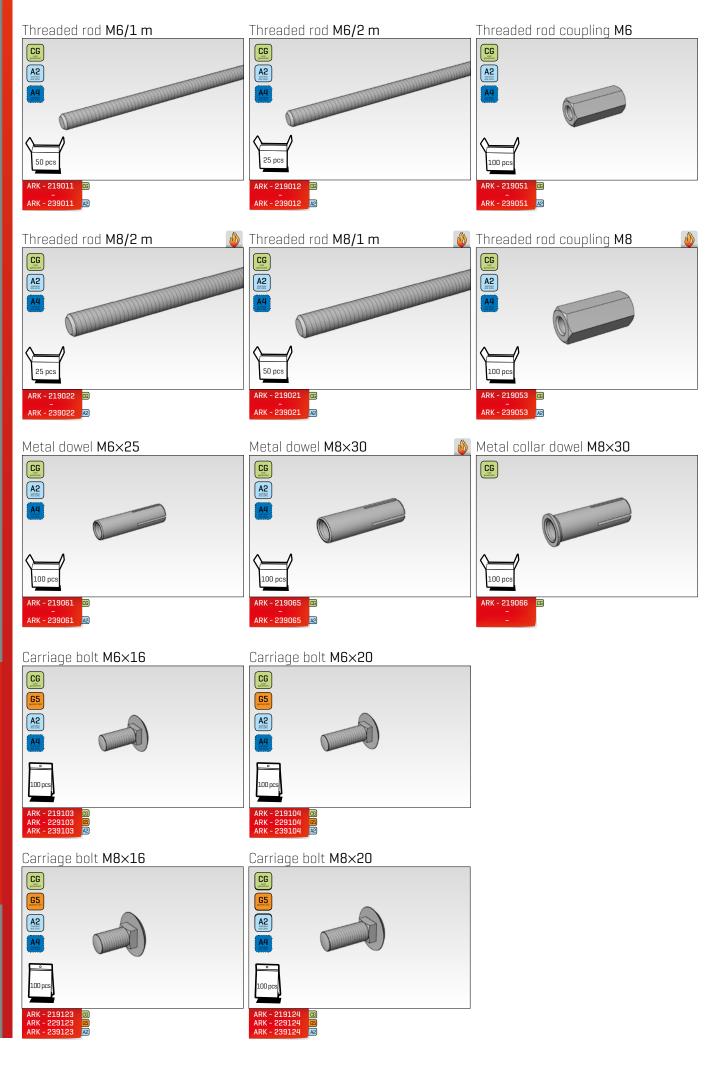


[\*] sheet metal thickness 1.5 mm

#### The struts of the STNM series are used for wall mounting of cable routes in places where the anchoring forces should be distributed in poor quality masonry.

Using rectangular nuts MSM/M6-M8 and positioning clamp (see p. 39), it is possible to add another cable route later.

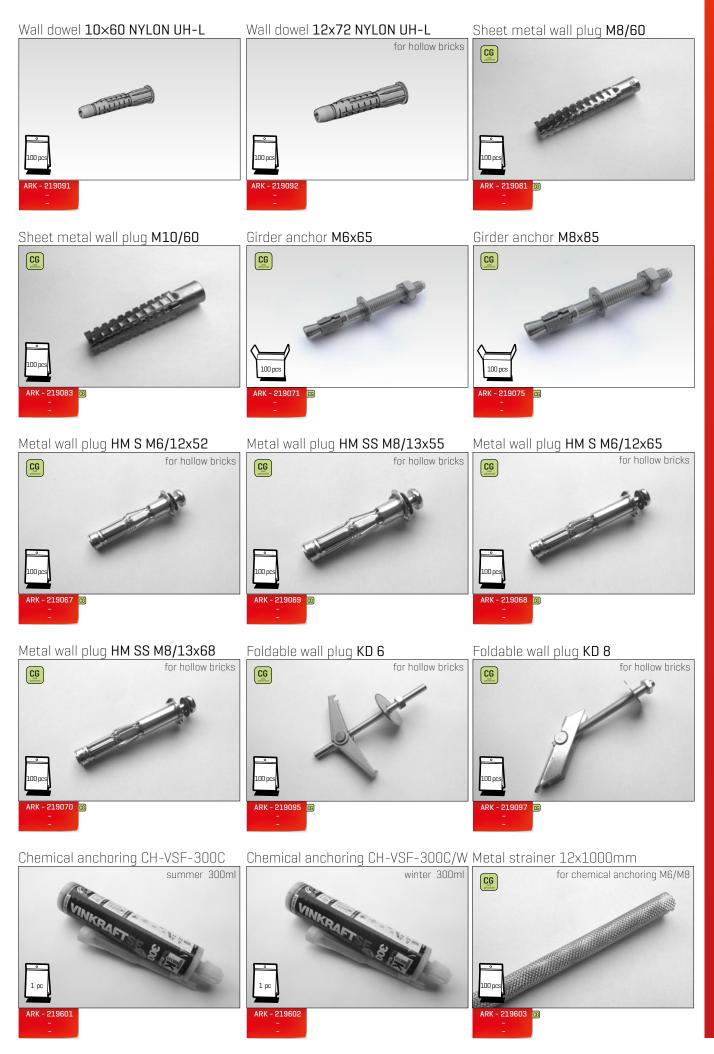
	strut length [mm]	mass [kg/pc]	SZ sendzimir zinc (17-23 micron)	ED sinc-dipped (80-90 micron)	A2 stainless AISI 304L (AISI 304I)
STNM 200 (1,5mm)	200 mm	0,24 kg	ARK - 228020	ARK - 228620	ARK - 238020
STNM 250 (1,5mm)	250 mm	0,30 kg	ARK - 228025	ARK - 228625	ARK - 238025
STNM 300 (1,5mm)	300 mm	0,36 kg	ARK - 228030	ARK - 228630	ARK - 238030
STNM 400 (1,5mm)	400 mm	0,54 kg	ARK - 228040	ARK - 228640	ARK - 238040
STNM 500 (1,5mm)	500 mm	0,61 kg	ARK - 228050	ARK - 228650	ARK - 238050
STNM 600 (1,5mm)	600 mm	0,73 kg	ARK - 228060	ARK - 228660	ARK - 238060
STNM 700 (1,5mm)	700 mm	0,83 kg	ARK - 228070	ARK - 228670	ARK - 238070
STNM 800 (1,5mm)	800 mm	0,97 kg	ARK - 228080	ARK - 228680	ARK - 238080
STNM 900 (1,5mm)	900 mm	1,09 kg	ARK - 228090	ARK - 228690	ARK - 238090
STNM 1000 (1,5mm)	1 000 mm	1,21 kg	ARK - 228100	ARK - 228700	ARK - 238100
STNM 1100 (1,5mm)	1 100 mm	1,35 kg	ARK - 228110	ARK - 228710	ARK - 238110
STNM 3000 (1,5mm)	3 000 mm	3,50 kg	ARK - 228300	ARK - 228900	ARK - 238300

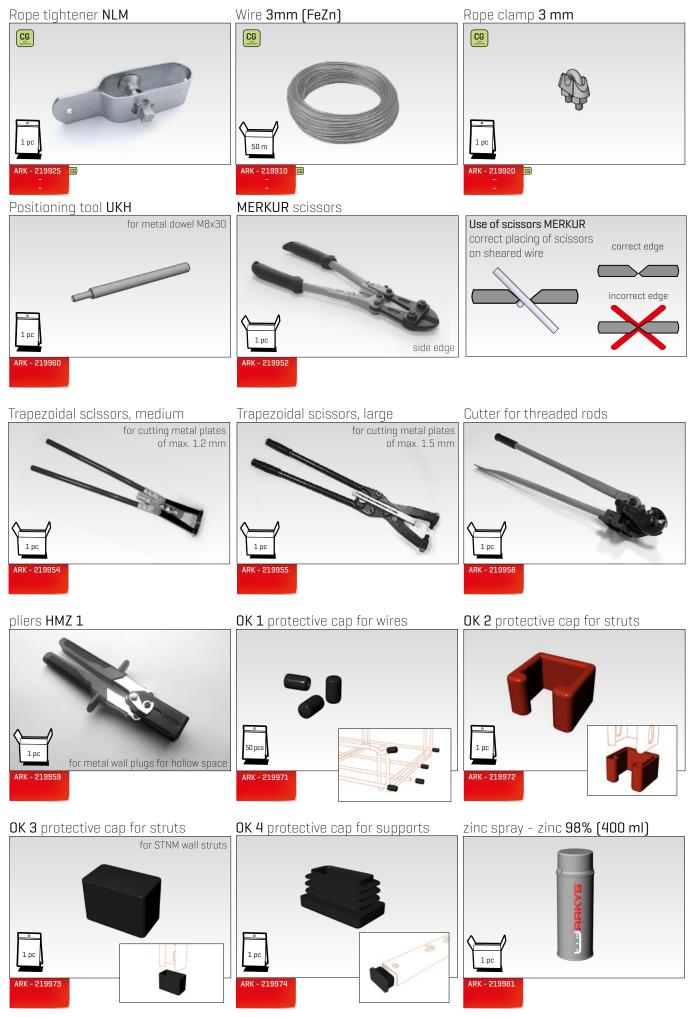


Hexagonal bolt <b>M6×16</b>	Hexagonal bolt M6×20	Hexagonal bolt <b>M6×40</b>
		A4
 100 pcs	0 100 pcs	00 pcs
ARK - 219163 📴 ARK - 239163 🔊	ARK - 219164 📧 ARK - 239164 📧	ARK - 219167 📴
Hexagonal bolt <b>M8×16</b>	Hexagonal bolt <b>M8×20</b>	Hexagonal bolt <b>M8×25</b>
100 pcs	° 100 pcs	° 100 pcs
ARK - 219183 📴	ARK - 219184 00	ARK - 219185 B
ARK - 239183 A2	ARK - 239184 🕺	ARK - 239185 A2
ARK - 239183 🛛	Hexagonal bolt M8×40	Hexagonal bolt M8x50
Hexagonal bolt M8×30	Hexagonal bolt M8×40	Hexagonal bolt <b>M8x50</b>
Hexagonal bolt <b>M8×30</b>	Hexagonal bolt <b>M8×40</b>	Hexagonal bolt <b>M8x50</b>
Hexagonal bolt M8×30	Hexagonal bolt M8×40	Hexagonal bolt M8x50
Hexagonal bolt M8×30	Hexagonal bolt M8×40	Hexagonal bolt M8x50
Hexagonal bolt M8×30	Hexagonal bolt M8×40	Hexagonal bolt M8x50
Hexagonal bolt M8×30	Hexagonal bolt M8×40	Hexagonal bolt M8x50
Hexagonal bolt M8×30	Hexagonal bolt M8×40	Hexagonal bolt M8x50
Hexagonal bolt M8×30	Hexagonal bolt M8×40	Hexagonal bolt M8x50

Washer <b>M8</b>	Large area washer <b>M6</b>	Large area washer M8
100 prs       ARK - 219320       ARK - 229320       ARK - 239320	100 pcs ARK - 219311 06 ARK - 239311 28	100 pcs ARK - 219321 ARK - 239321 2
Washer M10	Collar nut M6	Collar nut M8
ARK - 219330 3 ARK - 239330 2 Nut <b>M8</b>	ARK - 219411 D ARK - 229411 S ARK - 239411 Z	ARK - 219421 00 - 00 - 20
CG     G5       G5     Image: Constraint of the second se		
Hexagonal wood screw 6×60	Hexagonal wood screw 6×70 for metal wall plugs HM	Hexagonal wood screw 6×80 for metal wall plugs HM
ARK - 239510 B ARK - 239510 B	ARK - 219511 ARK - 239511 R	ARK - 219512 08 ARK - 239512 20
Hexagonal wood screw 8×70 for metal wall plugs HM	Hexagonal wood screw 8×90 for metal wall plugs HM	

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# FIRE RESISTANT MOUNTING ASSEMBLY MANUAL FOR ROUTES WITH FUNCTIONAL INTEGRITY

GENERAL INFORMATION ROUTES WITH FUNCTIONAL INTEGRITY ACCORDING TO CURVE OF CONSTANT TEMPERATURE "PH" ROUTES WITH FUNCTIONAL INTEGRITY ACCORDING TO NORM TEMPERATURE CURVE "P"

Tie resistance teste

50/50 GZ

p. 61 - 68

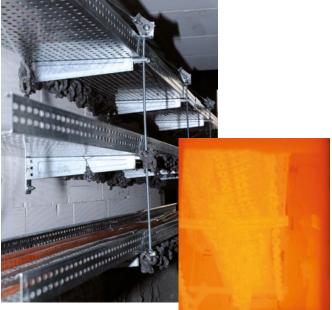
p. 69 - 78

5

Designing and implementing constructions so as to prevent the outbreak and further spreading of fire, whilst maintaining the protection of any endangered persons – these are the fundamental requirements of the regulations not only in the Czech Republic, but worldwide. Numerous active devices are installed in buildings in order to prevent the outbreak of fire, to prevent its spreading and to protect the persons threatened by the fire.

These devices include electric fire alarms, stationary fire quenching equipment, installations for drawing off heat and smoke, emergency lighting of escape routes etc. All of them need electric power supply for their operation and communication links with other elements of the safety system. That is why it is absolutely essential to retain the functionality of such power and communication circuits. Considering these reasons regulations have been implemented in the field of fire safety that deal with the problems of delivering electric power to the above-mentioned devices. Also the cable routes are part of this supply chain, and they shall remain functional in case of fire for permitting the end equipment to fulfil its function correctly.

The ability of the cable routes to fulfil their function even under extreme fire conditions is tested in specialized labs where the cable routes are installed in test chambers and then exposed to simulated fire conditions. The test of functional integrity, accordingly, does not concern only the separate cable trays, but their whole systems including the installed cabling and the carrying elements as a functional system. Based upon these tests the cable carrying systems are then designated by a class of functionality of the cable system P15[30, 60, 90, 120]-R, or PH P15[30, 60, 90, 120]-R, by which the respective testing institute confirms whether the given elements of the installation and their combinations are suitable for assembling fire resistant cable routes under the given parameters.



Detail of test chamber

## Temperature curves and what do P, PH and Pxx mean?

The designation "P" (alternatively "PH" or "Pxx") defines the type of the temperature curve (the anticipated development of temperature depending on the time during a simulated fire, as used for the test of functional integrity) that the cable routes with this designation is able to withstand.

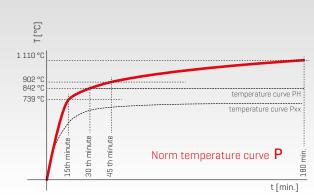
## Distortion as a consequence of extreme temperatures

Cable routes that are exposed to the effects of high temperatures succumb to distortions due to thermal dilatation of the trays, but also due to changes of the mechanical properties of the material they are made of. Both these factors account for the fact that distortions appear in the cable routes loaded by cabling, which is manifested in particular by sagging of the routes between the support points. Such distortions of the cable routes are logical and inevitable consequences of processes taking place under the exposure to high temperatures, and it is practically impossible to eliminate them. That is the reason why the deformation should not exceed certain limit values given by the functionality of the routes as a whole (e.g. the insulation layers of the cable route should occur as early as possible,

## Classification of functional integrity "P"

Under the P regime the cable routes are subject to strain of so called norm curve of temperature with following course of temperatures:

time	temperature reached in test chamber
15th minute	739 °C
30th minute	842 °C
45th minute	902 °C
60th minute	945 °C
90th minute	1 006 °C
120th minute	1 049 °C
180th minute	1 110 °C



## Classification of functional integrity "PH"

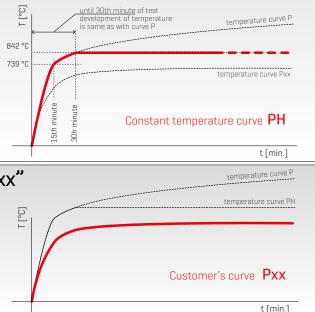
PH defines a temperature curve having the same course as during the classification of the P type until the 30th minute of the test. Beginning with the 30th minute the cable route is further subjected to constant temperature of 842 °C. This temperature curve has been designed specifically, because the majority of new and large facilities are equipped with stationary fire safety devices for active fire fighting. They reduce the temperatures within the given space during the fire (stable sprinklers, equipment for drawing off smoke and heat) and can prevent further increase of temperature above the test value of 842 °C. E.g. stable sprinkler extinguishers can be activated when temperature has increased above approximately 68 °C (according to the setting of the temperature fuse). This makes the

time	temperature reached in test chamber
15th minute	739 °C
30th minute	842 °C

## Classification of functional integrity "Pxx"

**Pxx** means that the manufacturer has chosen his own temperature curve fur the purpose of testing. According to his consideration the chosen test criteria should be sufficient from the technical and commercial viewpoints. The designation "xx" indicates the maximum temperature to which the cable route is exposed. installation of equipment withstanding temperatures of 1 000  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  obsolete and expensive.

Many end devices installed in fire resistant tracks have their maximum operating temperature only approximately 450 – 500 °C (e.g. fans etc.) and for their maintenance the temperature resistance according to the curve "PH" is sufficient.



ideally prior to the termination of the process of so called ceramising of the cables, while further deformation should either not take place at all, or remain as small as possible. This fact, along with the overall integrity of the route (i.e. during exposure to heat the overall failure of the cable should not occur, for instance due to the collapse of some carrying elements) is of decisive importance for the capacity of the cable track to duly fulfil its function in the course of a real fire.

#### How do fire resistant cables work?

The insulating sleeve sandwich of fire resistant cables is made of materials having current properties of insulating plastic materials under normal conditions (flexibility, electrical strength etc.). However, as opposed to current plastic material, when this type of cabling gets exposed to high temperatures, the plastic layers do not melt and burn out (which would later result in uncovering the cable core with the consequent short-circuit), but the insulating layers of fire resistant cables succumb to the process of so called ceramisation. During the process of ceramisation the plastic particles of the sleeve burn out while the filling melts into a consistent and conjoined layer that ensures the insulation function even in the course of long-

time exposure to high temperatures. Unfortunately these layers after the ceramisation are very brittle and sensitive to shape distortions. Consequently, for the functional integrity of the cable route, it is extremely important that the fire resistant cables are as protected as possible against potential distortions or another destructive interventions that may occur.

## Criteria for passing the resistance test

The whole set of cable routes and cabling creates one functional system where each part affects both the whole and the remaining parts. The interlinked system is also subject to influences that may seem negligible at first sight, and it is quite difficult to divide the system into single parts and to test them separately. Consequently, the fire resistance test shall always concern the complete functional route in which, in the course of exposure to temperatures according to the following temperature curves, the functionality of the electric circuits carried within the trays is checked at regular intervals. The only essential parameter, and also the sole criterion for the successful passing of the functional integrity test, is the 100% functionality of all electric circuits installed in the cable track over the whole duration of the test.

## Different mountings according to: ZP 27-2008, STN 92 0205 and DIN 4102-12

Because there are more suppliers of cable mesh trays on Czech market and of course more manufacturers of the cables, the basic cable tracks are defined in the testing regulations for simplification.

## NORM MOUNTING

#### example of wall mounting

Norm mounting is defined by regulations in a specific and detailed manner. In the case of cable mesh trays these requirements must be strictly fulfilled:

## REQUIREMENTS FOR **NORM MOUNTING** IMPLEMENTATION

width of cable trays max. 300 mm

height of sidewall 60 mm (exactly)

cantilever spacing 1200 mm (exactly)

sheet metal thickness 1.5 mm (exactly)

perforation share of cable tray 15%±5%

free ends of cantilevers shall be fixed with threaded rods

track loading 10 kg/m max.

If the above requirements have not been met – if the design differs in any of the points, the installation can not be considered as a "norm" and shall be handled as "not normed mounting".

#### ADVANTAGES

option of using cabling from manufacturer without realisation of the test itself. Also other cables than the ones that passed fire resistance tests with the given system can be deposited onto the structure (according to ZP 27/2008 and STN 92 0205:2010).

#### DISADVANTAGES

the main disadvantage of norm mounting as opposed to not normed mounting are higher material demands, and in particular a time consuming installation of the cable track. Of course, both lead to higher financial costs than in case of a comparable not normed mounting.

impossiblity to load a cable route with cabling over 10 Kg/m, irrespectively of tray size and of other elements of the route

60 mm sidewall height. For most manufacturers, it represents non typical production made on request and, accordingly, delivery terms of these trays tend to be longer in comparison to standard production (50 mm or 100 mm height). If the the defined requirements are fulfilled according to ZP 27-2008, STN 92 0205 a DIN 4102-12 we can test so called "norm" mounting, which is technically "sturdier" (smaller size, stronger walls etc.), or so called not normed mounting.

## NOT NORMED MOUNTING

example of wall mounting

If it is technically possible, i.e. if option of installation of the same type of cabling exists (for reasons of time availability, better price etc.) as the type that was tested by the manufacturer of the cable mesh trays, then not normed mounting is more beneficial.

## REQUIREMENTS FOR **NOT NORMED MOUNTING** IMPLEMENTATION

No specific requirements have been prescribed by regulation for not normed mounting.

### ADVANTAGES

higher loading capacity of route (up to 15 kg/m with Linear cable trays and from 2 up to 20 kg/m with MERKUR 2 cable trays)

better flexibility e.g. optional application of supports and threaded rods for spatial installation

less material – cost savings

considerably easier assembly – saving time needed for mounting

broader choice of components (especially tray sizes)

### DISADVANTAGES

necessity to maintain the same manufacturer and type of cabling which the given type of mounting was certified with

From the viewpoint of functionality of the cable route the chosen type of mounting (norm/not normed) is insigificant. What is important is fulfilling the requirements of the functional period. It is up to the designer and the supplying company which type of the cable track will be chosen as the more suitable one for the particular application.

# Specific impacts of standard upon wire mesh cable trays

Unfortunately the test regulation ZP 27/2008 has left the wire mesh trays aside down to the present day, offering only full-sheet tray alternatives for the "Norm route" (e.g. the LINEAR system) and for cable grids called "Ladders". **Due to this reason the wire mesh cable system cannot achieve classification for the time being (covering the so-called "Norm" execution of the respective mounting), since the standard does not offer such option.** Anyway, our cable mesh trays MERKUR 2 successfully passed the test of functional integrity, including under the P curve, as early as in 2011 and repeatedly in 2013.

# MERKUR 2 system from viewpoint of functional integrity tests and their impact upon the practice

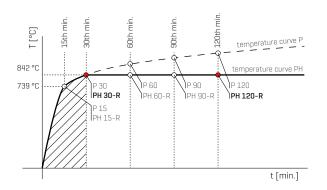
As to the actual utilization of the M2 system in practical operation, there are only two restrictions in the light of the present legal regulations, but they are not that substantial as they might seem at first sight.

#### 1. UTILISATION OF CABLING

Norm mounting, as opposed to the other types, permits the use of any cabling that fulfils separately the prescribed parameters of fire resistance. The classification of the not norm mounting is always related to the type of cabling with which it was tested. The M2 system has passed all tests with the installation of the PRAKAB, NKT and ELKOND [SK] cabling, representing the most readily available, most frequented, and also one of the most efficient ones as regards the price/performance ratio in our conditions. In the majority of cases this cable type has already been chosen by the customer in advance, or the originally suggested type can be easily replaced by these cables.

#### 2. TEMPERATURE CURVE AND THE MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE

The currently requested classifications for cable tracks are usually defined in relation to the "P" curve of temperature (see table on the next page). The testing of functional integrity of the M2 system was carried out according to the "PH" curve. However, the P and PH curves are very similar (see the following diagram). Both curves are fully identical until the 30<sup>th</sup> minute of the test, and only then they are seen to diverge. Whereas the P curve continues to rise slowly, the PH curve stagnates at the level of 842°C that has been reached exactly at the 30<sup>th</sup> test minute.



Considering the practice of implementing cable routes with the requirement of functional integrity during a fire (see table at the bottom of this page), it is obvious that the resistance of the route of 30 minutes and less is fully sufficient for the substantial part of applications. This means that in such cases the requirement of the building will be met by the "norm and not norm" execution alike, while the economic benefits of the latter go without saying (see comparison on the next page).

## Currently requested classification of functional integrity

for some selected examples of installation of fire safe routes for ensuring the fire security of buildings, see ČSN 730848 – cable distributions with functional integrity

field of application	specification of use	classification of functional integrity
	supply cabling of exchange	not functional (an exchange having its own battery)
electric fire alarms, including central	control cabling to elements that need only signal to switch over to their fire function without the need of the cabling further on	P 15-R
protection desks	command cabling to elements needing supply over the whole time of their operation, as ensured by EPS (flap valves held in open position by EPS tension, electric valves etc) – during their functioning	P 15-R up to P 90-R (PH 90-R)
stationary and automatic, semi-stable	stable - powering fire pumps	P 30-R up to P 90-R (PH 90-R)
extinguishers, and auxiliary	semi-stable	not functional (no power needed)
extinguishing equipment	auxiliary - depending on project	no determination in advance (depending on the project)
equipment for drawing off heat	fire fans	P 30-R
and smoke	smoke flap valves	P 30-R
pumps for fire fighting water		min. P 30-R
door opening		acc. to chosen type, usually P 15-R
door closing		acc. to chosen type, usually P 15-R
broadcasting		P 30-R
energy liebte	according to Czech Standards	P 15-R up to P 60-R(PH 60-R)
emergency lights	according to European Standards	P 60-R (PH 60-R)
air conditioning	switching off air conditioning	P 15-R
fire elevator		P 45-R (PH 45-R)
evacuation elevator		P 45-R (PH 45-R)
openings for the air inlet		openings for air inlet depending on type, usually P 15-R up to P 30-R
fans	fans for aeration of protected escape routes	P 15-R up to P 60-R (PH 60-R)

extract from the classification protocol of MERKUR 2 System

extract from the classification protocol of LINEAR 1 System

PAVUS ®	PAVUS, a.s. AUTORIZOVARA OSOBA AO 216		PAVUS, a.s.		
R Čislo zakázky : 510021/Z220100059	POŽÁRNĚ KLASIFIKAČNÍ OSVĚDČENÍ POŽÁRNĚ KLASIFIKAČNÍ OSVĚDČENÍ POŽÁRNÍ ODOLNOSTI č. PKO-10-002 provjrobek MOSNÉ KABELOVÉ SYSTÉMY MERKUR 2 Protokolu o zkoušce požární odolnosti č. FIRES-FR-161-09-AUNS č. FIRES-FR-175-09-NUIS Stanoviska k funkčnosti při požáru s klasifikací č. FIRES-FR-175-09-NUIS Stanoviska k funkčnosti při požáru s klasifikací č. FIRES-JR-076-09-NURS Dijednatel: K.B.K. fire, s.r.o. Rudná 1117/30a TO3 00 Ostrava Mýrobce: ARKYS, s.r.o. Pořetánecká 1 č27 00 Brno Normativní podklady: Požárně klasifikační osvědčení obsahuje 12 stran textu + 12 stran přiloh Počet výlisků: 4 Vytisk číslo: 1	Čislo zakázky :         512111//2220120276	POŽÁRNĚ KLASIFIKAČNÍ OSVĚDČENÍ POŽÁRNÍ ODOLNOSTI č. PKO-12-034 pro výrobek Nosné kabelové konstrukce – systémy LINEAR 1 provedené na základě: Protokolu o zkoušce FIRES-FR-087-11-AUNS Stanoviska k funkčnosti při požáru s klasifikaci FIRES-FR-035.11-AUN Objednate: K.B.K. fire, s.r.o. Rudná 1117/30a 703 00 Ostrava – Vilkovice Výrobce: Ardig Elektřik San. ve Tic. Ltd. Şti. Evren mah. Bahar cad. No: 2 Güneşii - Bağcılar / Istanbul Turecko Dodavatel: ARKYS, s.r.0 Podstránská 1 627 00 Brno výhradní dodavatel nosného systému výr. ARDIC pro ČR a SR Normativní podklady: Zkušební předpis ZP 27/2008 PAVUS, a.s. sPro stanovení tíhdý ruňknosti kabeli k abelových nosných konstrukcí – kabelových tras v případě požáruk		
	PROSECVA 41274 (1000 PT4414 6 - PROEEx, e-mail: <u>publicanus</u> , et al. (1001 <u>Ware associate</u> (2) 0191374 (2) 02 0291374 (2) 02 Werdenin Metalejim asuden v Praza 038 (8, vialta 2306, 144, 4-20 380 019 697 Pt-420 880 019 600 Pacidas V arefor al Lafore Charles (2) 02 019 61 (2) 02 01 0		PROSECK4 1274, 190 00 FRAMA 8 – PROSECK, e-wilk malificativator http://temisterus.co 10. destatrix, DID: C202103714, DI + OR weboen: Massing is societin v Praze oddl B, visitve 2309. Text: -420 284 (Text: 278 Frame -400 284 (195 00 PROSEC Versific Hall Labor V - 140 - 284 (201 271 - 485 - 494 201 487 474 19) - 781 - 440 281 (271 481 Frame -400 281 474 19)		

the classification protocol of MERKUR 2 System



FIRES, s r.o., Osloboditeľov 282, 059 35 Balizovce, Slovenské republika tel. 0421 52 775 22 98, fax. 0421 52 786 14 12, <u>www.fires.sk</u> Notříkovaná osoba č. 1396, Autorizovaná osoba reg. č. SK01, Člen EGOLF

MERKUR INSTALLATION OF ROUTES WITH FUNCTIONAL INTEGRITY ACCORDING TO CURVE OF CONSTANT TEMPERATURE "PH" WITH CLASSIFICATION: PH 120-R

PH 120-R PS<sub>842</sub> 120 E 90

resistance te

## Wall mounting **not normed** | on NZM cantilevers

	ROUTE CAPACITY		"РН"
- Les	sideboard size 50 mm	high current Iow current	up to 18 kg * up to 18 kg *
	sideboard size 100 mm	high current low current	up to 20 kg * up to 20 kg *
used for current horizontal guiding of one or more storeys of cable	MOUNTING LIMITS	*]	) see table on p. 16
routes over vertical walls of buildings. This type of installation can be used both for high current and low current circuits.	maximum spacing of supports		1 000 mm

A B B CO \_\_NZM cantilever

balanced distribution of cantilever load with centre of gravity	
possibly close to its root	

cables shall be attached to the tray by SONAP clamps

at the beginning and the end of each bend

APPLIED ELEMENTS
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APPLIED ELEMENTS	order code
MERKUR 2 50 - 500/50 - 100 tray	ARK-2×1
SZM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010
NZM 50 - 500 cantilever	ARK-2×62

(x) position indicating type of surface finish positions indicating specific dimension ںت

functional integrity according to temperature curve "PH" in classification according to regulations:		ZP 27/2008	STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
high current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30
low current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30

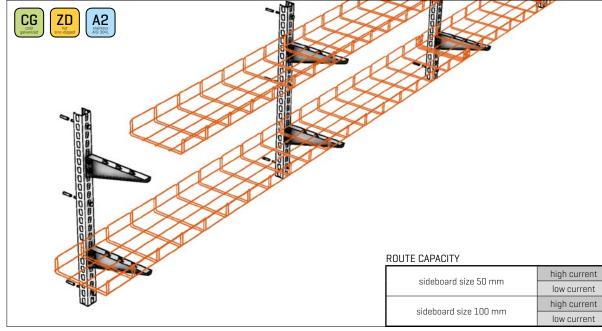
	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
constant temperature	Drokoh	high current	type PRADIaDur 1-CSKH-V 180; P30-R, PH-120-R, PS30, E30 B2ca s1d0
curve "PH"	Prakab	low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1

"PH"

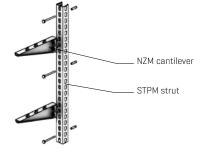
up to 18 kg \*

up to 18 kg  $^{st}$ 

## Compound wall mounting **not normed** | on STPM struts



used for current horizontal guiding of one or more storeys of cable routes over vertical walls of buildings. Also possible for more loaded routes attached to walls with difficult anchoring.



sideboard size 100 mm	high current	up to 20 kg *		
31065061 0 3128 100 MM	low current	up to 20 kg *		
MOUNTING LIMITS	(	*) see table on p. 16		
maximum spacing of supports		1 000 mm		
max. spacing of anchoring points	s on the strut	400 mm		
max. number of levels/rows of c	able trays	3		
min. spacing of cantilevers on o (the STPM 300 strut can accom only one storey of cable track)		300 mm		
cables shall be attached to tray by SONAP clamps at the beginning and the end of each bend				
balanced distribution of cantilever load with centre of gravity possibly close to its root				

APPLIED ELEMENTS	order code
MERKUR 2 50 - 500/50 - 100 tray	ARK-2×1
SZM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010
NZM 50 - 500 cantilever	ARK-2×50 سے
STPM strut	ARK-227

(x) position indicating type of surface finish

functional integrity according to temperature curve "PH" in classification according to regulations:		ZP 27/2008	STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
high current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30
low current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30

	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
constant temperature	Prakab	high current	type PRADIaDur 1-CSKH-V 180; P30-R, PH-120-R, PS30, E30 B2ca s1d0
curve "PH"	Prakad	low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1

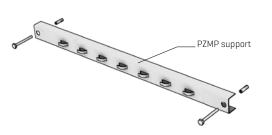
## Flat (ascending) installation not normed | on PZMP supports





0000000

used for vertical guiding of tracks in one or more parallel channels of trays upon vertical surfaces of the building. The cabling shall always be attached to the trays by SONAP clamps. This type of installation can be also used horizontally, including routes under the ceiling (see pictures).



implementation of retaining bends in vertical route

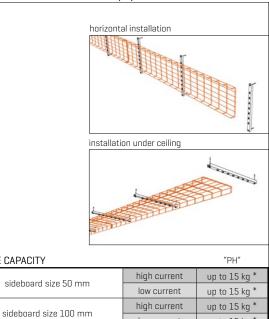
Some specialized solutions of retaining positions offered by other suppliers are also available, e.g. ZSE90 pull relief box.

-

functional integrity according to temperature curve "PH" in classification according to regulations:		ZP 27/2008	STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
high current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30
low current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30

cabling used in testing:

	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
constant temperatur	e Prakab	high current	type PRADIaDur 1-CSKH-V 180; P30-R, PH-120-R, PS30, E30 B2ca s1d0
curve "PH	" Prakau	low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1



low current

up to 15 kg \*

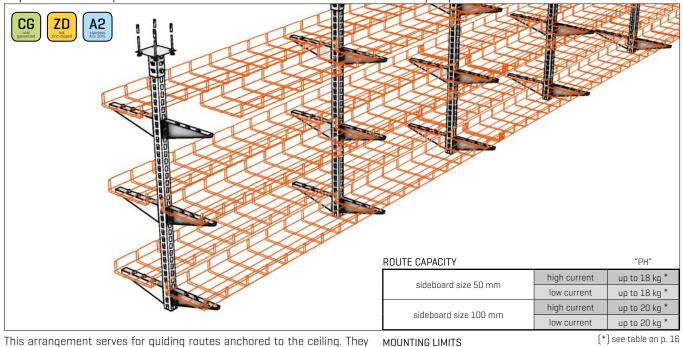
MOUNTING LIMITS	(*) see table on p. 16 
maximum spacing of supports	1 000 mm
maximum spacing of SONAP clamps (i.e. fixed to each third cross beam)	300 mm
max. length of vertical section of route, in case of longer vertical sections, the route shall be provided with retaining bends (see picture) or with certified installation box for pulling tension relief of the cables	3 500 mm

ROUTE CAPACITY

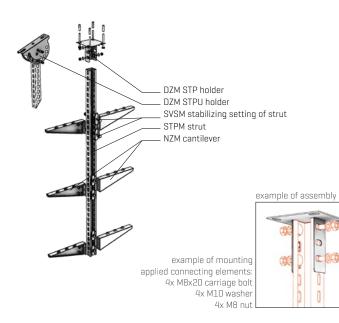
APPLIED ELEMENTS	order code
MERKUR 2 50 - 300 /50 - 100 tray	ARK-2×1
SZM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010
PZMP 100 - 300 support	ARK-2×62

(x) position indicating type of surface finish positions indicating specific dimension

## Spatial suspended installation not normed | upon STPM struts



can be installed on one or more levels on struts. Such solution is particularly well adapted for complex routes with crossing on different levels.



MOUNTING	LIMITS
----------	--------

maximum spacing of supports	1 000 mm		
maximum load of one strut	100 kg		
max. number of levels/rows of cable trays	3		
distance between routes at the strut in installations of several levels shall be at least	300 mm		
cables shall be fixed by SONAP clamps at the beginning and the end of each bend			
symmetric and balanced distribution of load to prevent deflections of strut			

#### APPLIED ELEMENTS order code MERKUR 2 50 - 500/50 - 100 tray ARK-2×1 ARK-2×3010 SZM 1 coupling NZM 50 - 500 cantilever ARK-2×50 STPM strut ARK-218958 SVSM stabilizing setting of strut DZM STP holder ARK-2×4300 DZM STPU holder ARK-2×4310

(x) position indicating type of surface finish

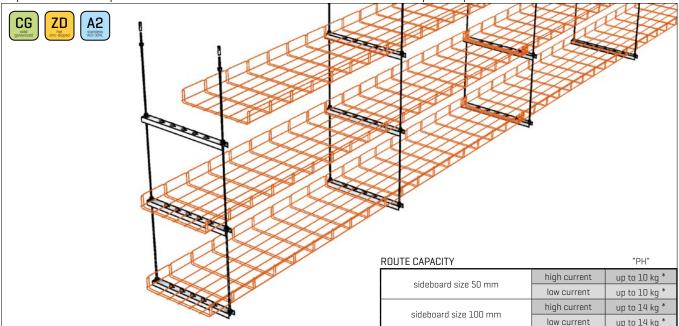
பட positions indicating specific dimension

functional integrity according to temperature curve "PH" in classification according to regulations:		ZP 27/2008	STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
high current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30
low current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30

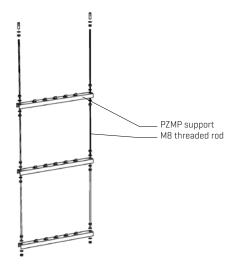
	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
constant temperature	Durahash	high current	type PRADIaDur 1-CSKH-V 180; P30-R, PH-120-R, PS30, E30 B2ca s1d0
curve "PH" Prakab		low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1

# MERKUR 2

## Spatial suspended installation **not normed** | on pairs of threaded rods



used for spatial guiding of routes anchored to the ceiling. The cable routes can be installed in one or more parallel cable tray channels. It is based upon current spatial assembly using threaded rods.



	IUW CUITEIIC	up to 14 kg			
MOUNTING LIMITS (*) see table on p.					
maximum spacing of threaded	rods	1 000 mm			
maximum load of one pair of th	readed rods	50 kg			
max. number of levels/rows of a	cable trays	3			
minimum height distance of supports in case of multiple track assembly		300 mm			
cables shall be fixed by SONAP clamps at the beginning and at the end of each bend					
balanced loading of supports to enable uniform load distribution between both rods of pair					
APPLIED ELEMENTS order cod					

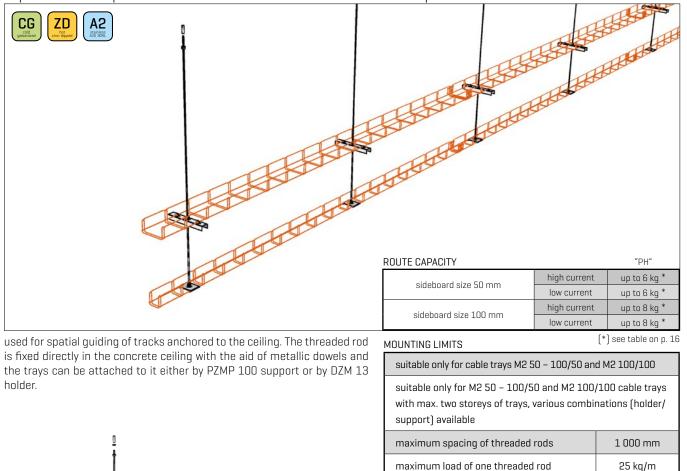
MERKUR 2 50 - 500/50 - 100 tray	ARK-2×1
SZM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010
PZMP 100 - 500 support	ARK-2×62
M8 threaded rod	ARK-2×9021

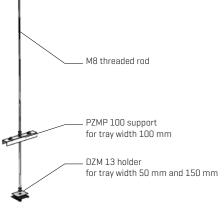
(x) position indicating type of surface finish سںpositions indicating specific dimension

functional integrity according to temperature cur in classification according to regulations:	ZP 27/2008	STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11	
		21 2772000		Bin HOE TEHOOD II
high current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30
low current	Prakab	PH 120-R*	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30

	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
constant temperature	Dealeah	high current	type PRADIaDur 1-CSKH-V 180; P30-R, PH-120-R, PS30, E30 B2ca s1d0
curve "PH" Prakab		low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1

## Spatial suspended installation **not normed** | on threaded rods





APPLIED ELEMENTS order code						
M2 50-100/50 a M2 100/100 tray	ARK-2×1					
SZM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010					
PZMP 100 support	ARK-2×6210					
DZM 13 holder	ARK-2×4130					
M8 threaded rod	ARK-2×9021					

cables shall be attached by SONAP clamps at the beginning

min. distance between the storeys in case of multiple installation of routes on one

threaded rod

and at the end of each bend

(x) position indicating type of surface finish

300 mm

functional integrity according to temperature cu in classification according to regulations:	ZP 27/2008	STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11	
high current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30
low current	Prakab	PH 120-R	PS <sub>842</sub> 120	E 30

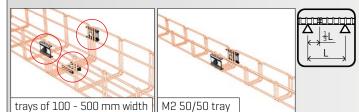
	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
constant temperature	Duckah	high current	type PRADIaDur 1-CSKH-V 180; P30-R, PH-120-R, PS30, E30 B2ca s1d0
curve "PH"	Prakab	low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1

## MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE LOAD VALUES OF MERKUR 2 CABLE TRACKS

	loading capacity depending upon execution						fire resi according to	
	simple horizontal using NZM	compound horizontal on STPM strut	ascending on PZMP supports	suspended on STPM struts	suspended on M8 rod pairs	suspended on M8 single rods	high current	low current
M2 50/50	3 kg	3 kg	3 kg	3 kg	3 kg	3 kg	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 100/50	6 kg	6 kg	6 kg	6 kg	6 kg	6 kg	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 150/50	9 kg	9 kg	9 kg	9 kg	8 kg	-	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 200/50	12 kg	12 kg	10 kg	12 kg	10 kg	-	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 250/50	14 kg	14 kg	10 kg	14 kg	10 kg	-	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 300/50	14 kg	14 kg	15 kg	14 kg	10 kg	-	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 400/50	16 kg	16 kg	-	16 kg	12 kg (*)	-	PH120-R	P30-R/PH120-R *
M2 500/50	18 kg	18 kg	-	18 kg	12 kg (*)	-	PH120-R	P30-R/PH120-R*
M2 100/100	8 kg	8 kg	8 kg	8 kg	8 kg	8 kg	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 150/100	10 kg	10 kg	10 kg	10 kg	10 kg	-	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 200/100	13 kg	13 kg	12 kg	13 kg	12 kg	-	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 250/100	16 kg	16 kg	14 kg	16 kg	12 kg	-	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 300/100	18 kg	18 kg	15 kg	18 kg	12 kg	-	PH120-R	PH120-R
M2 400/100	18 kg	18 kg	-	18 kg	14 kg	-	PH120-R	P30-R
M2 500/100	20 kg	20 kg	-	20 kg	14 kg	-	PH120-R	P30-R

(\*) Due to the test course two mesh tray widths, M2 400 and M2 500 for low current circuits, did not obtain full certification (PH 120-R) and can only be used with P30-R certification. However, they complied with the PH 120-R certification conditions in the suspended installation type on pairs of rods. The test outcome may have been biased by the fact that the MERKUR 2 specimen were located in extremely exposed parts of the filled test chamber. However, this fact does not represent a real disadvantage, since the required fire resistance of low current distribution cableways usually does not exceed 30 minutes. If higher resistance should be obligatory, then another size of the available M2 cable tray system with full certification can be the right option.

## Connecting cable trays with SZM 1 couplings



The compliance with high requirements regarding stiffness can only be achieved by using at least three SZM 1 couplings when assembling the cable mesh trays. Two of them shall be located at the side walls and one at the bottom of the tray. There is only one exception to this rule, namely the M2 50/50 mesh tray where two connecting elements will do, as shown in the picture on the left. No coupling may be located above the support point. The ideal position is at 1/3 of the distance between the support points.

## Often disregarded connotations



The weakest element of an installation is decisive for the overall resistance of a cable route. That is why it should be kept in mind that even the sturdiest execution of a cable track with best craftsmanship can be jeopardized by poor cabling, inappropriate anchoring, designing the route through risky places and other aspects of the project and the implementation of the cable track.

## Anchorage to the building



It is very important to pay enough attention to the right choice and execution of the anchorage of the bearing elements of cable routes to the structures (e.g. by bolts with metal dowels). If needed, we are ready to suggest an appropriate method of anchoring the bearing components for the cable routes suitable for your planned implementation.

## Supplementary installation elements for cable tracks with functional integrity



For the cable routes with required fire resistant functional integrity it is necessary to use suitable installation components. During the installation of cable tracks within the Merkur 2 system it is possible to take the advantage of using installation box type 8117 PO16 (manufactured by Kopos Kolín), which have classification P 30-R. This type of boxes may be used with all wire mesh trays on high current tracks. The boxes themselves are not classified for low current tracks.

We recommend that the representatives of installing companies consult individual solutions of cabling and supporting components with business-technical managers of the company Arkys, s.r.o. - find your regional contact at www.arkys.cz

# MERKUR INSTALLATION OF ROUTES WITH FUNCTIONAL INTEGRITY ACCORDING TO NORM TEMPERATURE CURVE "P" WITH CLASSIFICATION:

P 90-R PS 90 E 90

<sup>resistance te</sup>

## Wall mounting **not normed** | on NZM cantilevers

EZ Brand Bra			
	ROUTE CAPACITY		" <del>P</del> "
		high current	16 kg
	ROUTE CAPACITY sideboard size 50 mm	low current	16 kg 16 kg
			16 kg

used for current horizontal guiding of one or more storeys of cable routes over vertical walls of buildings. This type can be used both for high current and low current circuits.



MOUNTING	2 TIMI I
	LIMING

maximum spacing of supports	1 000 mm		
cables shall be attached to tray by SONAP clamps at the beginning and at the end of each bend			
balanced distribution of cantilever load with th ty possibly close to its root	ne centre of gravi-		

APPLIED ELEMENTS	order code
MERKUR 2 50 - 500/50 - 100 tray	ARK-2×1
SZM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010
NZM 50 - 500 cantilever	ARK-2×62

(x) position indicating type of surface finish  ${\scriptstyle \Box}{\scriptstyle \Box}$  positions indicating specific dimension

functional integrity according to temperature in classification according to regulations:	e curve "P"		ZP 27/2008	STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
	NKT		P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
	Duchah	\$ 50 mm	P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
high current	Prakab	\$100 mm	P 30-R	PS 30	E 30
	Elkond HHK	\$ 50 mm	P 30-R	PS 30	E 30
		\$100 mm	P 15-R	PS 15	E 15
NKT		-	-	-	
low current	Prakab		P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
	Elkond HHK		P 30-R	PS 30	E 30

cabling used in testing:	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
	NKT cables	high current	type NOPOVIC 1-CXKH-V FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		low current	not supplied by manufacturer
norm temperature	emperature curve "P" Elkond HHK (SK)	high current	type PRAFlaDur 90 (N)HXH-J FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
curve "P"		low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		high current	type 1-CXKH-V P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		low current	type SHXKFH-V180 Lg P90-R B2ca s1d1a1

"P"

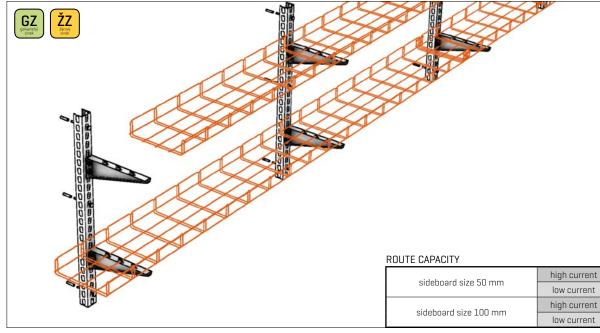
16 kg

16 kg

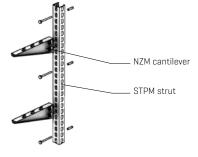
20 kg

20 kg

## Compound wall mounting **not normed** | on STPM struts



used for current horizontal guiding of one or more storeys of cable routes over vertical walls of buildings. Also possible for more loaded routes attached to walls with difficult anchoring.



MOUNTING LIMITS						
maximum spacing of supports	1 000 mm					
max. spacing of anchoring points on the strut	400 mm					
max. number of levels/rows of cable trays	3					
min. spacing of cantilevers on one strut (the STPM 300 strut can accommodate only one storey of cable route)	300 mm					
cables shall be attached to the tray by SONAP clamps at the beginning and at the end of each bend						
balanced distribution of cantilever load with the centre of gravi- ty possibly close to its root						

APPLIED ELEMENTS	order code
MERKUR 2 50 - 500/50 - 100 tray	ARK-2×1
SZM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010
NZM 50 - 500 cantilever	ARK-2×50 س
STPM strut	ARK-227

(x) position indicating type of surface finish

functional integrity according to temperatu in classification according to regulations:	re curve "P"		ZP 27/2008	STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
	NKT		P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
	Drokeh	\$ 50 mm	P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
high current	Prakab	\$100 mm	P 30-R	PS 30	E 30
	Elkond HHK	\$ 50 mm	P 30-R	PS 30	E 30
		\$100 mm	P 15-R	PS 15	E 15
	NKT		-	-	-
low current	Praka	ıb	P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
	Elkond HHK		P 30-R	PS 30	E 30

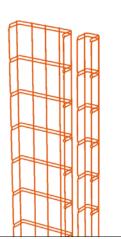
cabling used in testing:	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
	NKT cables	high current	type NOPOVIC 1-CXKH-V FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		low current	not supplied by manufacturer
norm temperature	Prakab Elkond HHK [SK]	high current	type PRAFlaDur 90 (N)HXH-J FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
curve "P"		low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		high current	type 1-CXKH-V P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		low current	type SHXKFH-V180 Lg P90-R B2ca s1d1a1

ŽΖ

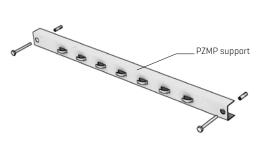
GΖ

## Flat (ascending) installation **not normed** | on PZMP supports





used for vertical guiding of routes in one or more parallel channels of trays upon vertical surfaces of the building. The cabling shall be always attached to the trays by SONAP clamps. This type of installation can be also used horizontally, including routes under the ceiling (see pictures).



NKT

Prakab

Elkond HHK

NKT Prakab

Elkond HHK

cabling type

high current

low current

high current

low current

high current

low current

high current

low current

cabling used in testing:

norm temperature

curve "P

manufacturer

NKT cables

Prakab

Elkond HHK [SK]

	SZM 1 coupling		ARK-2×3010
	PZMP 100 - 300 supp	ort	ARK-2×62
implementation of retaining bends in a vertical route		c 91	indicating type of surface finish is indicating specific dimension
Some specialized solutions of retaining positions offered by other suppliers are also available, e.g. ZSE90 pull relief box.			
functional integrity according to temperature curve "P" in classification according to regulations:	STN 92 0	205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11

P 90-R

P 30-R

P 60-R

P 30-R

P 90-R

cabling used in testing

not supplied by manufacturer

APPLIED ELEMENTS

MERKUR 2 50 - 300 /50 - 100 tray

**PS 90** 

**PS 30** 

**PS 60** 

**PS 30** 

**PS 90** 

type NOPOVIC 1-CXKH-V FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1

type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1

type 1-CXKH-V P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1

type SHXKFH-V180 Lg P90-R B2ca s1d1a1

type PRADIaDur 1-CSKH-V 180; P30-R, PH-120-R, PS30, E30 B2ca s1d0

horizontal installation installation under the ceiling -"P"

#### ROUTE CAPACITY

		1
sideboard size 50 mm	high current	10 kg
	low current	10 kg
sideboard size 100 mm	high current	10 kg
	low current	10 ka

MOUNTING LIMITS

maximum spacing of supports	1 000 mm
maximum spacing of SONAP clamps (i.e. fixed to every third cross beam)	300 mm
max. length of vertical section of route, in case of longer vertical sections, the route shall be provided with retaining bends (see picture) or with certified installation box for pulling tension relief of the cables	3 500 mm

order code

ARK-2×1\_\_\_

E 90

E 30

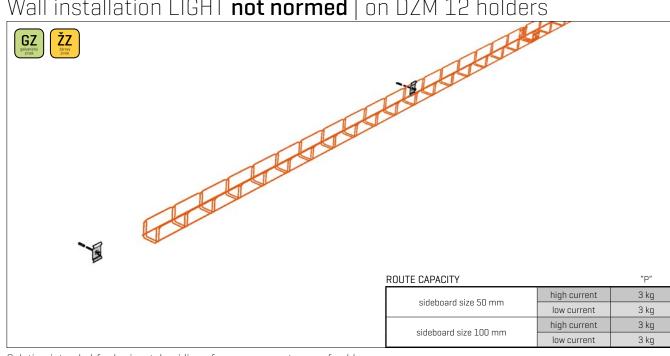
E 60

E 30

E 90

72	

#### Wall installation LIGHT not normed | on DZM 12 holders



Solution intended for horizontal guiding of one or more storeys of cable routes on vertical surfaces of the buildings. It is approved exclusively for the M2 50/50 cable tray and can be recommended as an economic solution of simple communication cable routes.

installation approved for M2 50/50 tray only	
maximum spacing of supports	1 250 mm

maximum spacing of supports

APPLIED ELEMENTS	order code
MERKUR 2 50 /50 tray	ARK-2×1110
SZM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010
DZM 12 holder	ARK-2×4120

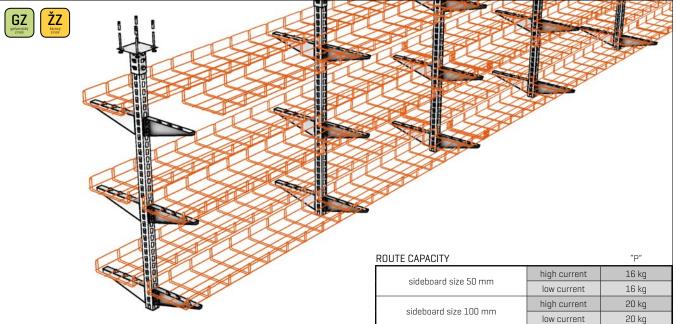
. DZM 12 holder

(x) position indicating type of surface finish

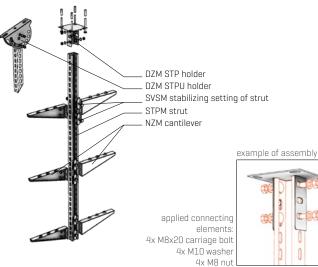
functional integrity according to temperature curve "P" in classification according to regulations:			STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
	NKT	-	-	-
high current	Prakab	P 90-R	PS 90	E 90
	Elkond HHK	P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
	NKT	-	_	-
low current	Prakab	P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
	Elkond HHK	P 90-R	PS 90	E 90

cabling used in testing:	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
NKT cables		-	-
		low current	not supplied by manufacturer
norm temperature	Prakab	high current	type PRAFlaDur 90 (N)HXH-J FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
curve "P"		low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		high current	type 1-CXKH-V P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
	Elkond HHK (SK)	low current	type SHXKFH-V180 Lg P90-R B2ca s1d1a1

#### Spatial suspended installation **not normed** | on STPM struts



This arrangement serves for guiding routes anchored to the ceiling. They can be installed on one or more levels on struts. Such solution is particularly well adapted for complex tracks with crossing on different levels.



MOUNTING LIMITS

APPLIED ELEMENTS

maximum spacing of supports	1 000 mm			
maximum load of one strut	100 kg			
max. number of levels/rows of cable trays	3			
distance between routes at the strut in in- stallations of several levels shall be at least				
cables shall be fixed by SONAP clamps at the beginning and at the end of each bend				
symmetric and balanced distribution of load to prevent deflections of the strut				

MERKUR 2 50 - 500/50 - 100 tray ARK-2x1\_\_\_\_ SZM 1 coupling ARK-2x3010 NZM 50 - 500 cantilever ARK-2x50\_\_\_ STPM strut ARK-2x7\_\_\_\_ SVSM stabilizing setting of strut ARK-218958 DZM STP holder ARK-2x4300 DZM STPU holder ARK-2x4310

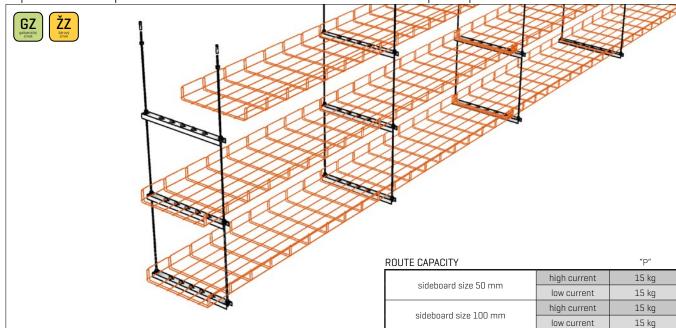
(x) position indicating type of surface finish

order code

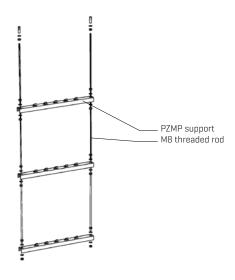
functional integrity according to temperature curve "P" in classification according to regulations:			ZP 27/2008	STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
	NKT		P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
	Prakab	\$ 50 mm	P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
high current		\$100 mm	P 30-R	PS 30	E 30
	Elkond HHK	\$ 50 mm	P 30-R	PS 30	E 30
		\$100 mm	P 15-R	PS 15	E15
		Г	-	-	-
low current	Prakab		P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
	Elkond HHK		P 30-R	PS 30	E 30

cabling used in testing:	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
	NI/T asking	high current	type NOPOVIC 1-CXKH-V FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
NKT cables		low current	not supplied by manufacturer
norm temperature	n temperature Prakab	high current	type PRAFlaDur 90 (N)HXH-J FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
curve "P"	Ргакар	low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		high current	type 1-CXKH-V P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
	Elkond HHK [SK]	low current	type SHXKFH-V180 Lg P90-R B2ca s1d1a1

### Spatial suspended installation **not normed** | on pairs of threaded rods



used for spatial guiding of routes anchored to the ceiling. The cable routes can be installed in one or more parallel cable tray channels. It is based on current spatial assembly using threaded rods.



MOUNTING LIMITS

maximum spacing of threaded rods	1 000 mm		
maximum load of one pair of threaded rods	50 kg		
max. number of levels/rows of cable trays	3		
minimum vertical distance of the supports in case of multiple route assembly 300 m			
cables shall be fixed by SONAP clamps at the beginning and the end of each bend			
balanced loading of the supports to enable uniform load distribution between both rods of the pair			
	ordor oodo		

APPL	LIED ELEMENTS	order code
M	ERKUR 2 50 - 500/50 - 100 tray	ARK-2×1
SZ	YM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010
PZ	MP 100 - 500 support	ARK-2×62
M	3 threaded rod	ARK-2×9021

(x) position indicating type of surface finish

positions indicating specific dimension عب

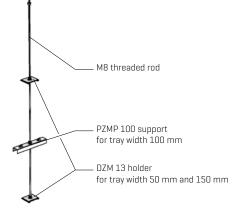
functional integrity according to temperature curve "P" in classification according to regulations:			STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
NKT		P 90-R	PS 90	E 90
Prakab	\$ 50 mm	P 90-R	PS 90	E 90
	\$100 mm	P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
Elkond HHK		-	-	-
NKT		-	-	-
Prakab	\$ 50 mm	P 90-R	PS 90	E 90
	\$100 mm	-	-	-
Elkond HHK		P 90-R	PS 90	E 90
	NK Prakab Elkond NK Prakab	NKT           Prakab	NKT         P 90-R           150 mm         P 90-R           100 mm         P 60-R           Elkond HHK         -           NKT         -           NKT         -           100 mm         P 90-R           100 mm         P 60-R           Elkond HHK         -           100 mm         -           100 mm         -	NKT         P 90-R         PS 90           Prakab         \$50 mm         P 90-R         PS 90           \$100 mm         P 60-R         PS 60           Elkond HHK         -         -           NKT         -         -           NKT         -         -           Prakab         \$50 mm         P 90-R         P 90-R           NKT         -         -         -           100 mm         P 90-R         P 90-R         P 90-R

cabling used in testing:	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
	NKT cables	high current	type NOPOVIC 1-CXKH-V FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		low current	not supplied by manufacturer
norm temperature	Prakab	high current	type PRAFlaDur 90 (N)HXH-J FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
curve "P"		low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
	Elkond HHK [SK]	high current	type 1-CXKH-V P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		low current	type SHXKFH-V180 Lg P90-R B2ca s1d1a1

# **MERKUR 2**

#### Spatial suspended installation **not normed** | on threaded rods Kithe Kithe Kithe GZ ŽΖ ROUTE CAPACITY "P" 7 kg high current sideboard size 50 mm low current 7 kg high current 7 kg sideboard size 100 mm low current 7 kg

used for spatial guiding of routes anchored to the ceiling. The threaded rod is fixed directly in the concrete ceiling with the aid of metallic dowels and the trays can be attached to it either by PZMP100 support or by holder DZM 13.



#### MOUNTING LIMITS

suitable only for M2 50 – 100/50 and M2 100/100 cable trays		
max. two storeys of trays with various combinations (holder/support) allowed		
maximum spacing of threaded rods	1 000 mm	
maximum load of one threaded rod	25 kg/m	
min. distance between the storeys in case of multiple installation of routes on one threaded rod	300 mm	
cables shall be attached by SONAP clamps at the beginning and at the end of each bend		

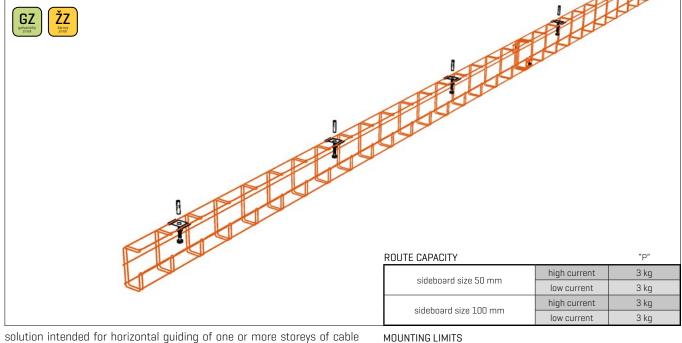
APPLIED ELEMENTS	order code
M2 50-150/50 tray	ARK-2×1
SZM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010
PZMP 100 support	ARK-2×6210
DZM 13 holder	ARK-2×4130
M8 threaded rod	ARK-2×9021

(x) position indicating type of surface finish upositions indicating specific dimension

functional integrity according to temperature curve "P" in classification according to regulations:			STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
	NKT	P 90-R	PS 90	E 90
high current	Prakab	P 90-R	PS 90	E 90
	Elkond HHK	P 15-R	PS 15	E 15
	NKT	-	-	-
low current	NKT Prakab	– P 60-R	- PS 60	– E 60
low current		- P 60-R P 90-R	- PS 60 PS 90	- E 60 E 90

	NKT cables	high current	type NOPOVIC 1-CXKH-V FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
	NKI Cables	low current	not supplied by manufacturer
norm temperature	Prakab	high current	type PRAFlaDur 90 (N)HXH-J FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
curve "P"	Ргакар	low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		high current	type 1-CXKH-V P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
	Elkond HHK [SK]	low current	type SHXKFH-V180 Lg P90-R B2ca s1d1a1

#### Wall installation LIGHT **not normed** | on DZM 12 holders



solution intended for horizontal guiding of one or more storeys of cable routes on vertical surfaces of the buildings. It is approved exclusively for the M2 50/50 cable tray and can be recommended as an economic solution for simple communication cable routes.

APPLIED ELEMENTS	order code
M2 50-100/100-G tray	ARK-2×13
SZM 1 coupling	ARK-2×3010
DZM 12 holder	ARK-2×4120

maximum spacing of supports

(x) position indicating type of surface finish

1 250 mm



functional integrity according to temperature curve "P" in classification according to regulations:			STN 92 0205:2012	DIN 4102-12:1998-11
	NKT	P 90-R	PS 90	E 90
high current	Prakab	P 90-R	PS 90	E 90
	Elkond HHK	P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
	NKT	-	-	_
low current	Prakab	P 60-R	PS 60	E 60
	Elkond HHK	P 90-R	PS 90	E 90
	· ·			

cabling used in testing:	manufacturer	cabling type	cabling used in testing
	NKT cables	high current	type NOPOVIC 1-CXKH-V FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		low current	not supplied by manufacturer
norm temperature curve "P"	Prakab Elkond HHK (SK)	high current	type PRAFlaDur 90 (N)HXH-J FE 180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		low current	type PRAFlaGuard F SSKFH-V180; P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		high current	type 1-CXKH-V P90-R, PS90, E90 B2ca s1d0a1
		low current	type SHXKFH-V180 Lg P90-R B2ca s1d1a1

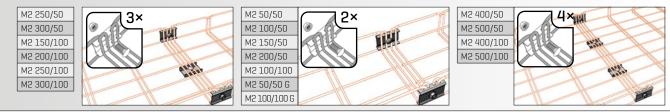
### Connecting cable trays with SZM 1 couplings



∃L

In order to maintain the declared values, it is necessary to use the correct number of couplings in positions according to the pictures.

The declared capacity values of the trays depend on prescribed implementation of connections. Otherwise, we do not guarantee the declared capacities.



#### Often disregarded connotations



The weakest element of an installation is decisive for the overall resistance of a cable route. That is why it should be kept in mind that even the sturdiest execution of a cable route with best craftsmanship can be jeopardized by poor cabling, inappropriate anchoring, designing the route through risky places and other aspects of the project and the implementation of the cable route.

#### Anchorage to the building

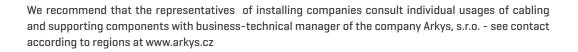


It is very important to pay enough attention to the right choice and execution of the anchorage of the bearing elements of cable tracks to the structures (e.g. by bolts with metal dowels). If needed, we are ready to suggest an appropriate method of anchoring the bearing components for the cable routes suitable for your planned implementation.

#### Supplementary installation elements for cable routes with functional integrity



For the cable routes with required fire resistant functional integrity it is necessary to use suitable installation components. During the installation of cable tracks within the Merkur 2 system it is possible to take the advantage of using installation box type 8117 PO16 (manufactured by Kopos Kolín), which have classification P 30-R. This type of boxes may be used with all wire mesh trays on high current routes. The boxes themselves are not classified for low current routes.



# SEISMIC QUALIFICATION MANUAL FOR EARTQUAKE RESISTANT CABLE ROUTES INSTALLATION



The development of modern industrial premises and urban communities progressively increases their complexity and intesified demands on technical equipment and user comfort. A significant technical development and new findings brought into everyday life enable us to meet these requirements. Moreover, there are increased demands on reliability and safe operation of technical facilities, including accidents or other extreme situations. The safety of employees, visitors or operators of industrial mechanisms and the environmental protection are the main principal issues.



In everyday situations, reliability is the main concern during fire, industrial explosion or natural disasters such as destructing impacts of water, wind or lightning. The impact of an earthquake on buildings and their parts is rather marginal in our country, yet, in certain buldings, it is taken into consideration and it is therefore important to test particular components with regard to this aspect.

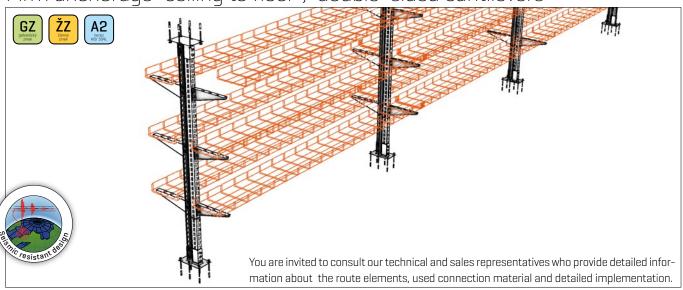
The requirements on functionality during emergency events are emphasized especially in nuclear and chemical facilities where the absolute safety and control of nuclear and chemical processes is obligatory to prevent negative effects on the environment.

Similar requirements on preserving the cable routes functionality have been lately connected to buildings where larger gathering of people occurs, for example skyscrapers, shopping malls, hotels, exhibition grounds, closed parkings, hospitals, and, notably, for complex tunnel constructions, e.g. subway lines.

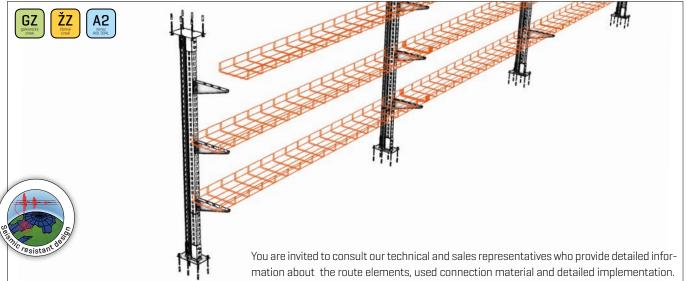
In order to meet these requirements and to extend the functional and application options of our M2 cable tray system, we have tested the trays for seismic qualification according to +CSN IEC 980: 1993 art.6, according to examination regulations "ZP-15-013.VOP.C.00" for nuclear power plant Temelin, the whole SO 800 bulding and for the nuclear power plant Dukovany, building SO 805/1 - level +31, and for the bulding SO 800 Dukovany.

Based on the results of the test, the M2 cable trays were approved for installation of cable routes where the functionality during an earthquake is required. A brief overview of installation types with certified ability to resist an earthquake is shown on following pages.

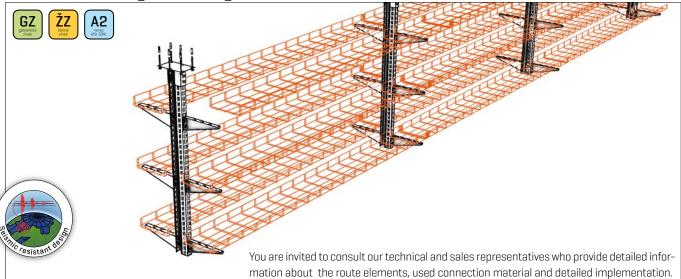
#### Firm anchorage "ceiling to floor", double-sided cantilevers



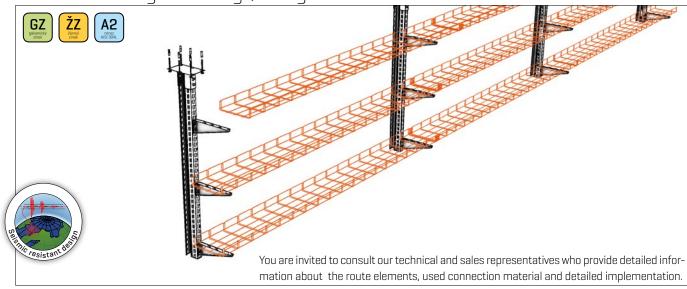
### Firm anchorage "ceiling to floor", single-sided cantilevers



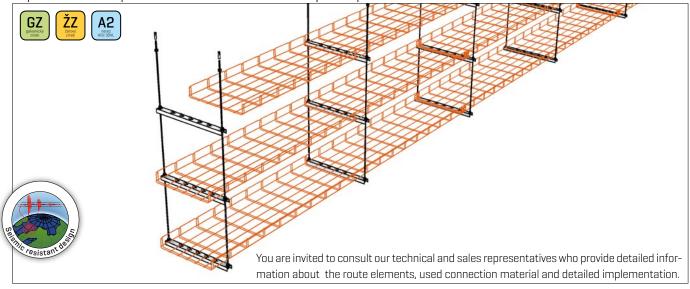
### Firm anchorage "ceiling", double-sided cantilevers



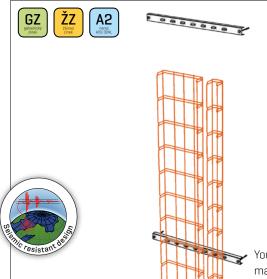
#### Firm anchorage "ceiling", single-sided cantilevers

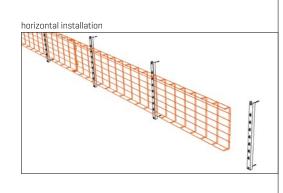


#### Spatial suspension installation | on pairs of thread rods



### Flat (vertical) installation | on PZMP supports



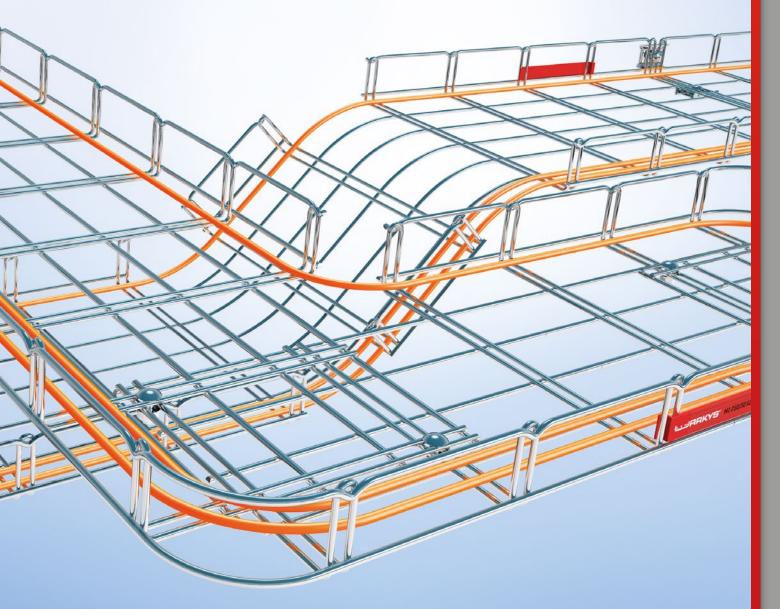


You are invited to consult our technical and sales representatives who provide detailed information about the route elements, used connection material and detailed implementation. MERKUR 2 earthquake test protocol

s certifikovanj	nský technický ústav, s.p. m systémem jakosti dle ČSN EN ISO 9001	Číslo úkolu/ zakázky: 15-19-2-93-3201 Číslo protokolu: 194200-150/2015
akred	ušeni techniky– zkušebni laboratoř č.1103 itovaná ČIA dle ČSN EN ISO/IEC 17025 ŠEBNA SPECIÁLNÍCH MĚŘENÍ	Výtisk číslo: ∦ Počet listů: 25 Počet příloh: -
PF	ROTOKOL O ZKOUŠCE	
SE	ZMICKÉ ZPŮSOBILOSTI	
Jméno a adresa zadavatele (zákaz	nika):	
ARKYS, s.r.o., Podstránská 1, 627 0	0 Brno, Česká republika	
ldentifikace zkoušených předmětů	: Kabelové nosné systémy MERKUR 2	
Výrobní číslo:	přesná identifikace viz 2–10. strana protok	
Výrobce:	ARKYS, s.r.o., Podstránská 1, 627 00 Brn	o. Česká republika
Technická dokumentace:	1	
Datum přijetí do zkoušky:	Metoda zkoušeni: ČSN IEC 980: 1993, čl	. 6
13.04.2015		
08.07.2015		
Datum a misto provedení zkoušky:	Vedoucí zkoušky: Ing. Jiři Lenikus Ar (lata:	
16., 17., 27., 28.04.2015	ing. Jin Lenikus / ph (Coucos	
8., 9. a 10.07.2015	Zkoušku provedl: A Mala	
Zkušebna speciálních měření	Ing. Jiří Lenikus	
Datum vydání protokolu:	Kontroloval a schválil vedoucí zkušebn	A NAD LINA
31.08,2015	Ing Ivan STUCHAL	
Výsledky zkoušky:		
Zkoušený předmět byl podroben zko	ušce seizmické způsobilosti.	
Výsledky zkoušek jsou uvedeny v pr	staliali	
,,	i je součinom standardní nejistoty měření a	kaafininntu vantiifan
	ovídá pravděpodobnosti pokryti asi 95 %.	A KOENCIENIQ TOZSITENI
ADRESA: Vojenský technický úsl odštěpný závod VTÚF ÚZT – ZL č.1103 Víta Nejedlého 691 682 01 VYŠKOV	V	
Telefon: 517 303 623		

# SHAPING MANUAL FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF SHAPED ELEMENTS OF ROUTES

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SHAPING

#### SHAPING IN GENERAL

general information and instructions

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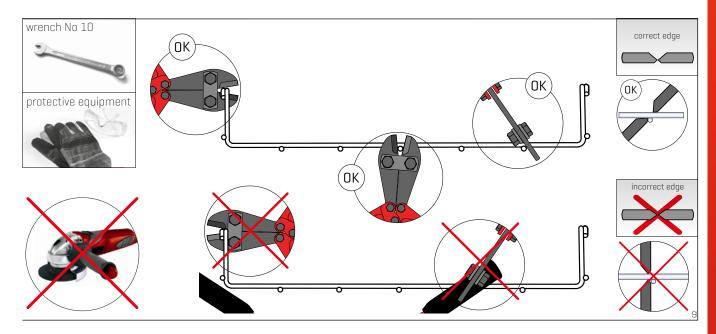
#### **SPATIAL SHAPING**

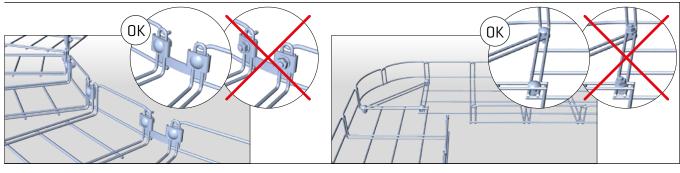
height of side wall 50 mmp. 95height of side wall 100 mmp. 95

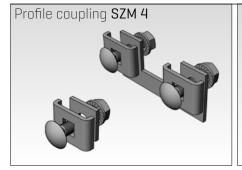
#### **CONNECTING TRACKS**

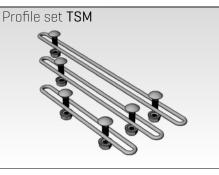
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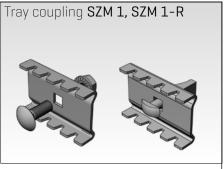
shaping

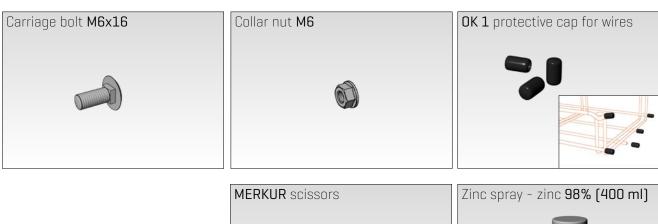








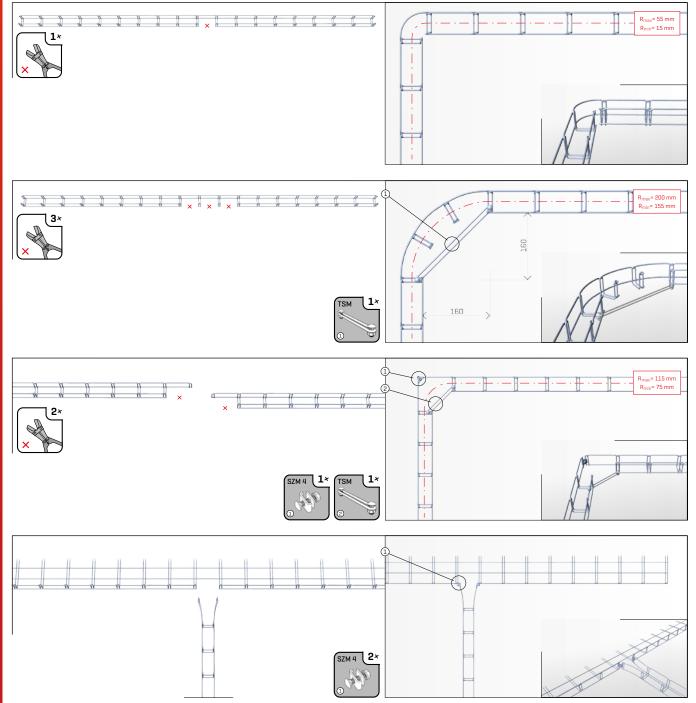


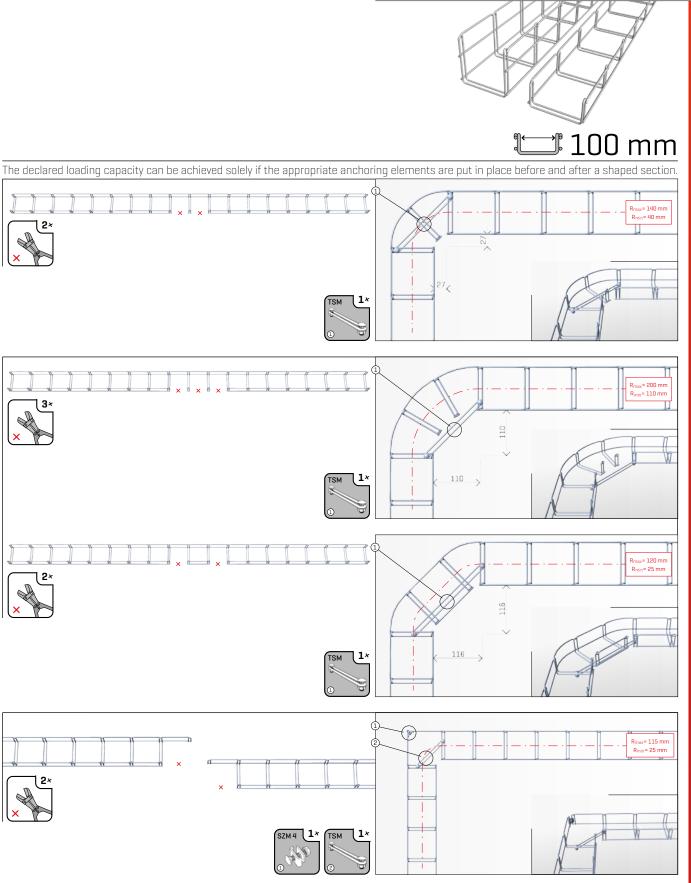






### 😂 50 mm



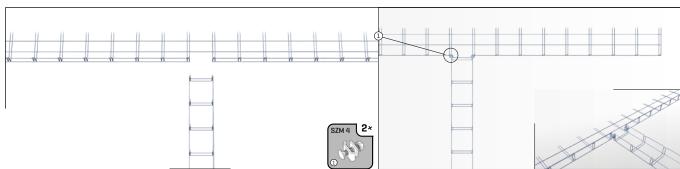


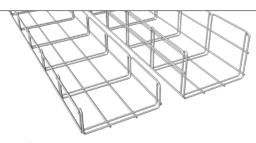
2×

43

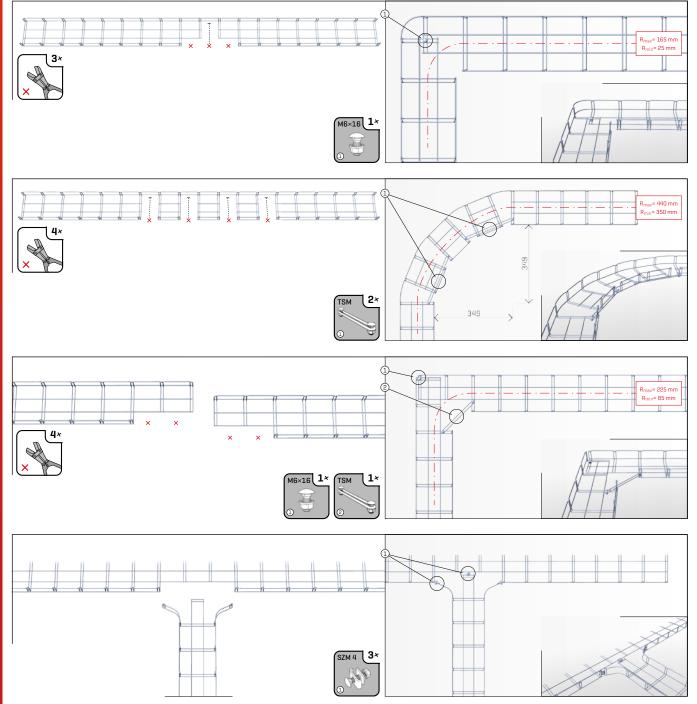
2×

2×

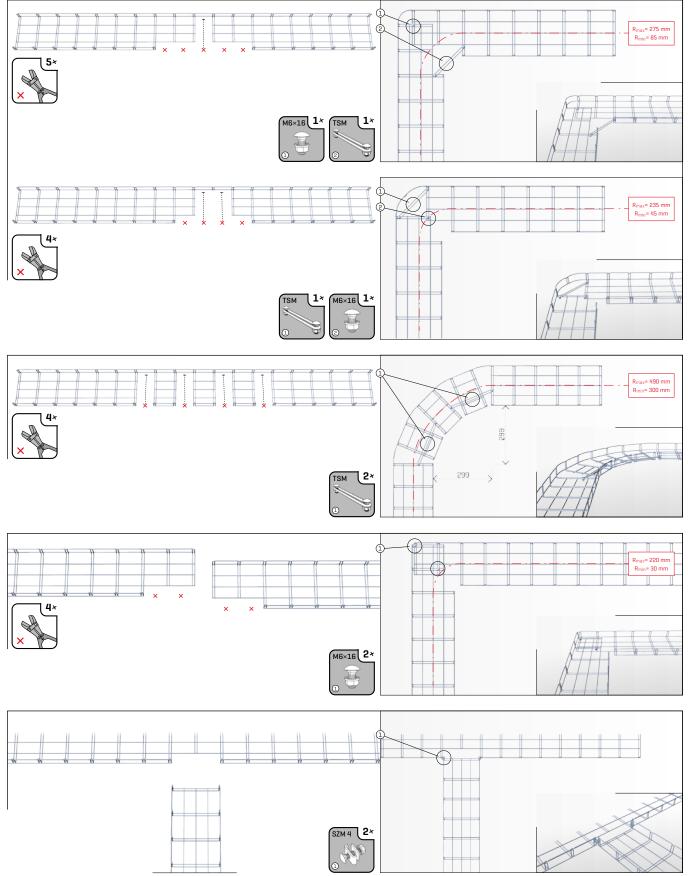


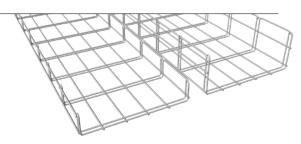


### 150 mm

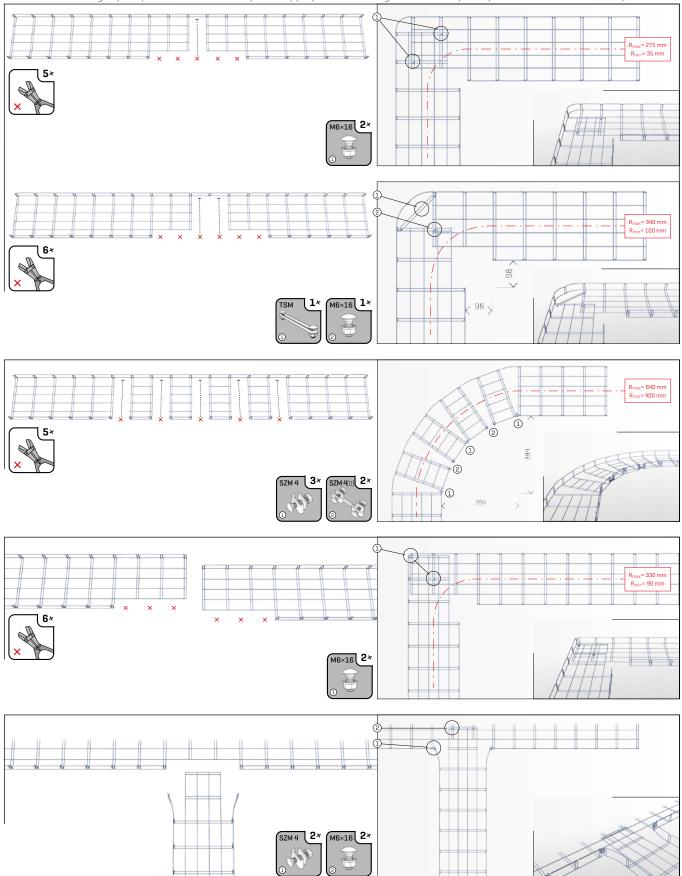


### 😂 200 mm



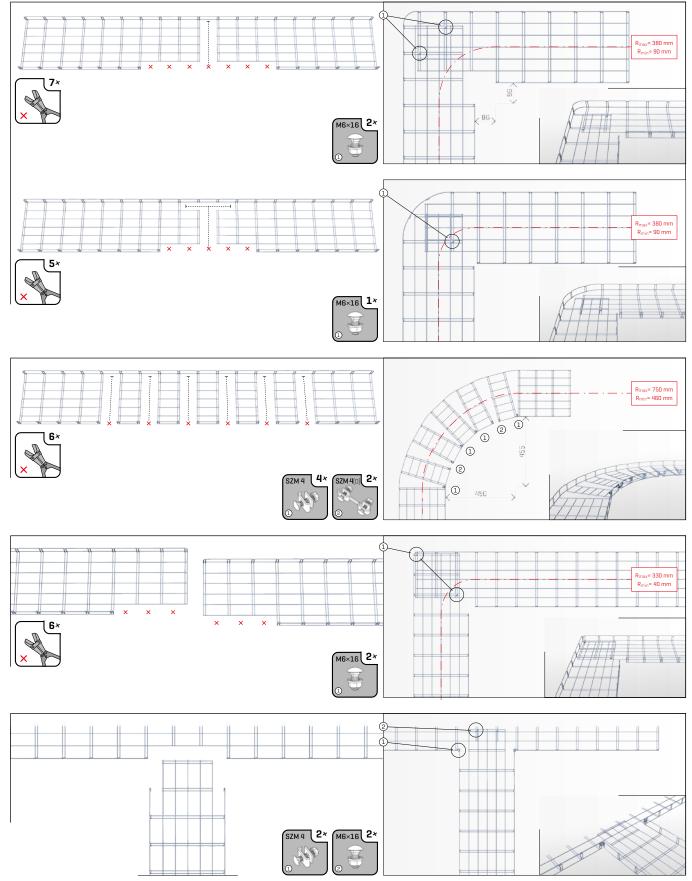


### 1<u>250 mm</u>

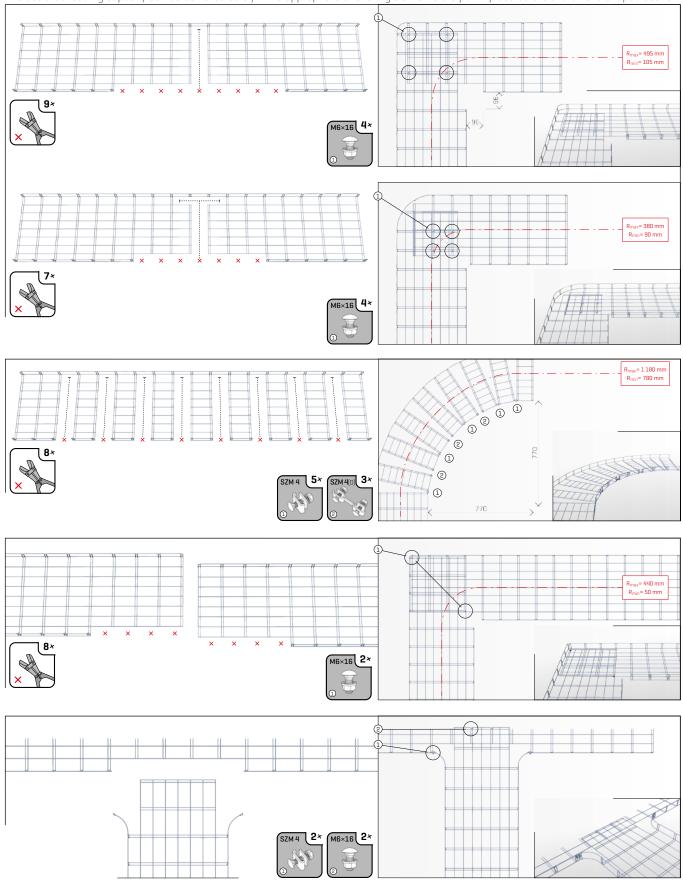


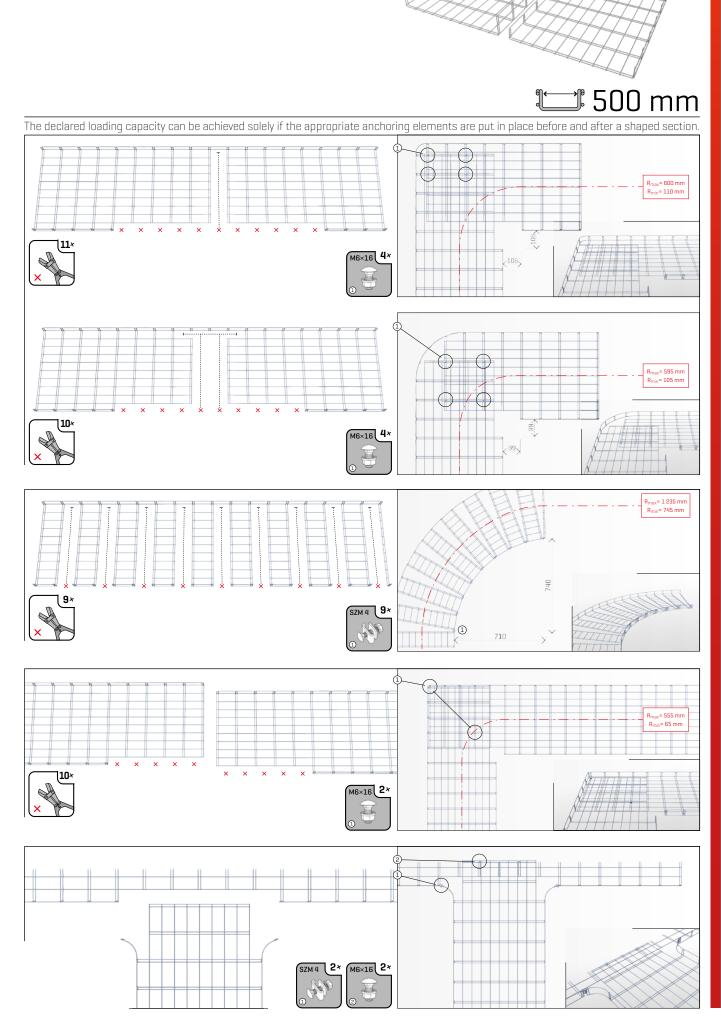
shaping

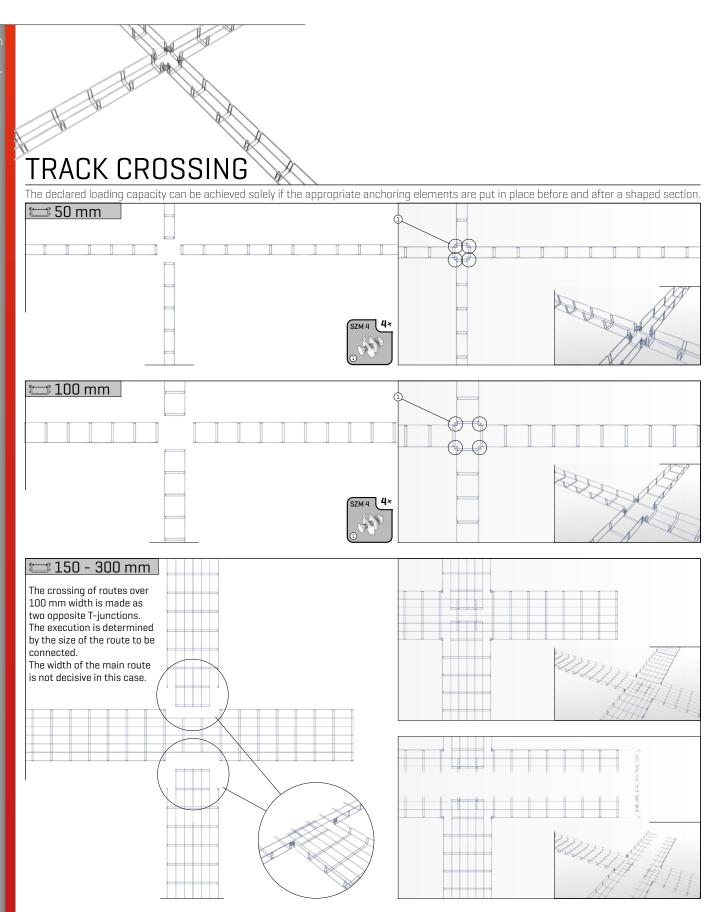
### 100 mm



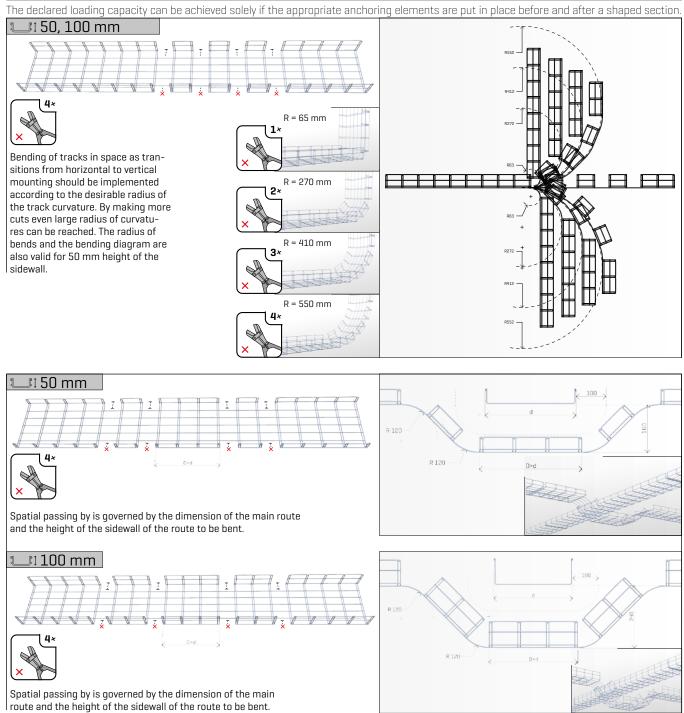
### 📛 400 mm



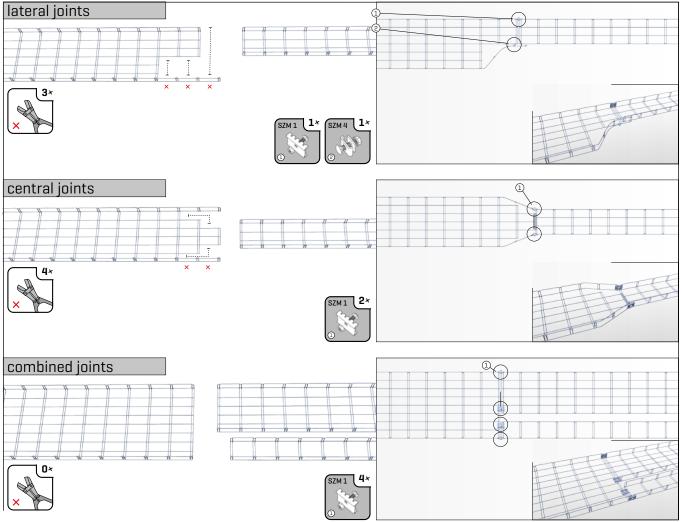




### SPATIAL SHAPING



### JOINING OF TRACKS



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Key for reading the product codes



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TES


# MERKUR 2 CABLE ROUTES CONFIGURATOR

Smart tool for preparation and realization of cable routes

Helps to plan the route Suggests many different types of route installation Creates the list of necessary components Sends the pricing request

Unfortunately, the installation process is in your hands :-]

Find M2 configurator app on www.merkur2.cz



# CABLE ROUTES SIMPLE AND EASY

#### with new MERKUR 2 CABLE ROUTES CONFIGURATOR web application

The M2 cable routes configurator enables you to plan your cable routes in much faster and simpler way comparing to standard routine. The configurator helps you to gather the data for a price quote, to create the list of all components indispensable for the installation, to select the right combination of cable trays and installation mode. M2 configurator app is on www.merkur2.cz

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